

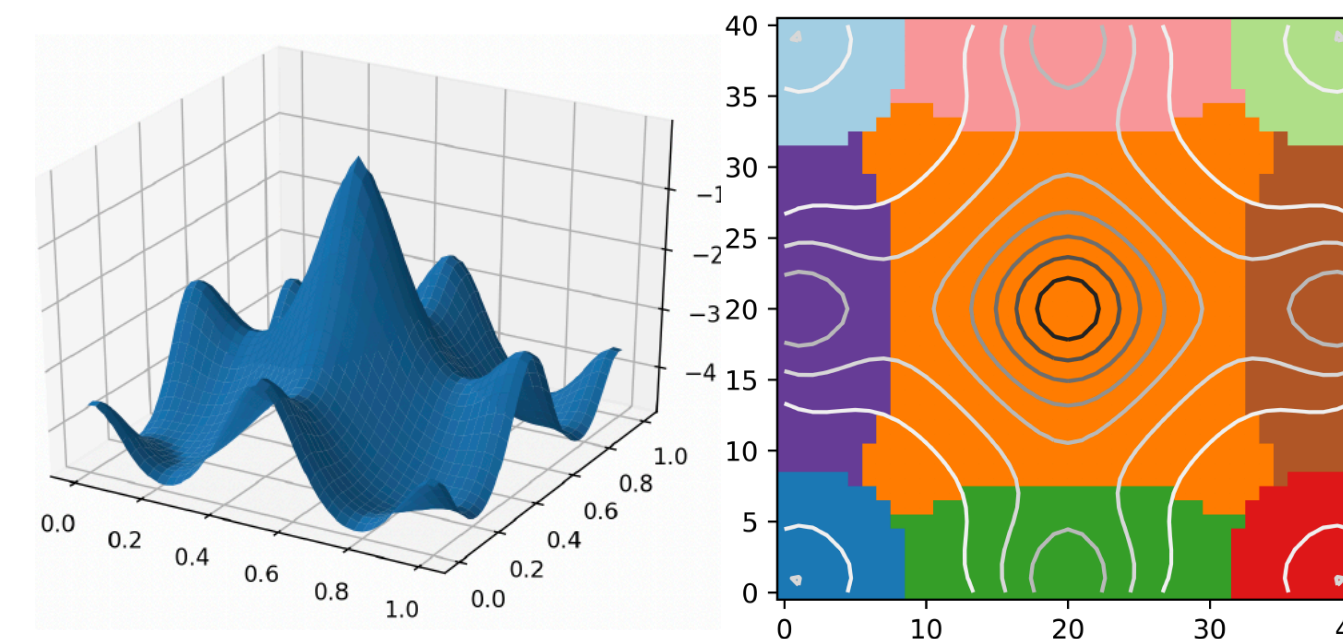
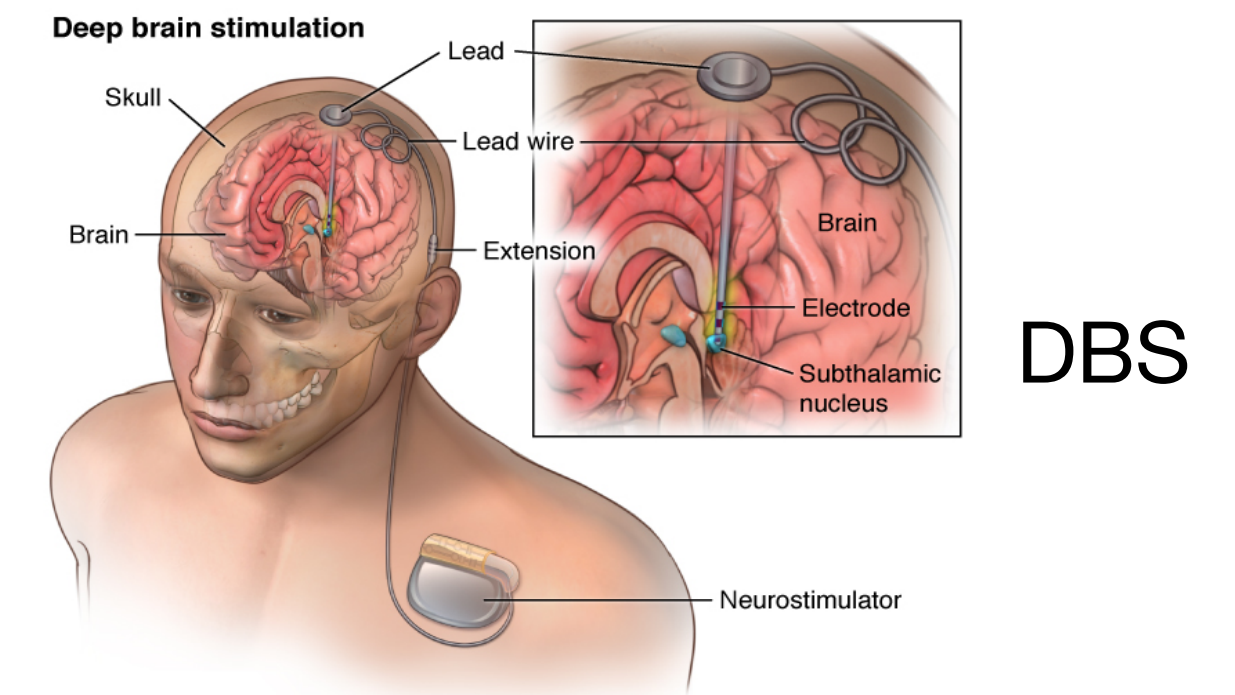
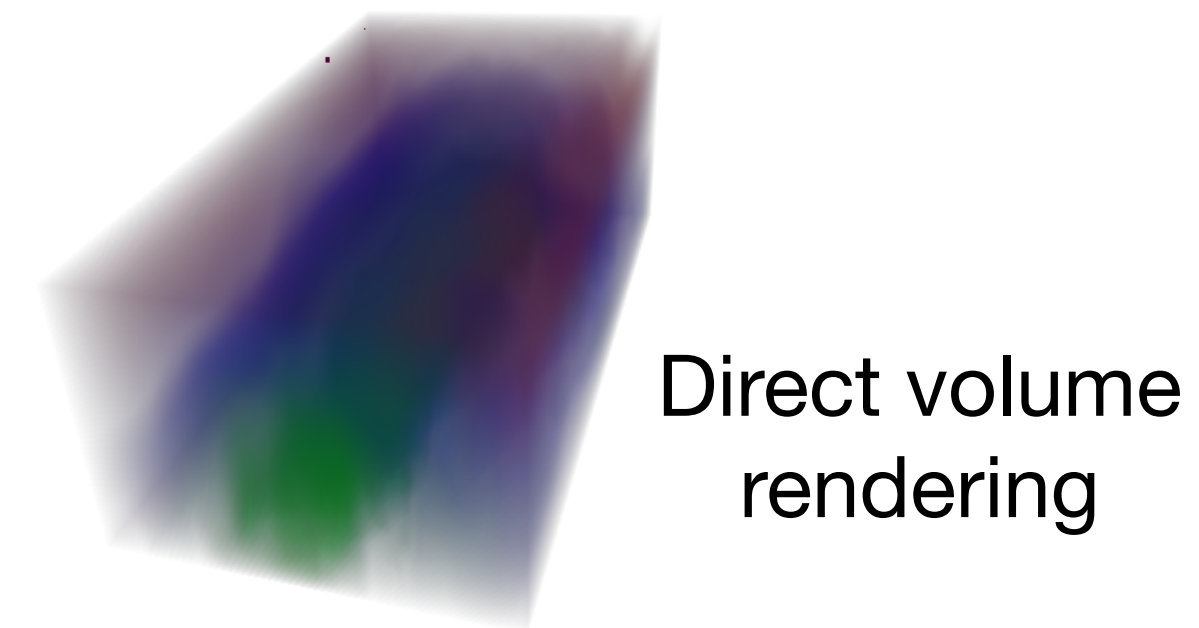
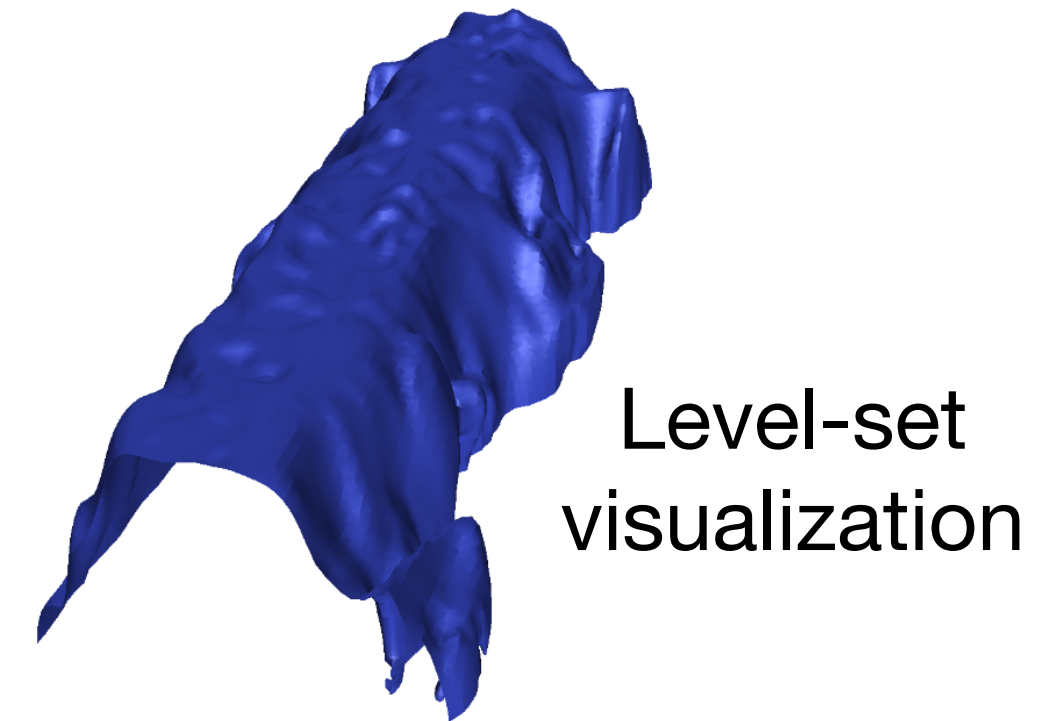
# Statistical Analysis for Uncertainty Quantification and Visualization of Scientific Data

Tushar Athawale,  
Scientific Computing & Imaging (SCI) Institute, University of Utah

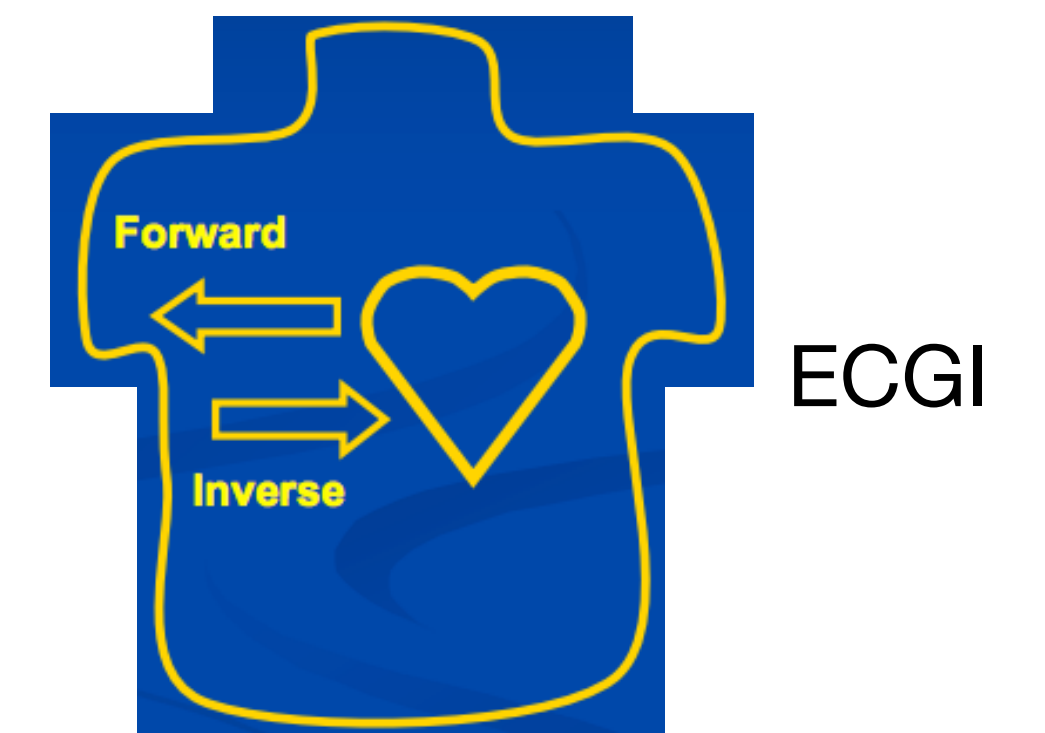
Advisor: Dr. Chris R. Johnson

# Outline

- Need for uncertainty visualization
- Uncertainty visualization for level sets
  - Marching squares/cubes algorithm in uncertain data, e.g., ensemble simulations
- Other applications of uncertainty visualization
  - Morse complex visualizations for ensembles
  - Direct volume rendering using ray casting
  - Deep brain stimulation (DBS) imaging
  - Electrocardiographic Imaging (ECGI)
- Conclusion and future work



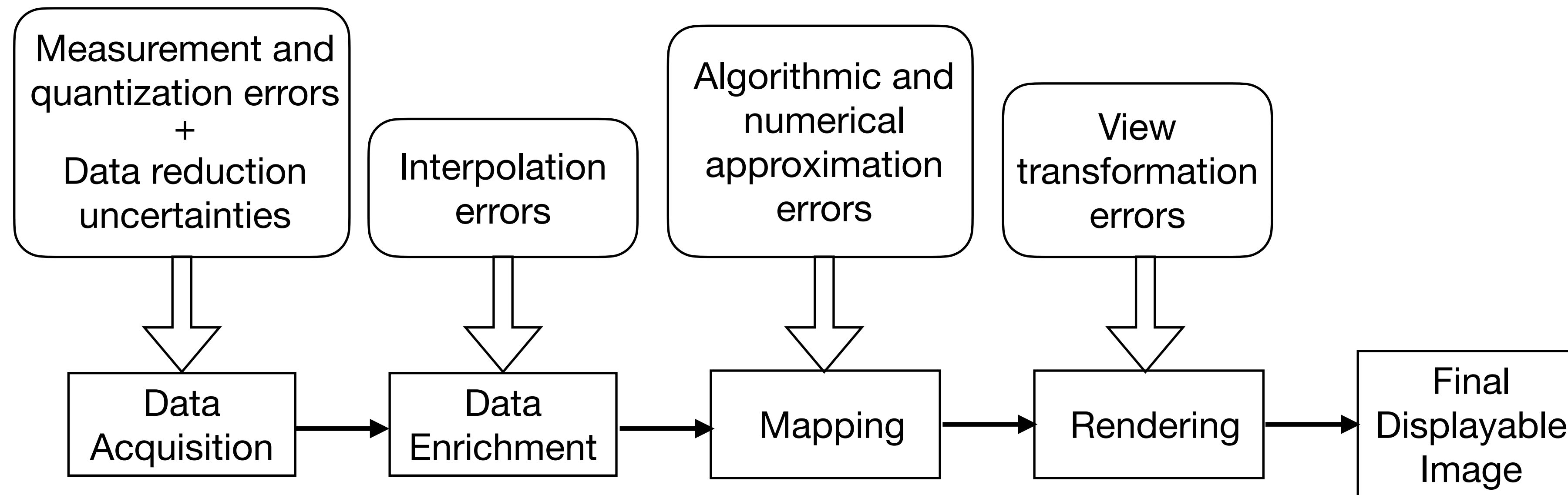
Morse complex visualization



# Why Visualize Uncertainty?

[Johnson and Sanderson, 2004]

Minimize risks associated with scientific decisions

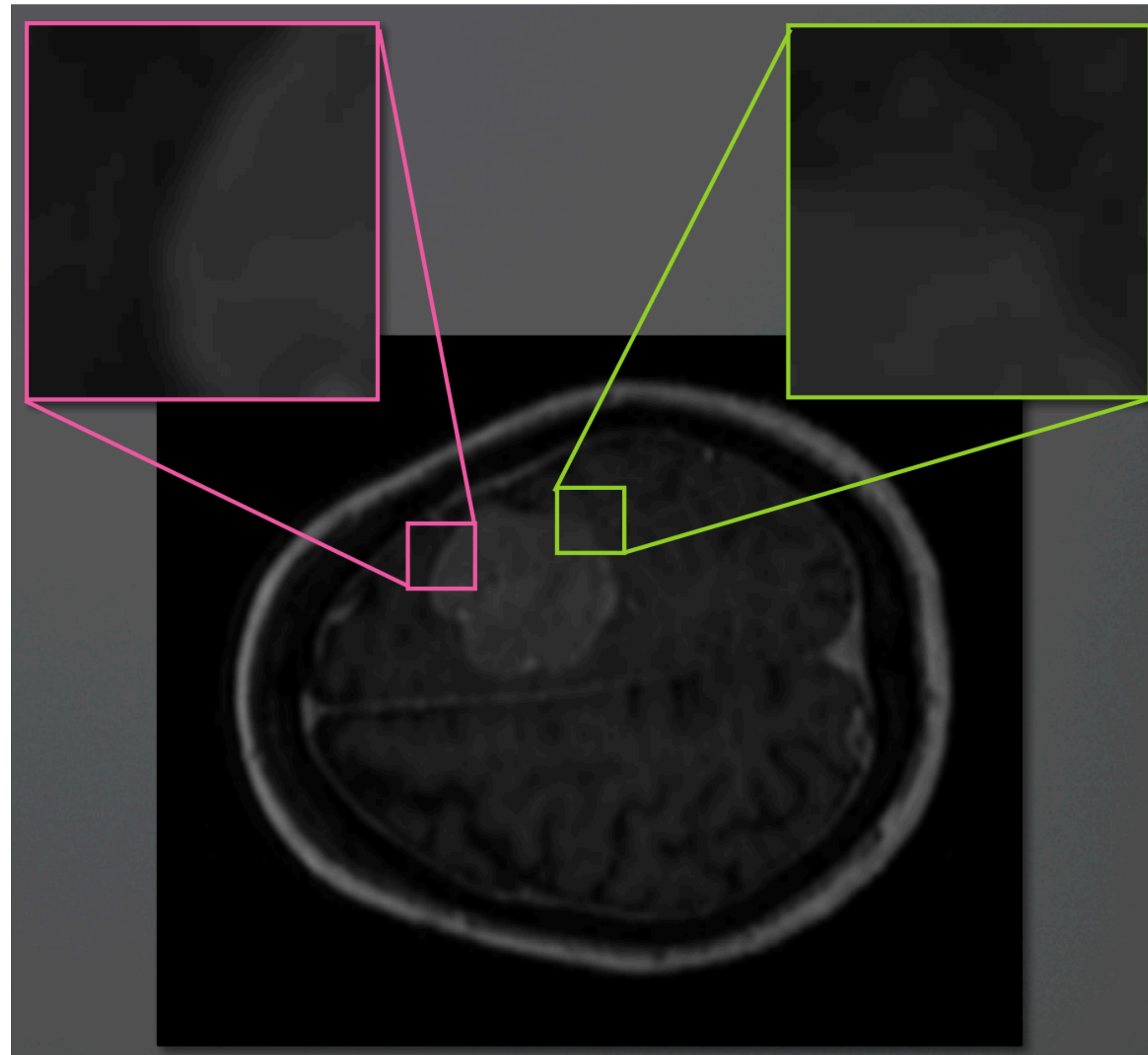


**The Visualization Pipeline**

[Brodie et al., 2012]

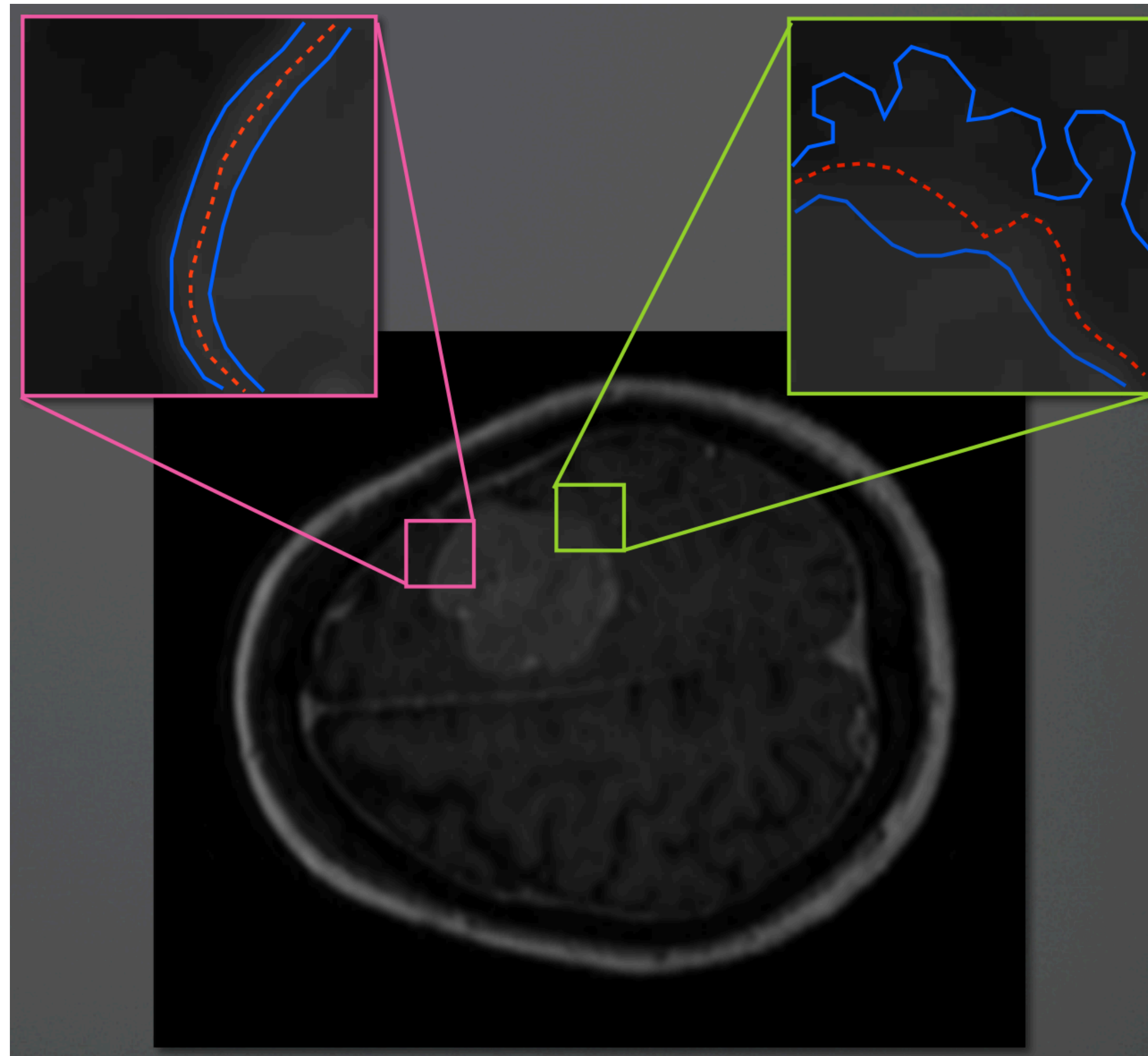
# Why Visualize Uncertainty?

Can you identify a tumor boundary?



# Why Visualize Uncertainty?

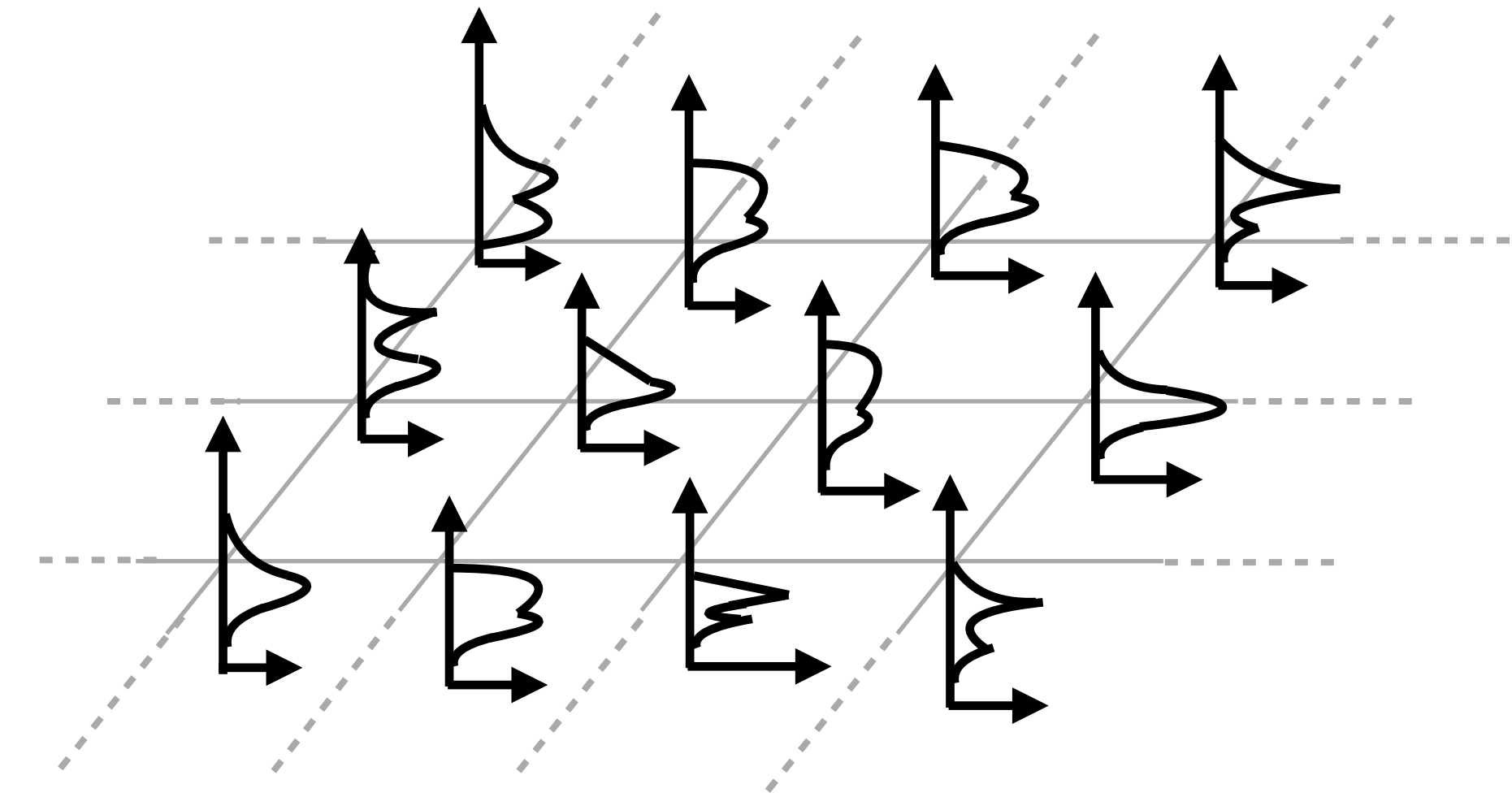
Can you identify a tumor boundary?



# Data Reduction and Distributions

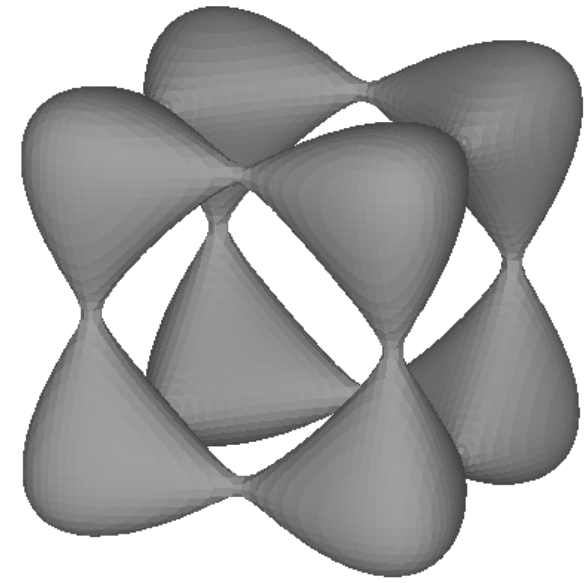
**Distributions:** Hixel representation/ in-situ statistical summaries for large-scale data [Thompson et al., 2011, Lehmann and Jung, 2014, Hazarika et al., 2018]

**Ensemble Data:** Multiple simulations for PDE solutions (Store min/max, Approximate distributions from samples)



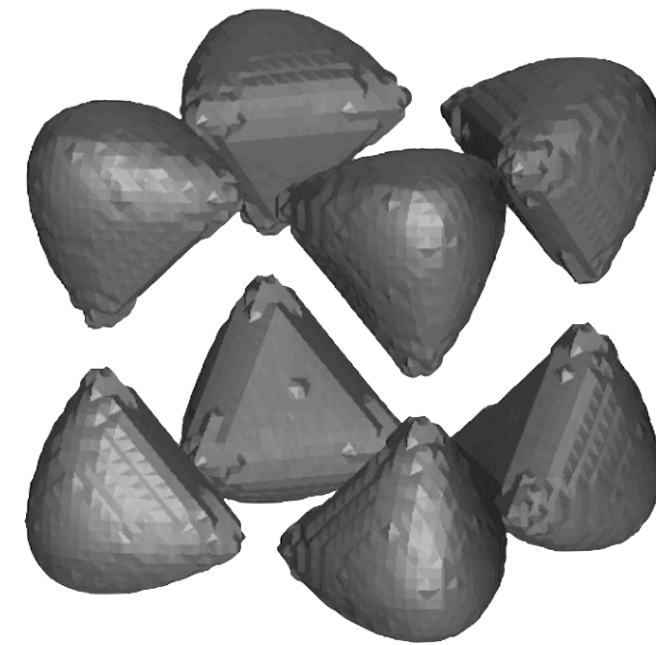
Hixel representation: Storing a histogram/probability distribution at each vertex of a scalar grid

# Data Reduction and Distributions



Ground truth

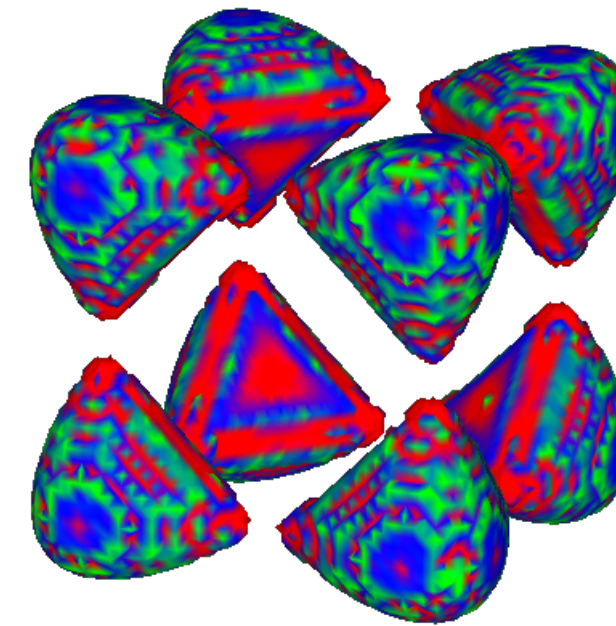
Memory consumption =  $100 \cdot X$



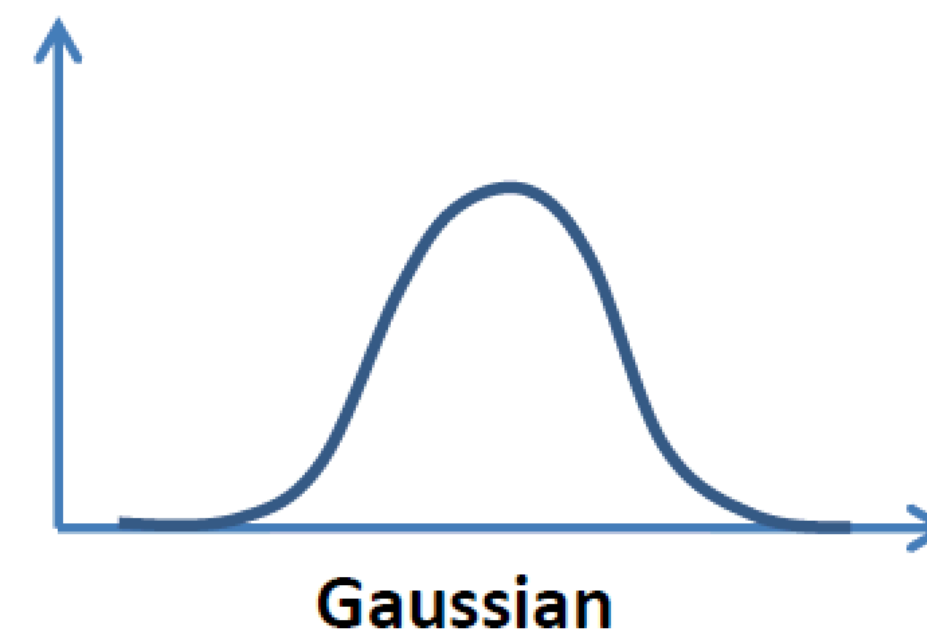
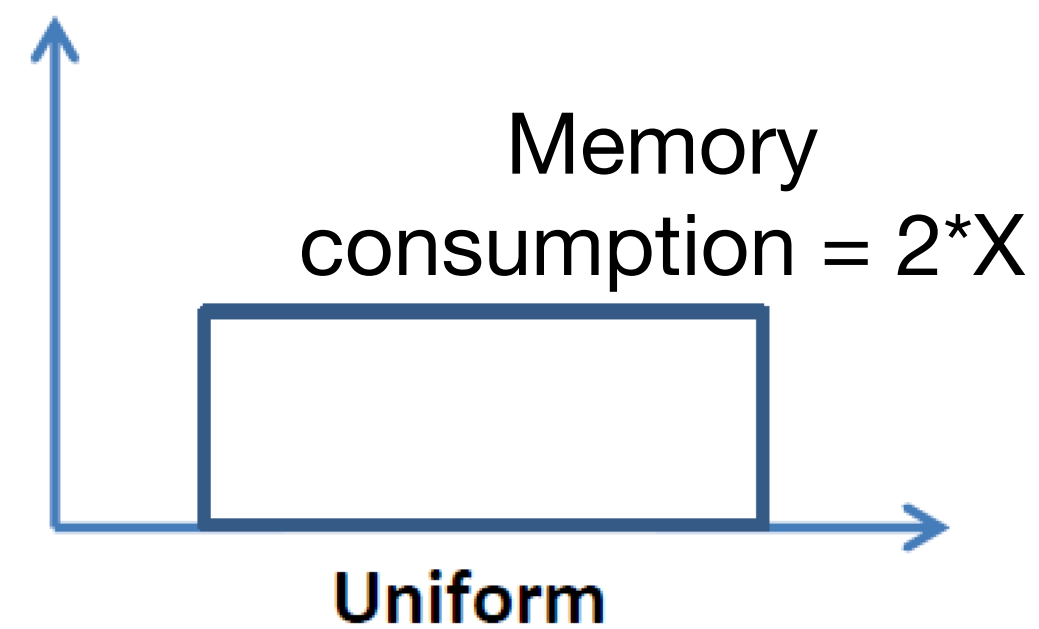
Mean

Memory consumption =  $X$

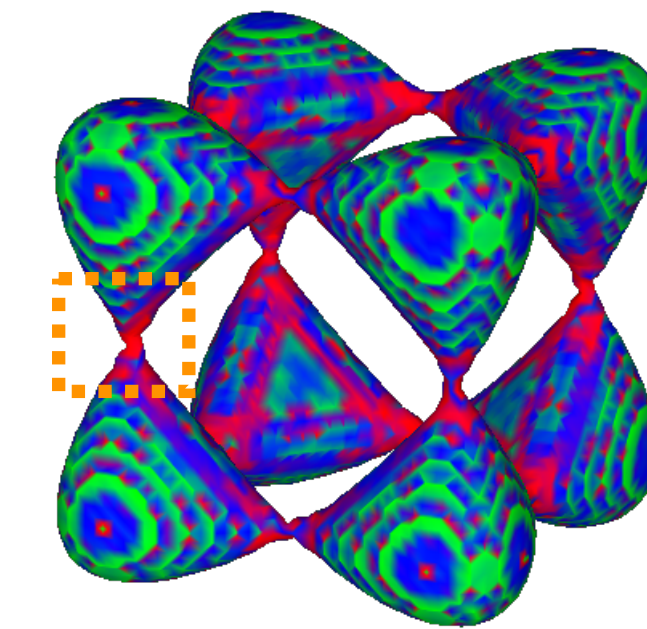
Brick size = 100



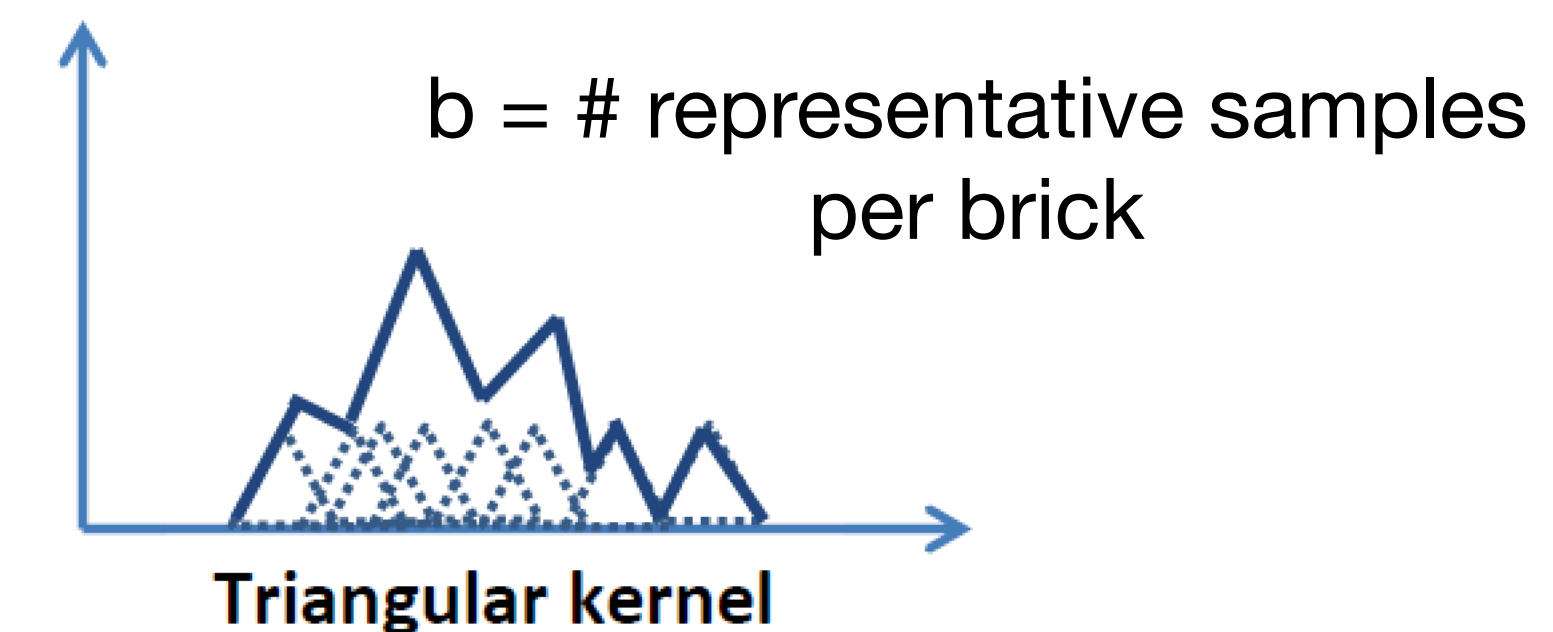
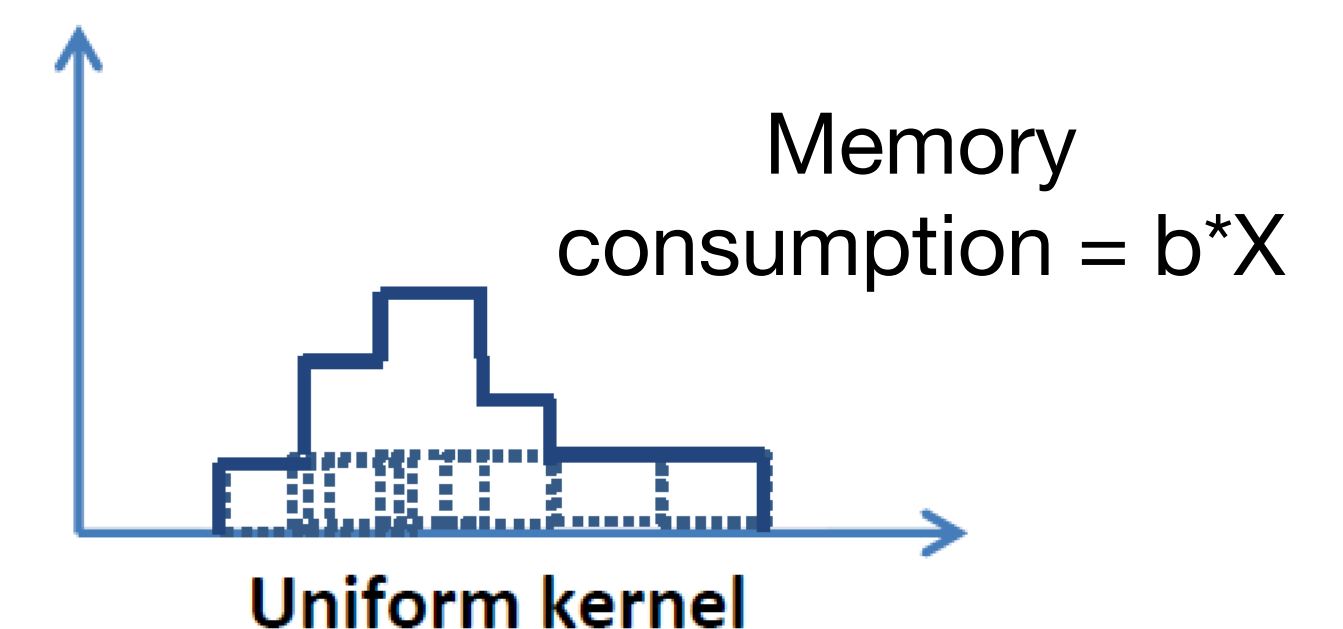
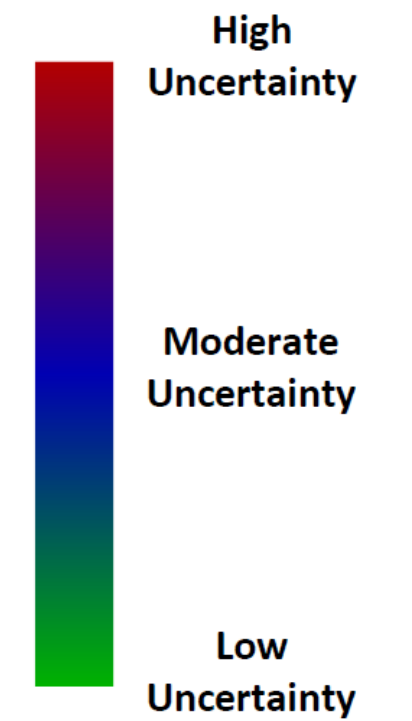
Parametric



[Athawale et al., 2016]

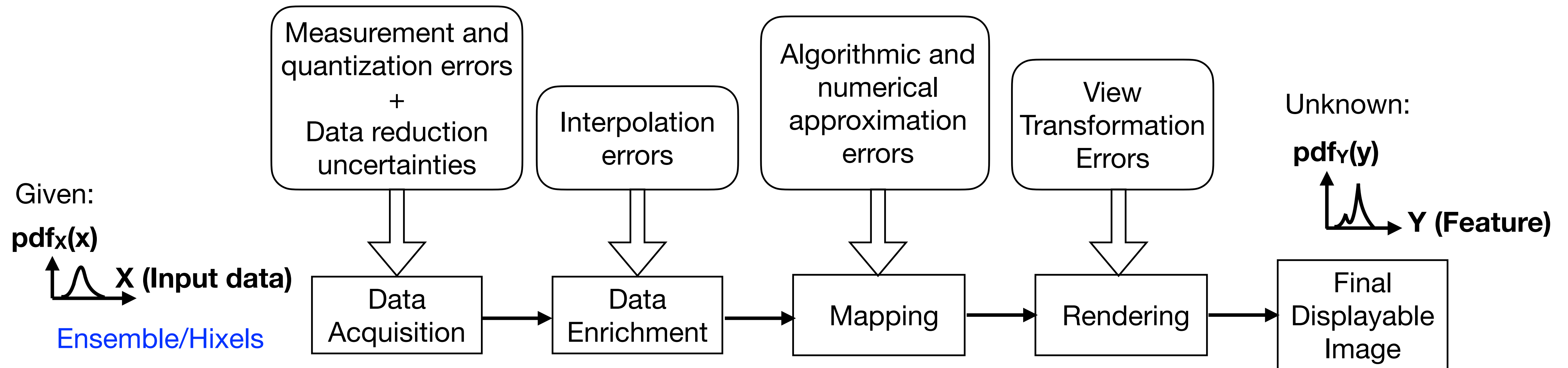


Nonparametric



# Uncertainty Quantification (Abstract Statistical Approach)

Monte Carlo (easy but expensive) vs. Analytical (difficult but fast)

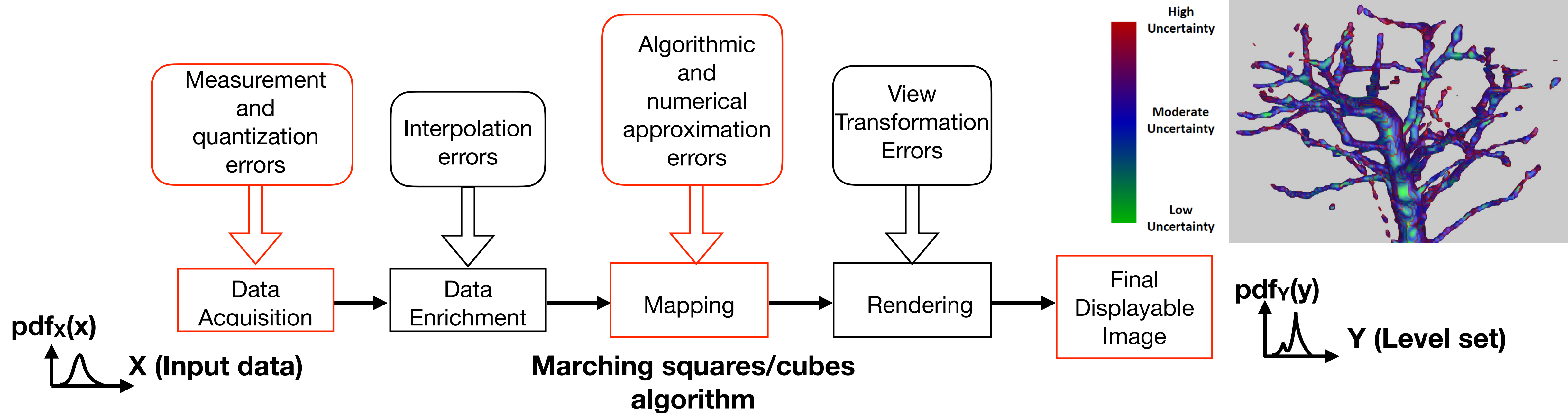


The Visualization Pipeline

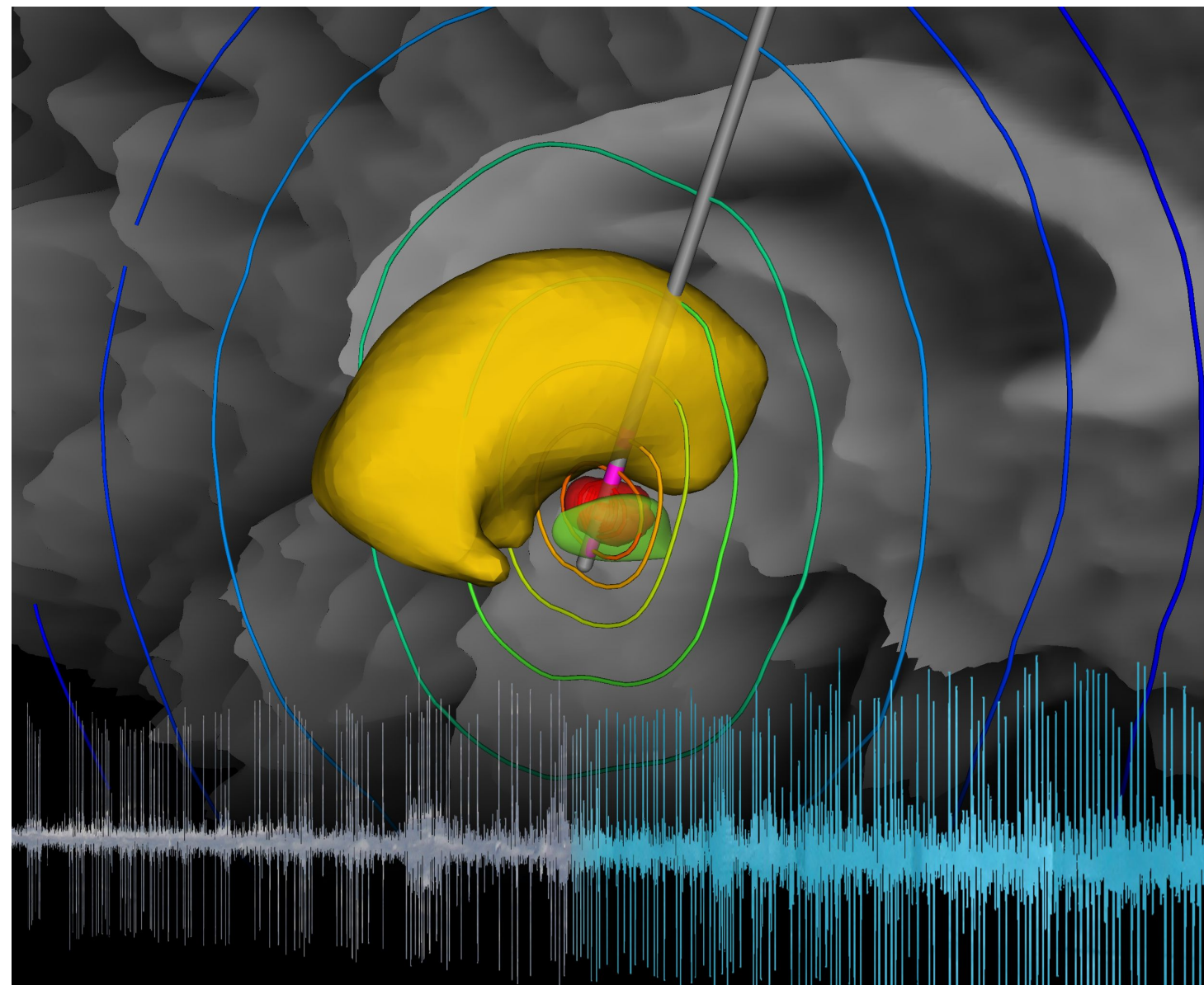


# Level-Set Extraction in Uncertain Data

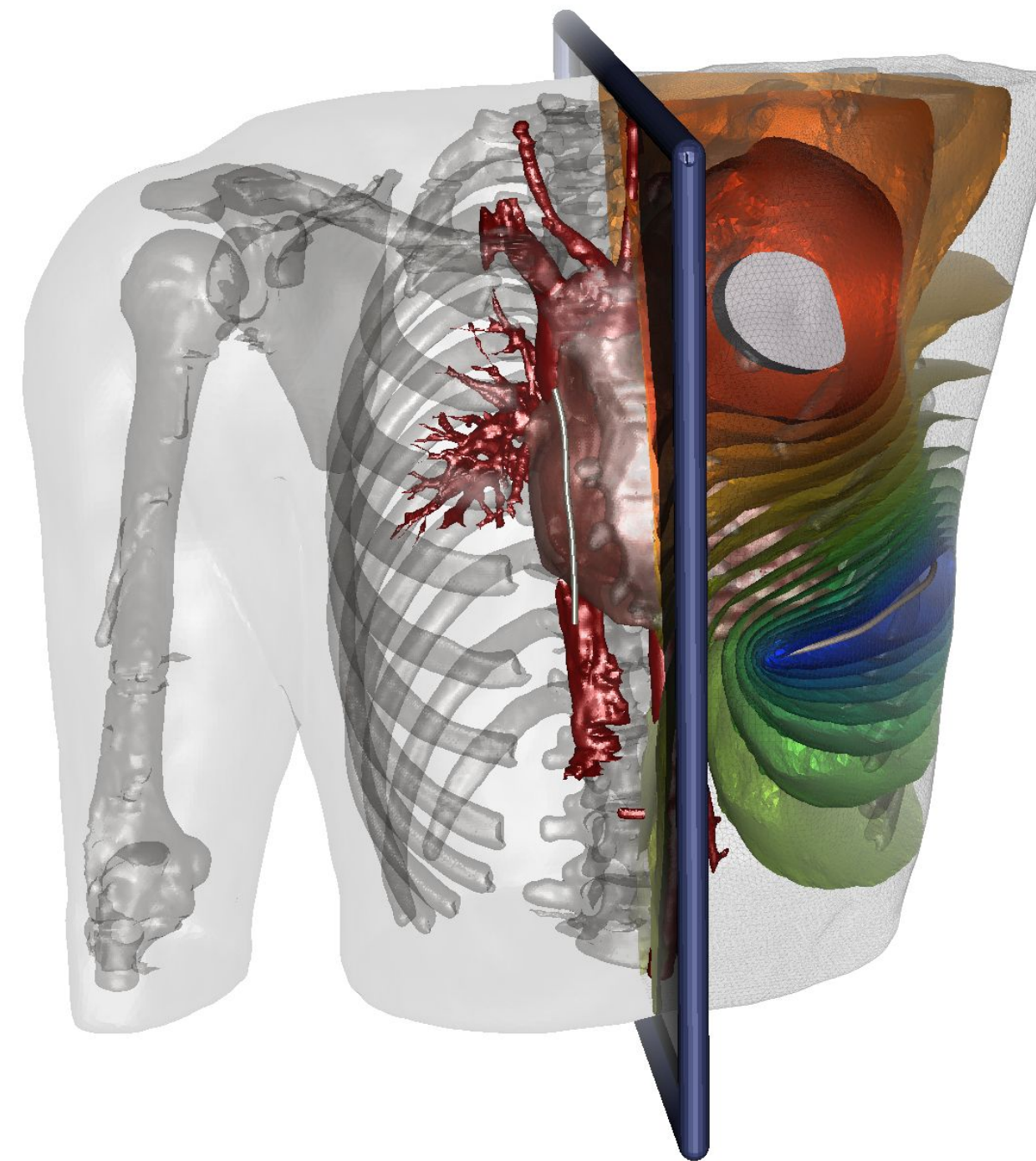
- Level sets and data uncertainty
- Marching squares/cubes algorithm in certain vs. uncertain data (**our contribution!**)
- Results



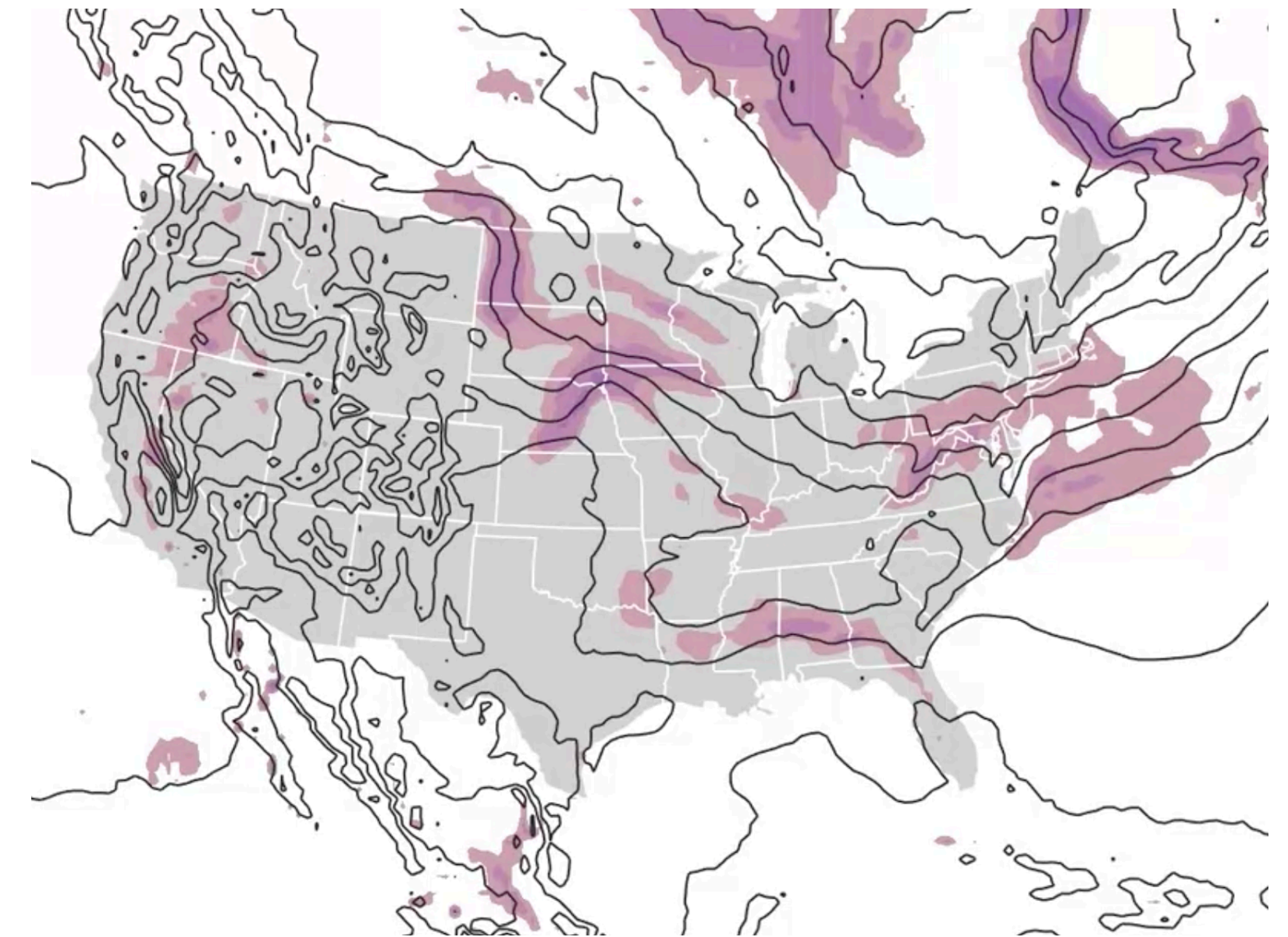
# Level-Set Visualization



Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)



Bioelectric-field Simulation

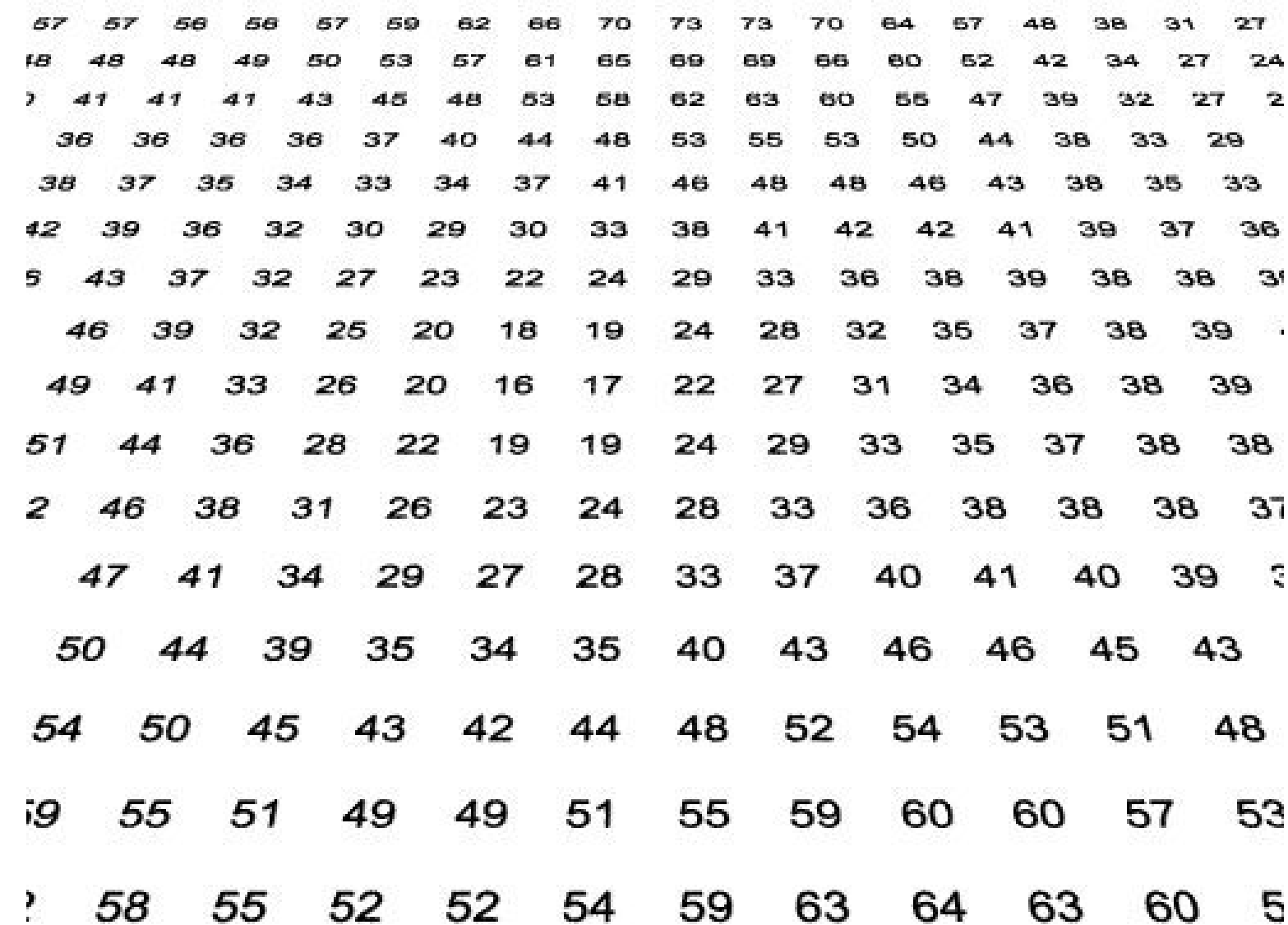


Temperature Field

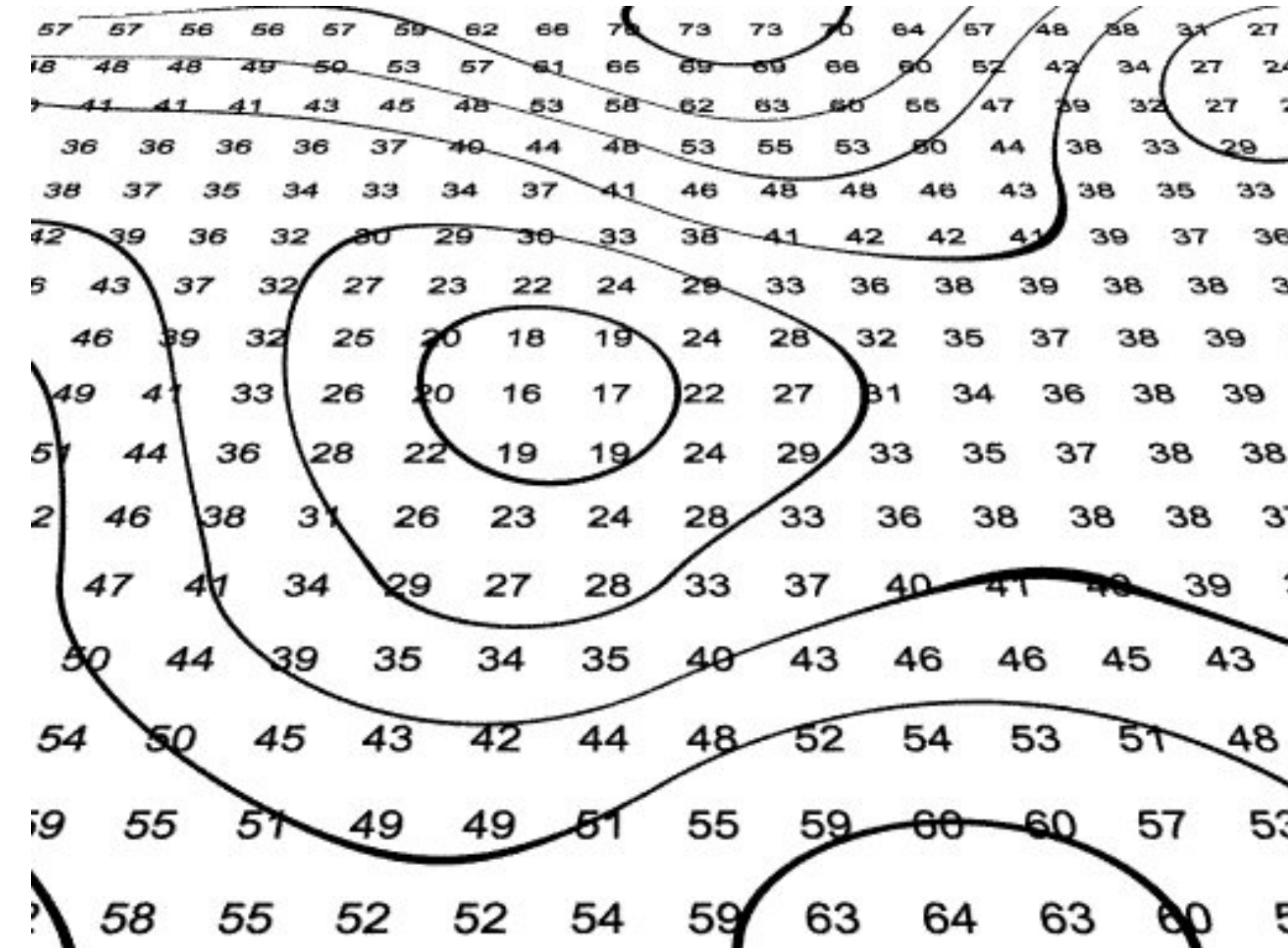
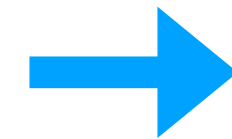
# Level-Set Extraction

The inverse problem: The level-set  $S$  corresponding to the isovalue  $k$  is given by:

$$S = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid f(x) = k\}, \text{ where } f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$



Input: Scalar Field



Output: Level-Sets Visualization

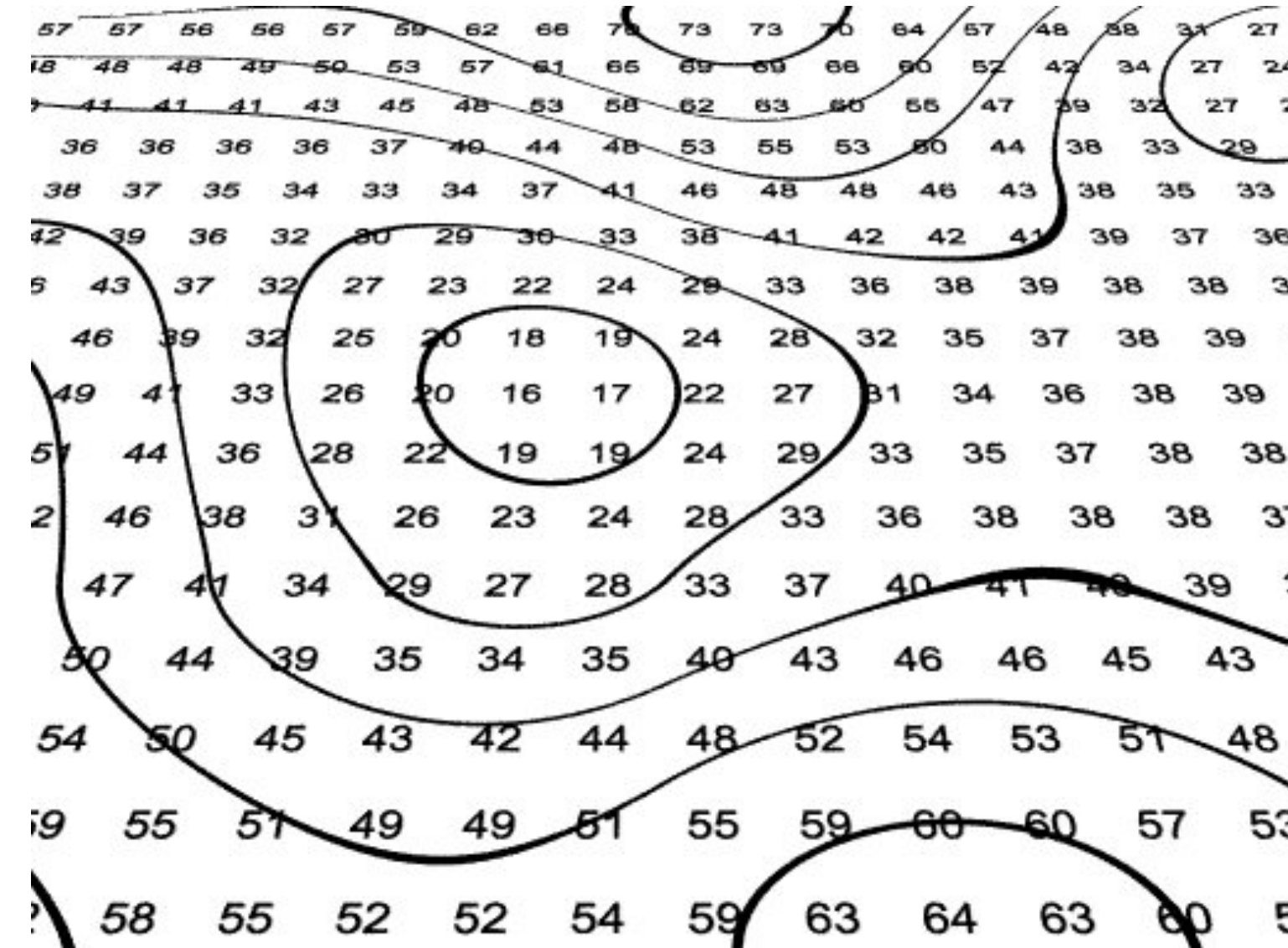
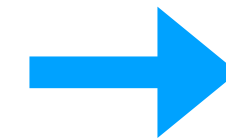
# Level-Set Extraction in Uncertain Data

**Research Question:** Analysis of topological and geometric variations in level sets for uncertain scalar field

```

57 57 56 56 57 59 62 66 70 73 73 70 64 57 48 38 31 27
18 48 48 49 50 53 57 61 65 69 69 66 60 52 42 34 27 24
7 41 41 41 43 45 48 53 58 62 63 60 55 47 39 32 27 2
36 36 36 36 37 40 44 48 53 55 53 50 44 38 33 29
38 37 35 34 33 34 37 41 46 48 48 46 43 38 35 33
42 39 36 32 30 29 30 33 38 41 42 42 41 39 37 36
5 43 37 32 27 23 22 24 29 33 36 38 39 38 38 3
46 39 32 25 20 18 19 24 28 32 35 37 38 39
49 41 33 26 20 16 17 22 27 31 34 36 38 39
51 44 36 28 22 19 19 24 29 33 35 37 38 38
2 46 38 31 26 23 24 28 33 36 38 38 38 37
47 41 34 29 27 28 33 37 40 41 40 39 3
50 44 39 35 34 35 40 43 46 46 45 43
54 50 45 43 42 44 48 52 54 53 51 48
19 55 51 49 49 51 55 59 60 60 57 53
2 58 55 52 52 54 59 63 64 63 60 5
  
```

Input: Noisy Scalar Field

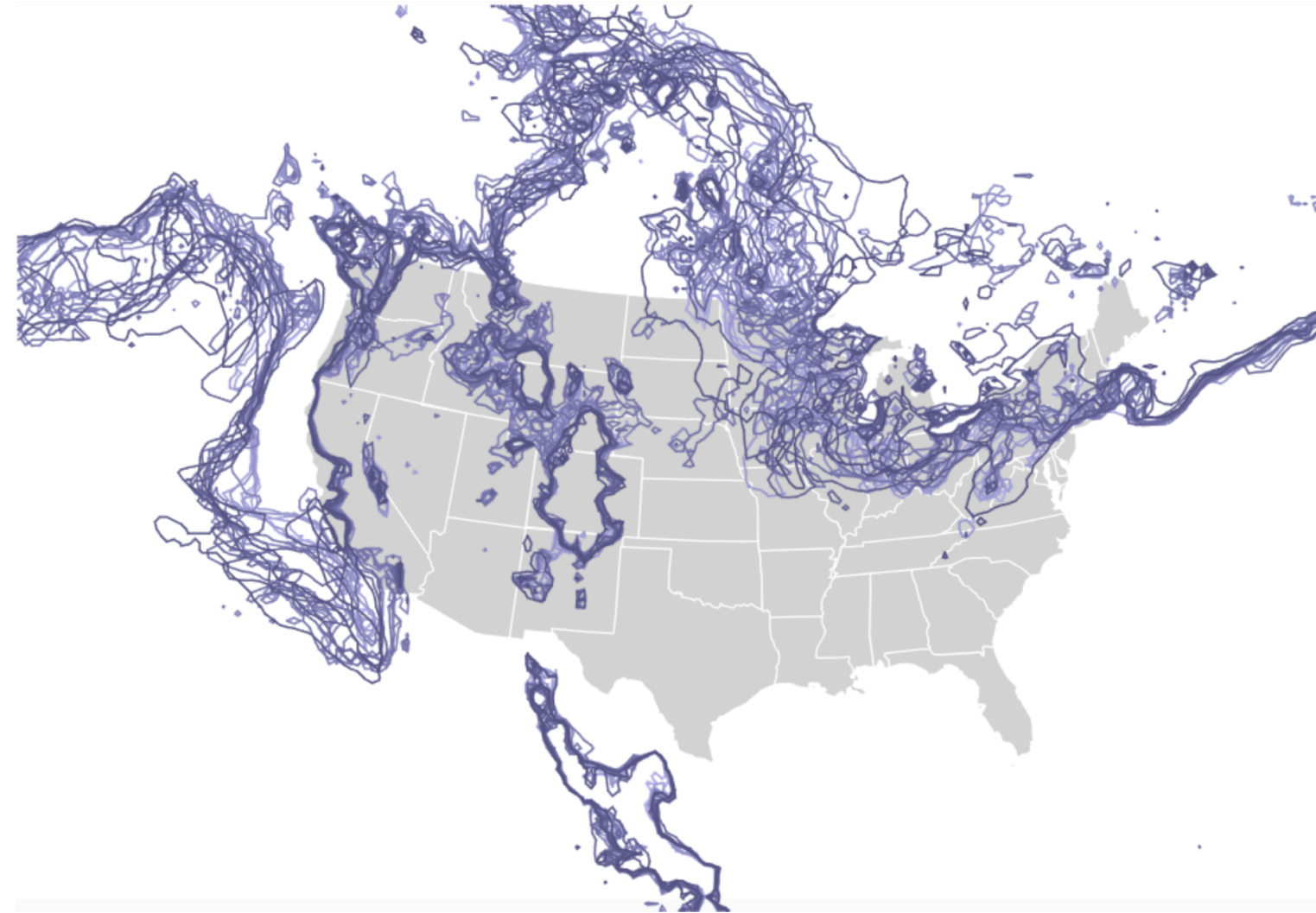


Output: Level-Sets Visualization  
May not represent the true level sets!

# Visualization of Level-Sets in Uncertain Data

## Spaghetti plots

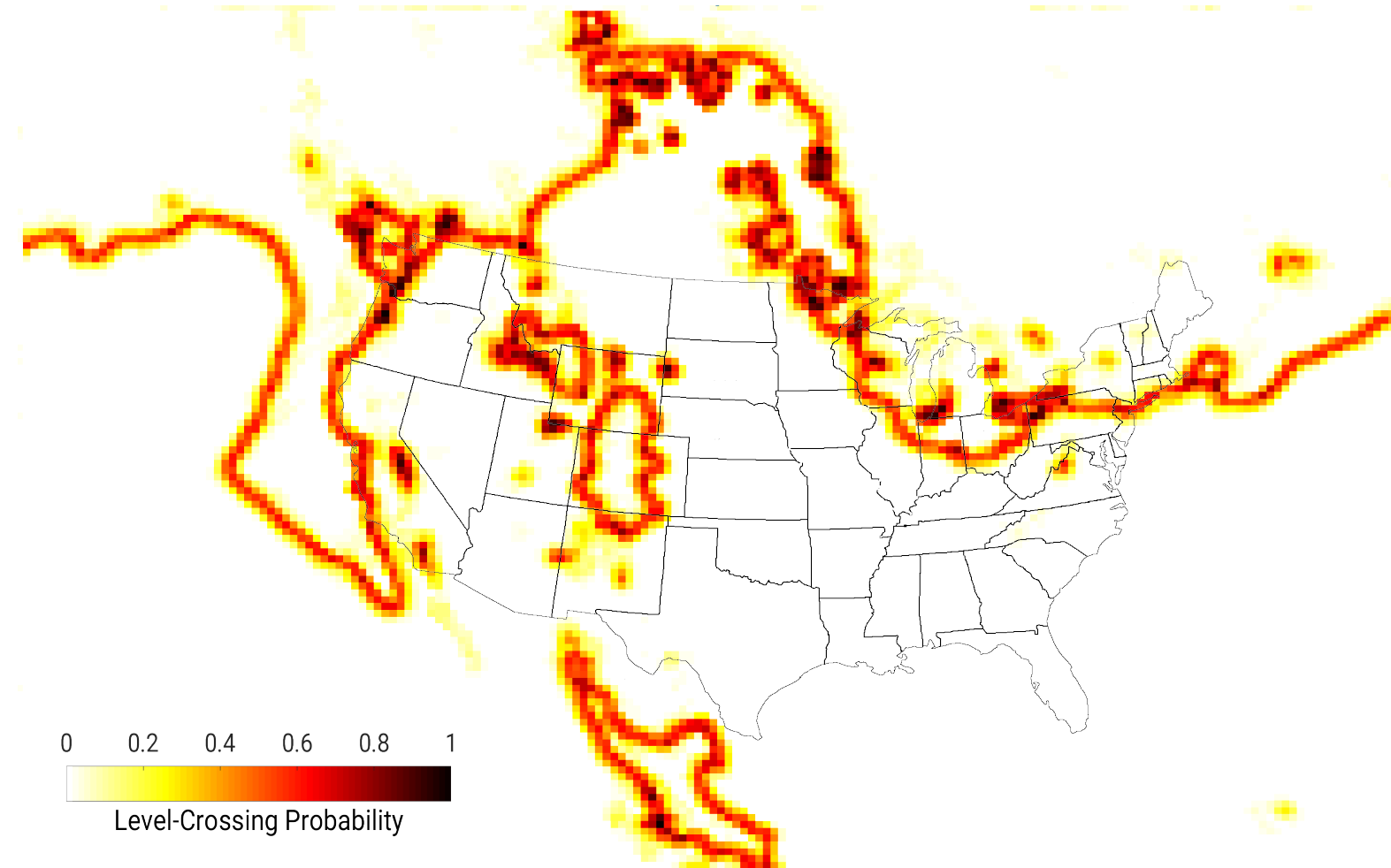
[Potter et al., 2009]



Visualization software: The WeaVER  
[Quinan and Meyer, 2016]

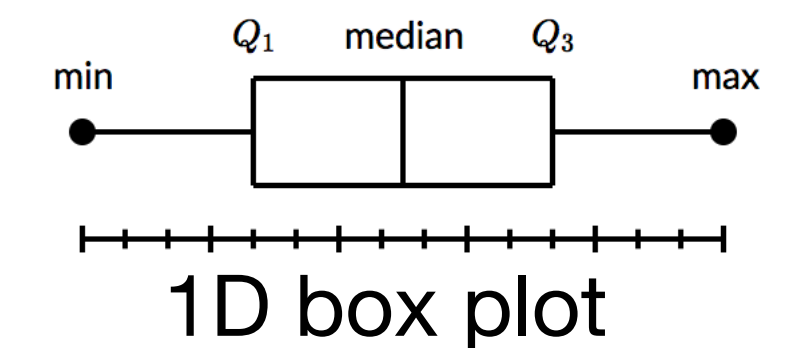
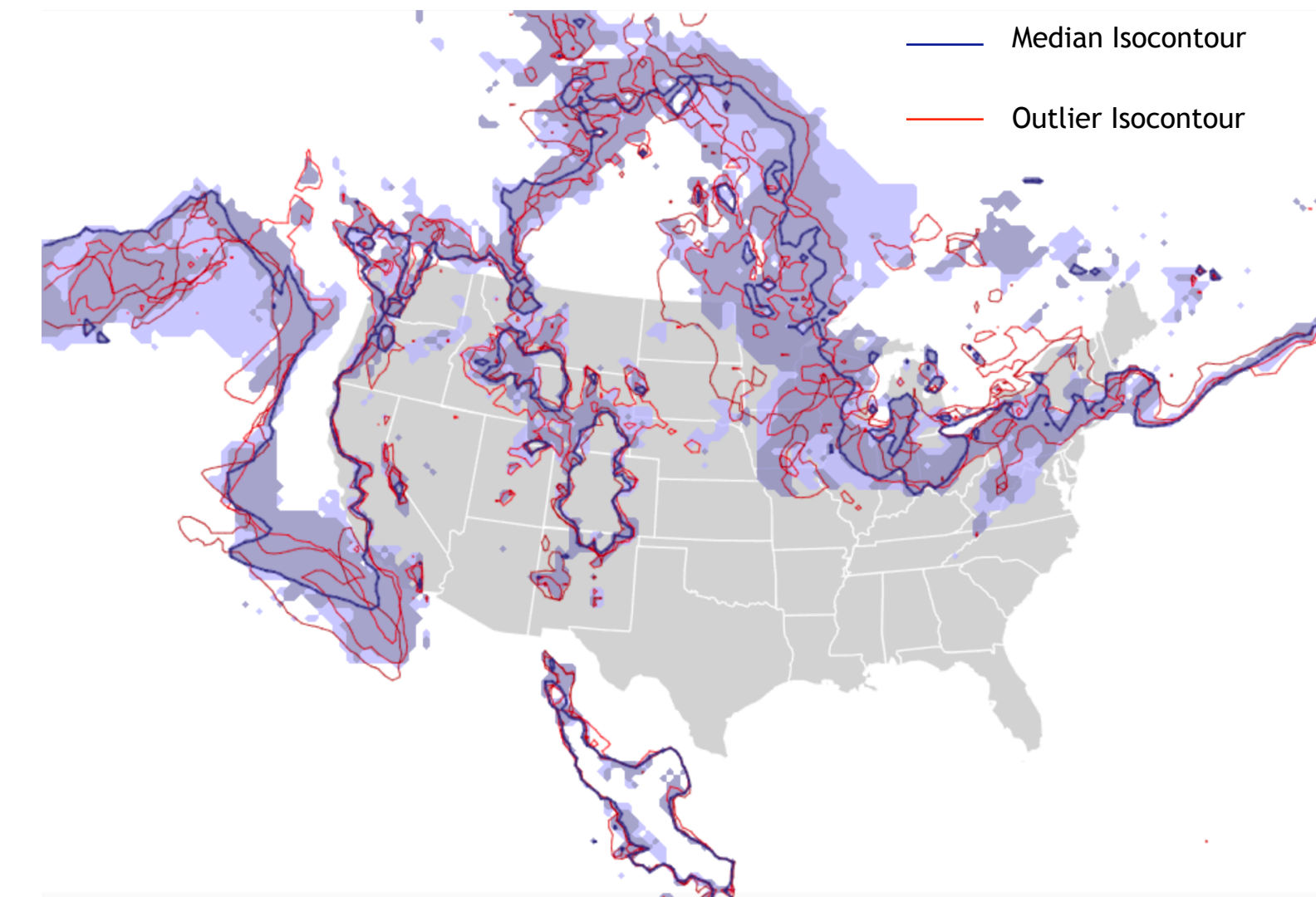
## Probabilistic marching cubes

[Pöthkow et al., 2011]



## Contour/Surface box plots

[Whitaker et al., 2013; Genton et al., 2014]



The visualization of uncertain temperature field  
isovalue ( $k$ ) = 60°F

# Marching Squares/Cubes Algorithm for Level-Set Extraction

[Lorenson and Cline, 1987]

Google Scholar



**Bill Lorenson**

GE Global Research (retired)

Verified email at nycap.rr.com - [Homepage](#)

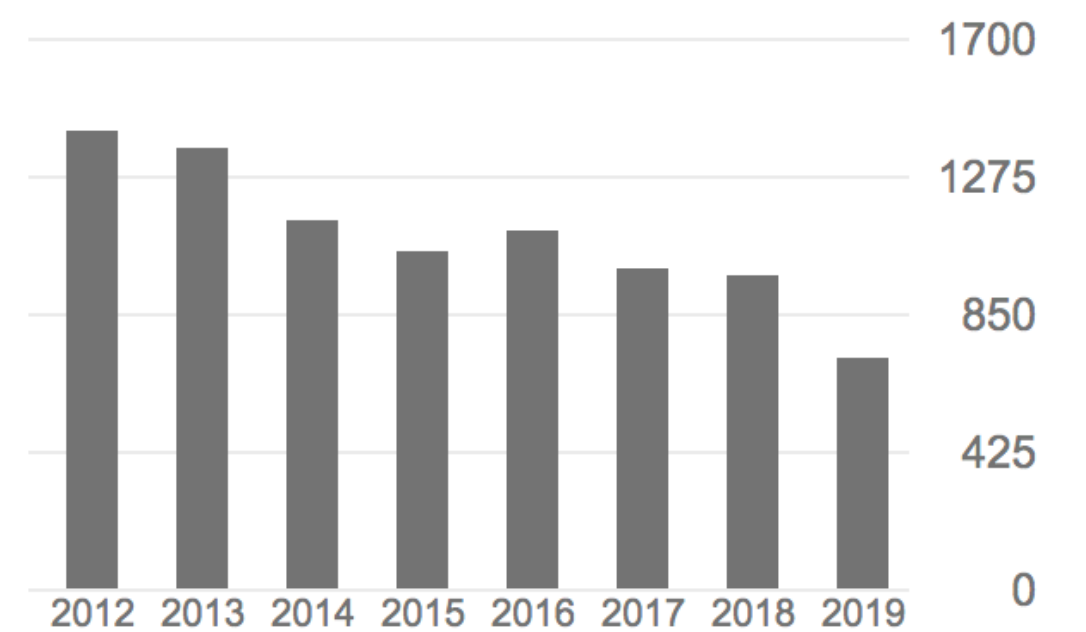
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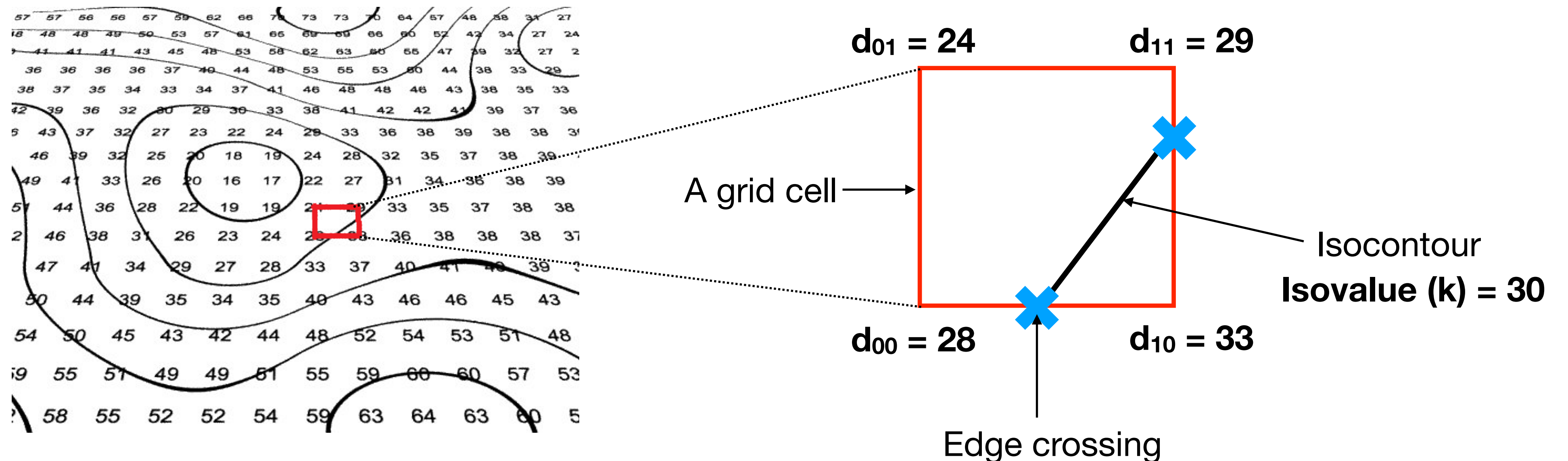
	All	Since 2014
Citations	36273	5984
h-index	19	12
i10-index	24	14

TITLE	CITED BY	YEAR
<a href="#">Marching cubes: A high resolution 3D surface construction algorithm</a> WE Lorenson, HE Cline ACM siggraph computer graphics 21 (4), 163-169	15483	1987
<a href="#">Object-oriented modeling and design</a> J Rumbaugh, M Blaha, W Premerlani, F Eddy, WE Lorenson Prentice-hall 199 (1)	11730	1991
<a href="#">The visualization toolkit: an object-oriented approach to 3D graphics</a> WJ Schroeder, B Lorenson, K Martin Kitware	3994	2004



# Marching Squares Algorithm (MSA)

- Bilinear interpolation: prediction of unknown data values within a grid cell
- For each cell:
  - Extract isocontour topology (Which cell edges are crossed?)
  - Compute geometry (Where on the cell edge?)



# MSA: The Topology Step (which edges?)

Data ( $d_{xy}$ ) > Isovalue ( $k$ ) : Positive vertex ( + )

Data ( $d_{xy}$ ) < Isovalue ( $k$ ) : Negative vertex ( - )

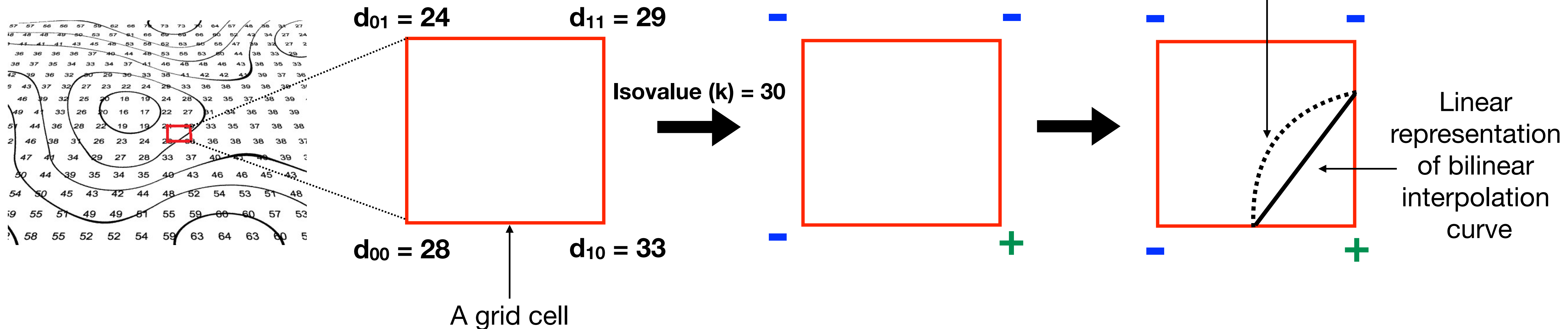
Bilinear interpolation function:

$f: [0,1] \times [0,1] \rightarrow R$

$f(x,y) = ax + by + cxy + d$  (the equation of hyperbola!), where

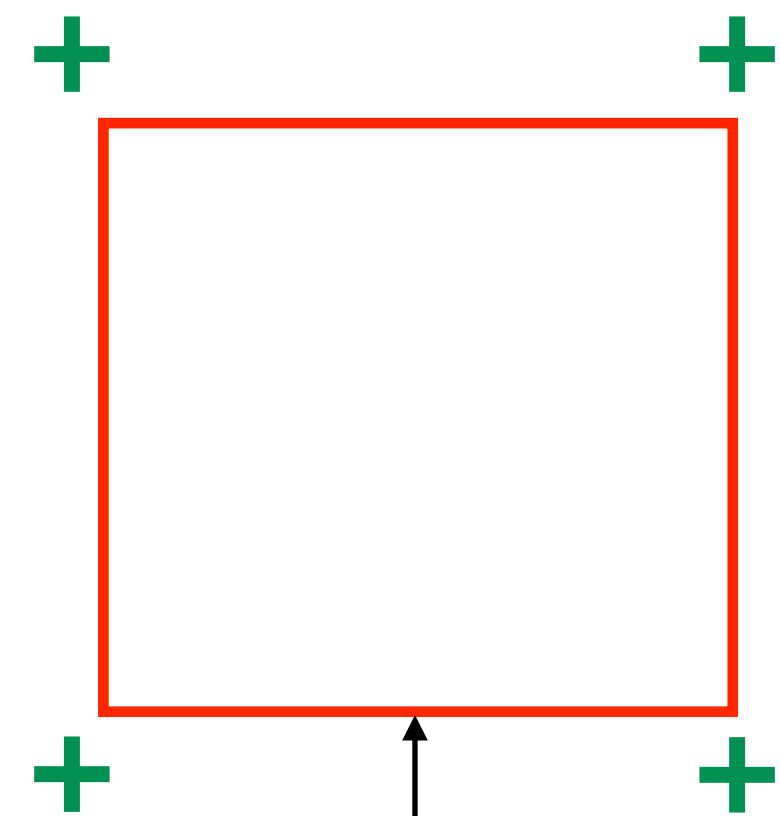
$a = d_{10} - d_{00}$ ,  $b = d_{01} - d_{00}$

$c = d_{00} + d_{11} - d_{01} - d_{10}$ ,  $d = d_{00}$

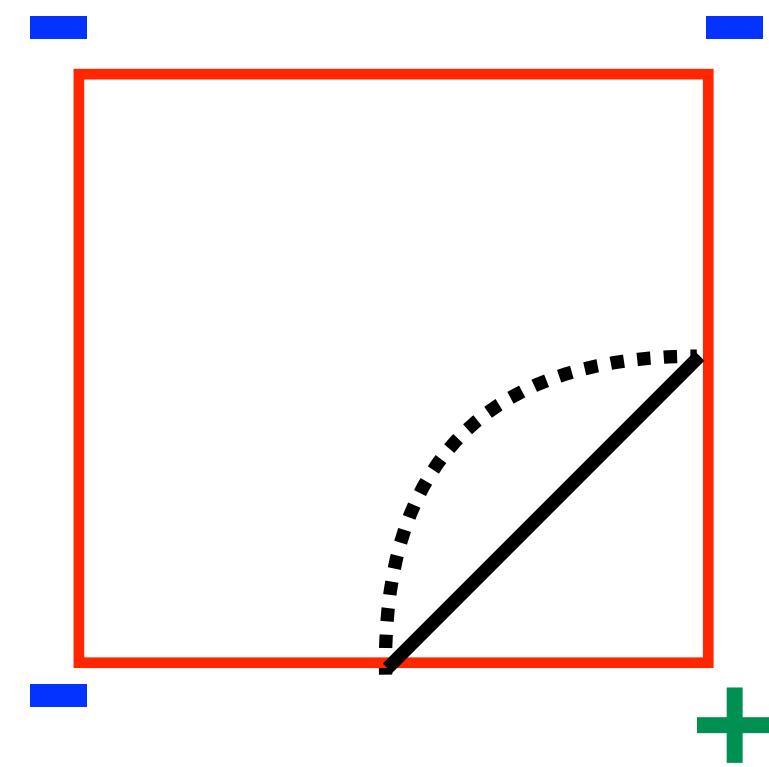




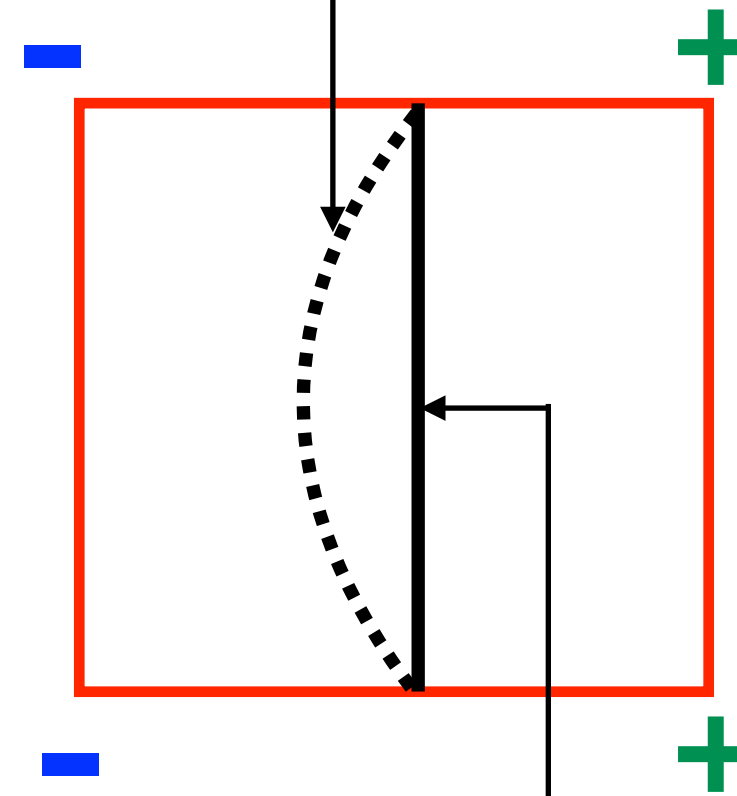
# MSA: Topological Cases (which edges?)



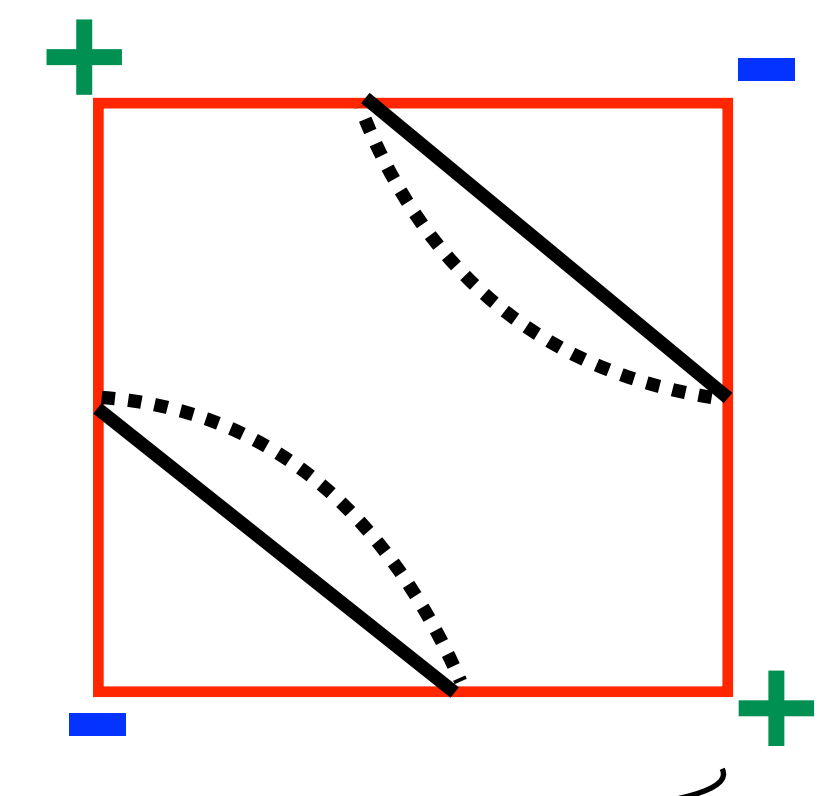
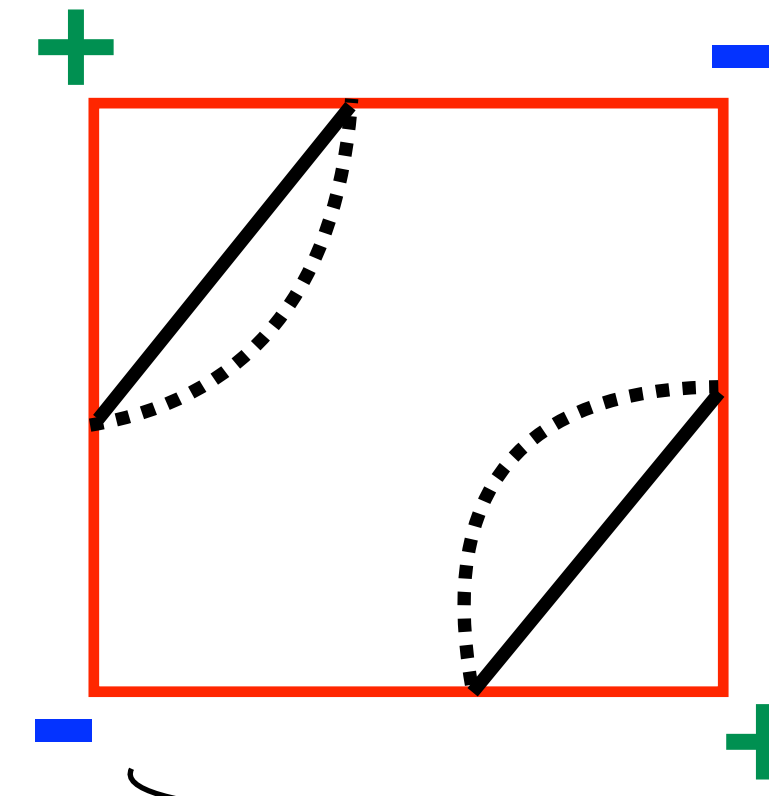
A grid cell



Bilinear interpolation curve

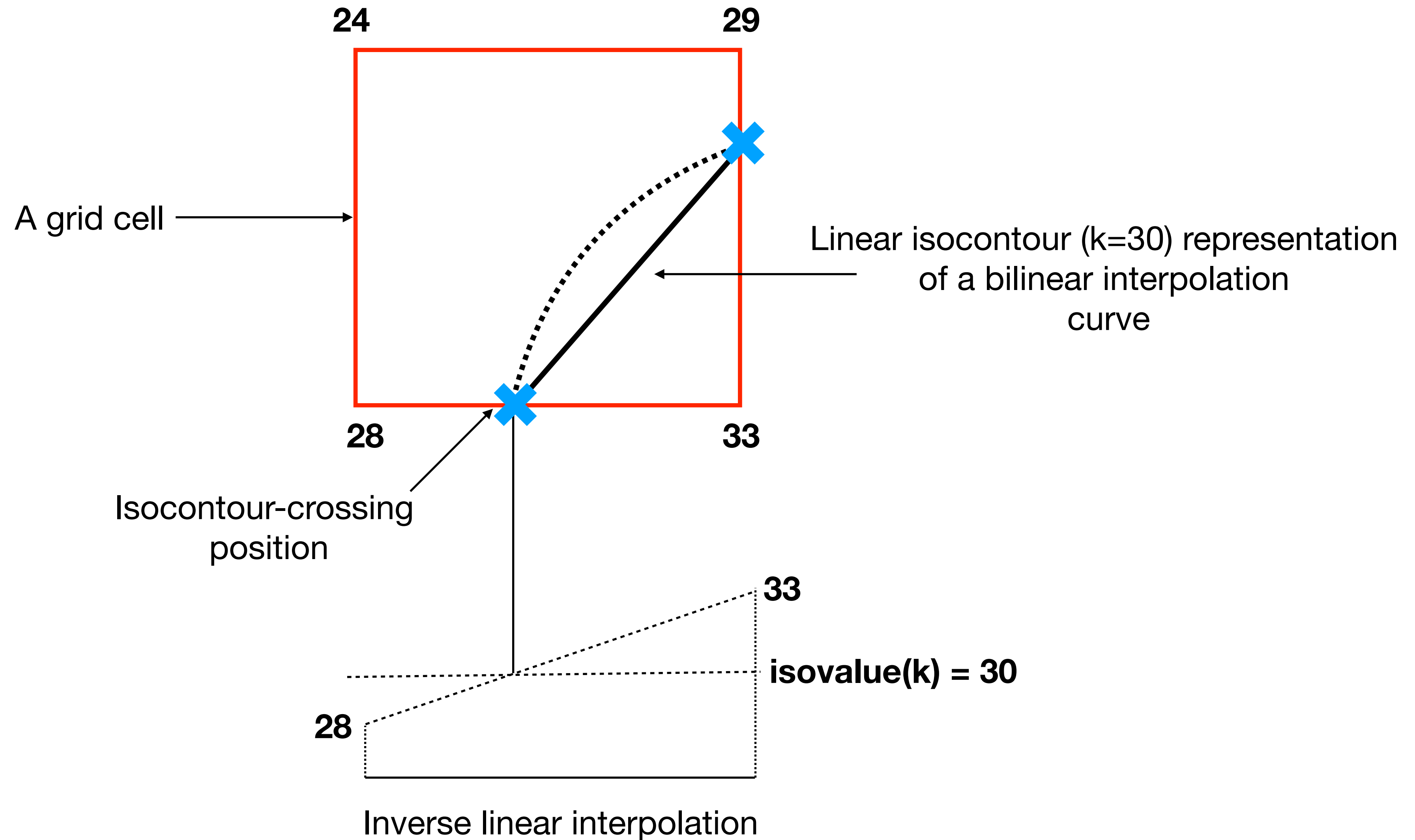


Linear isocontour representation  
of a bilinear interpolation  
curve

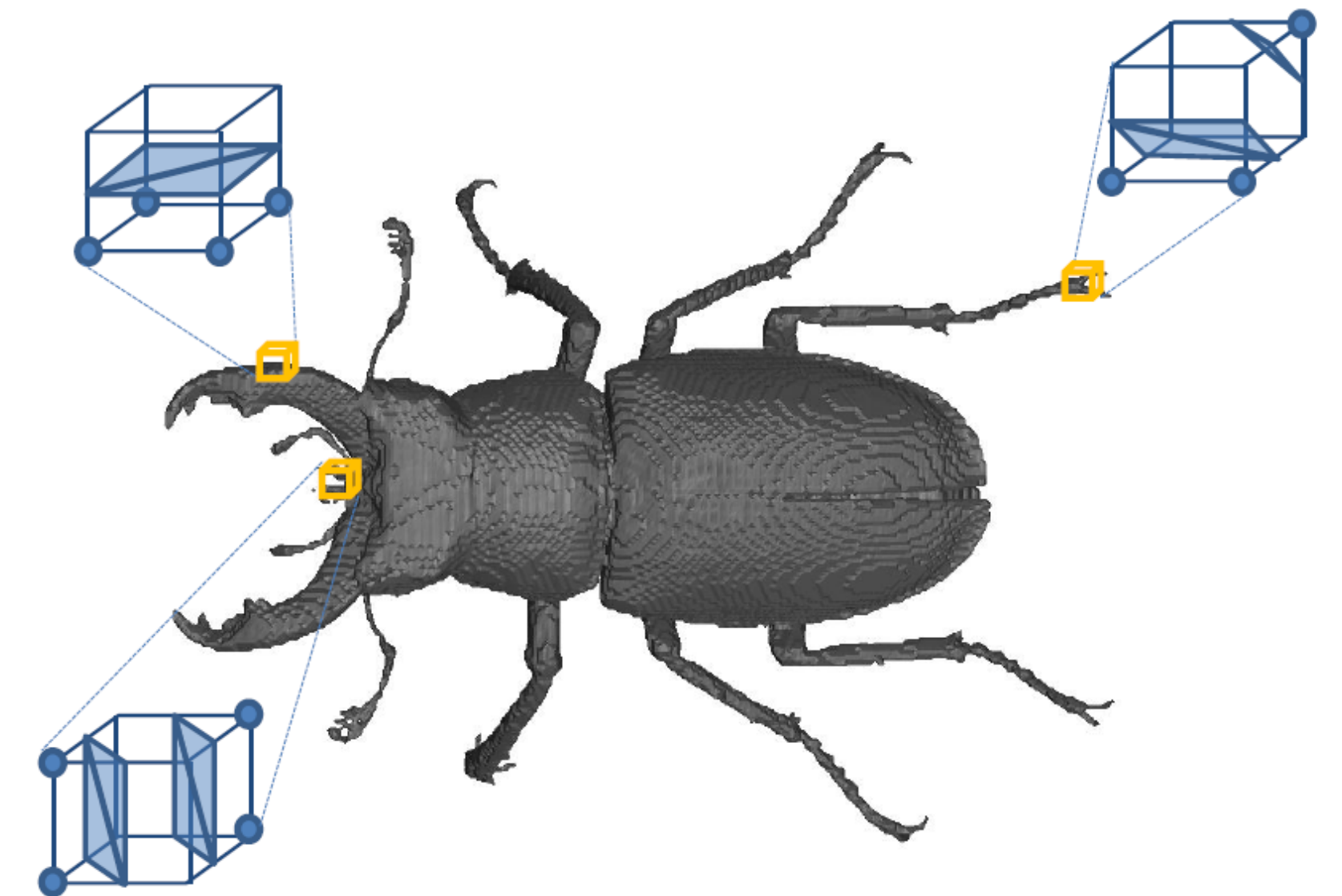
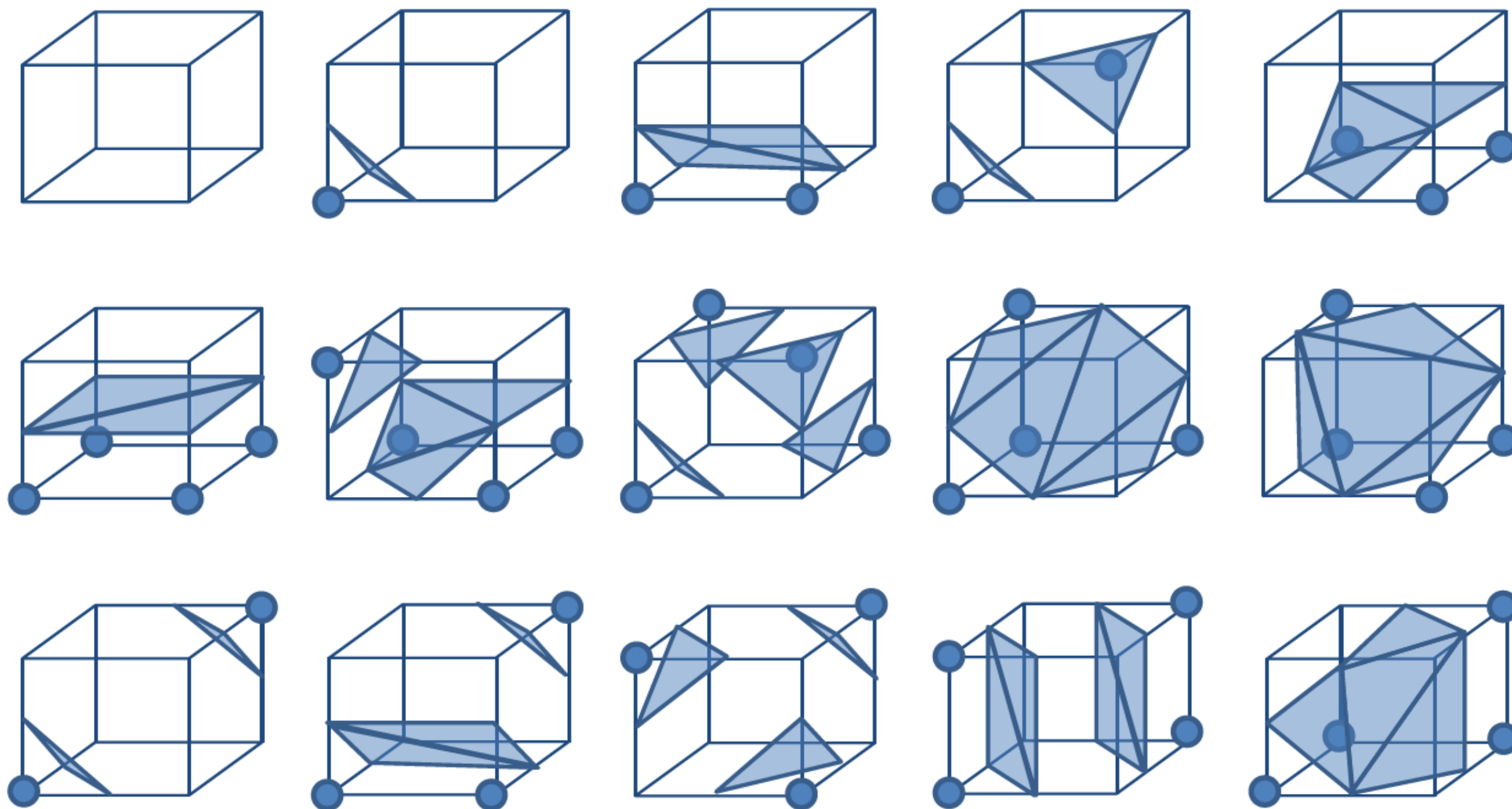


**Ambiguous Case**

# MSA: The Geometry Step (where on the edge?)

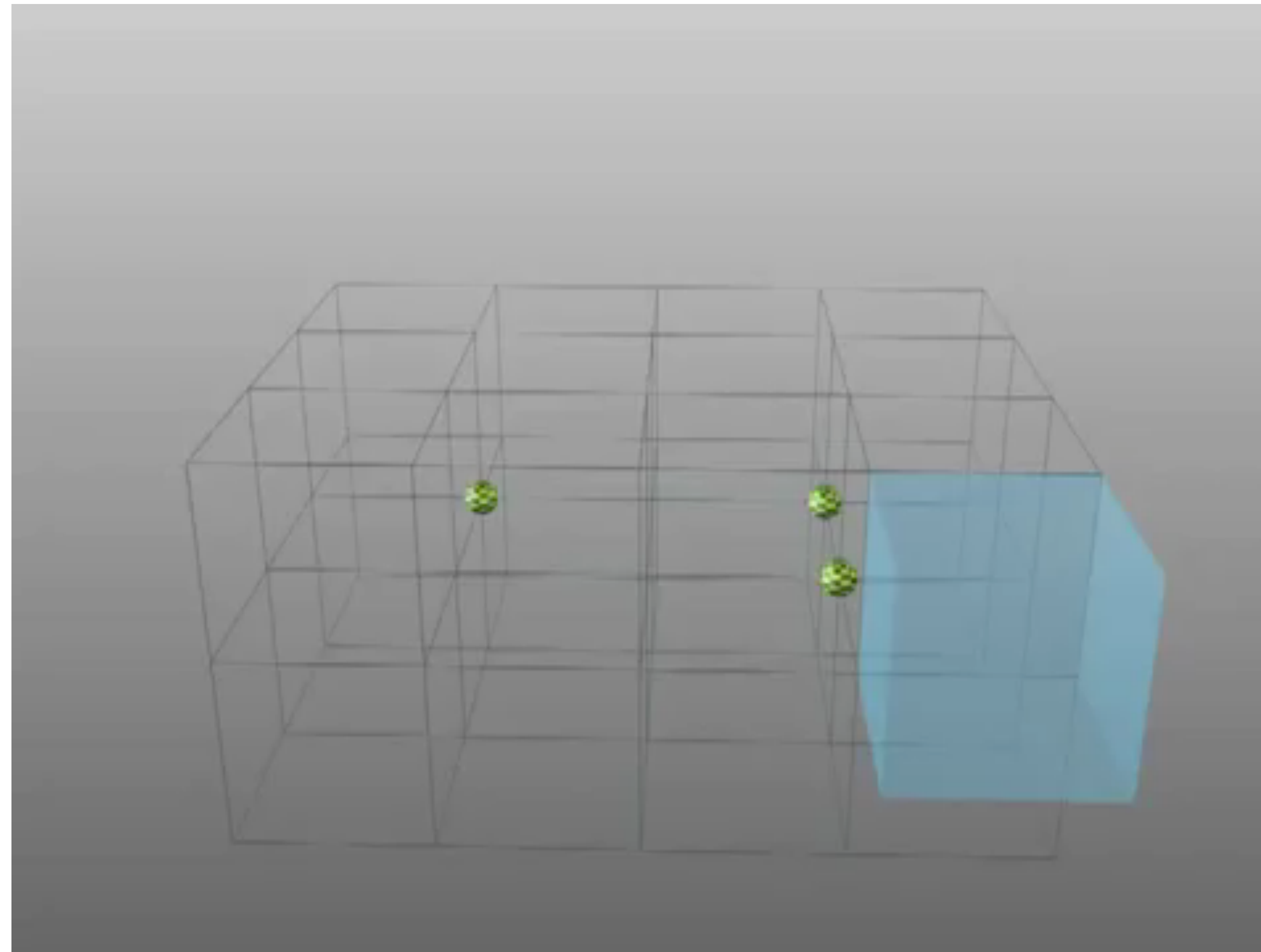


# Marching Cubes Algorithm (MCA): Topological Cases



The Stag Beetle dataset is courtesy of Vienna University of Technology  
<https://www.cg.tuwien.ac.at/research/vis/datasets/>

# Marching Cubes Algorithm in Action!

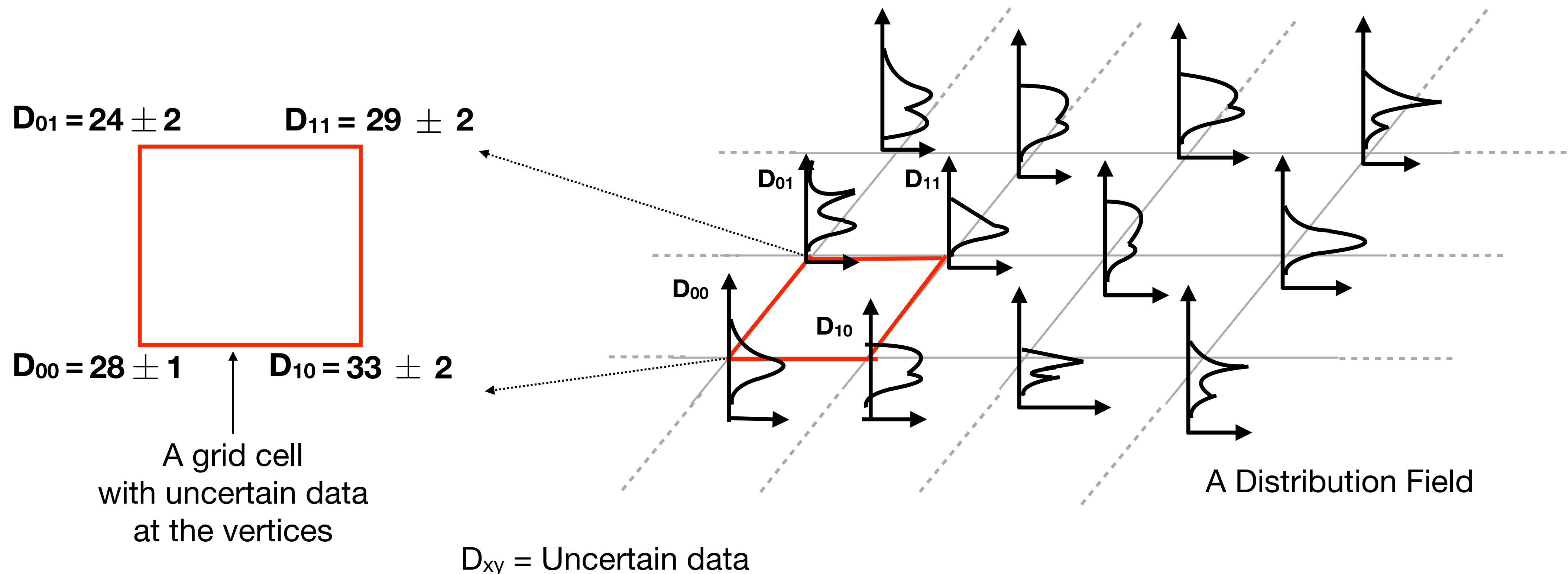


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LfttaAepYJ8>

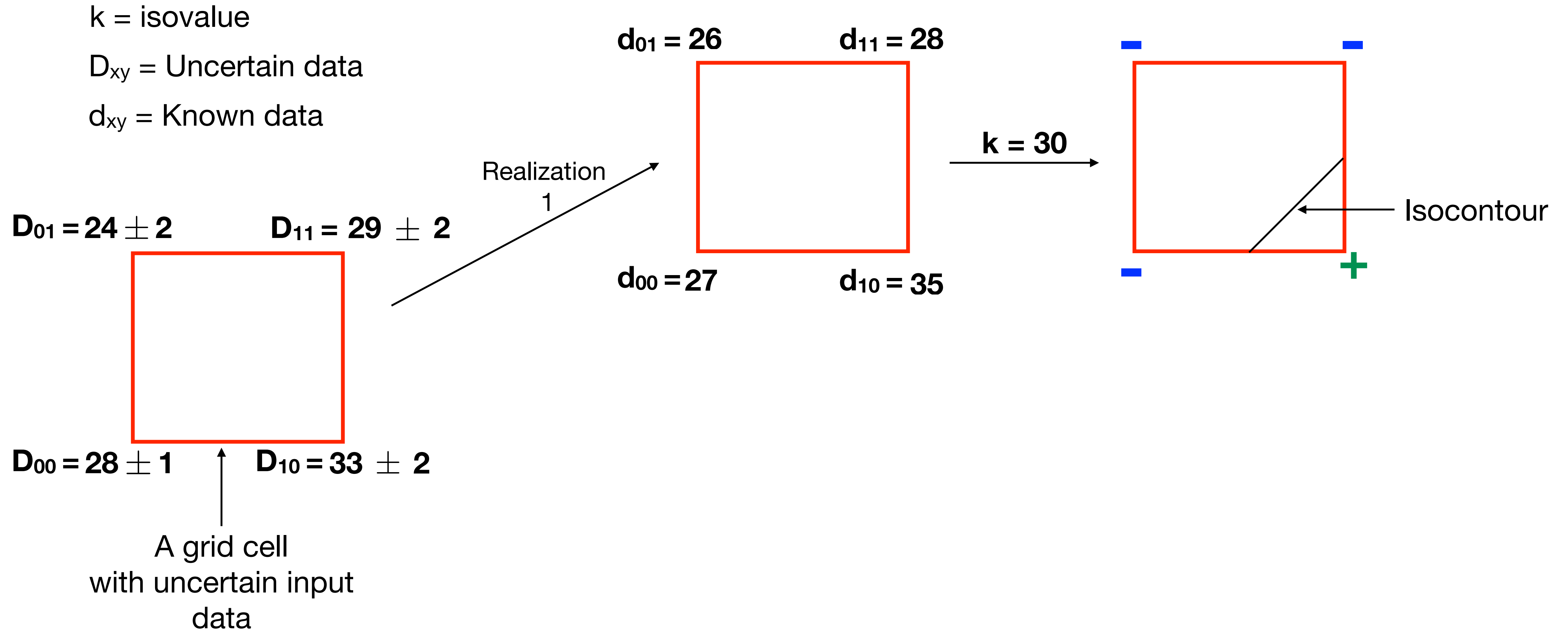
# Marching Squares/Cubes Algorithm for Level-Set Extraction in Uncertain Data

# MSA for Uncertain Data (our contribution!)

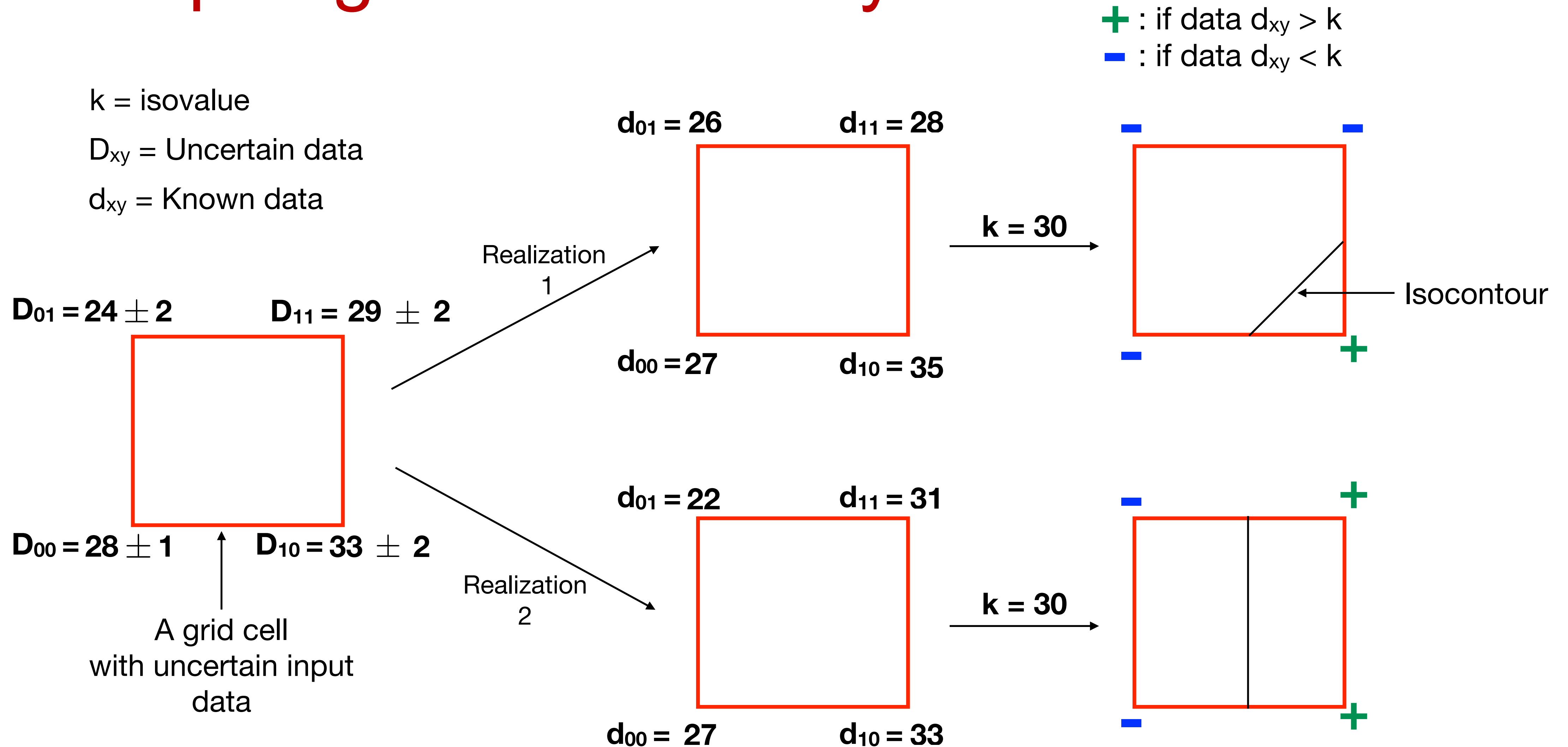
- Topological (which edges) uncertainty resolution
- Geometric (where on the edges) uncertainty resolution



# MSA: Topological Uncertainty



# MSA: Topological Uncertainty



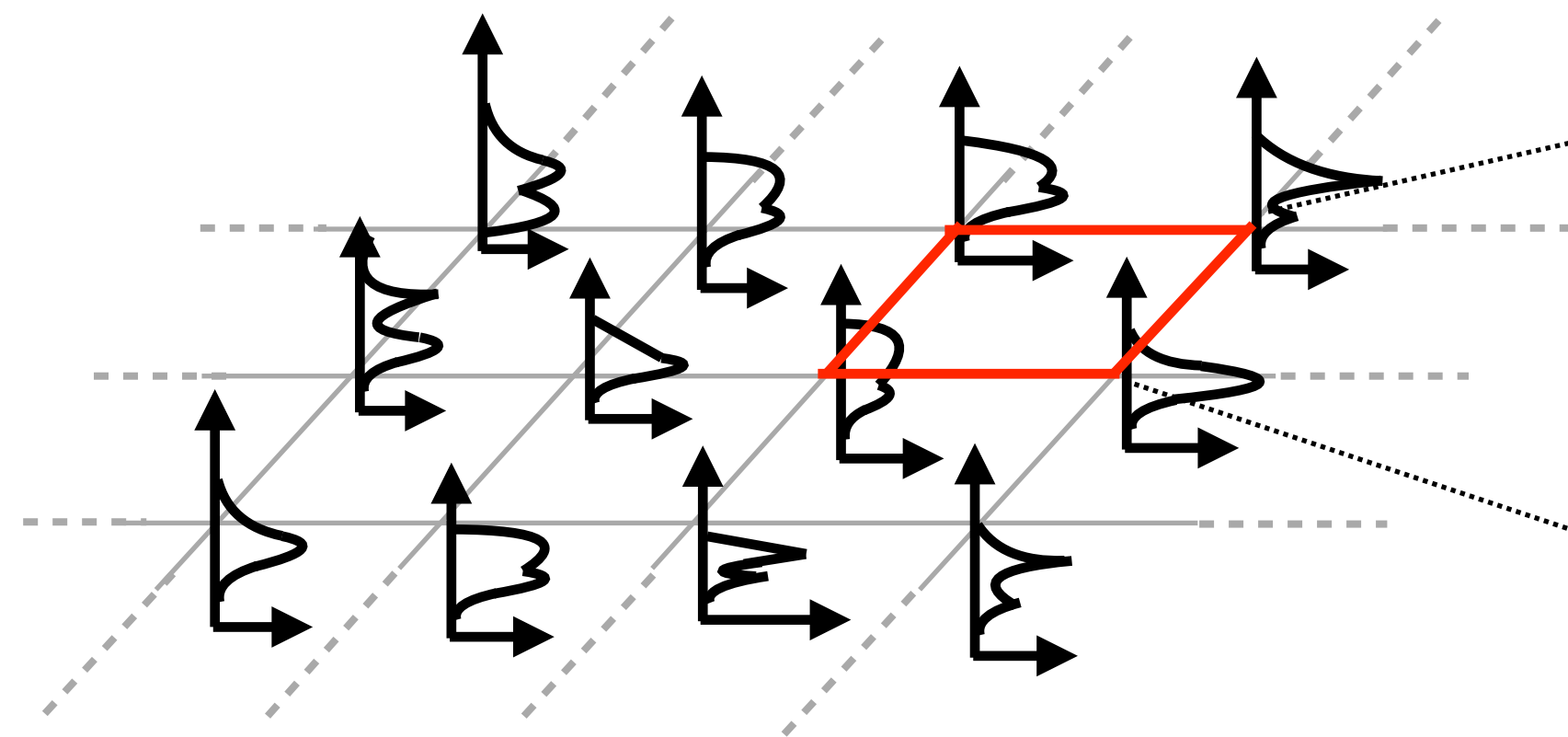


# MSA: Topological Uncertainty Resolution

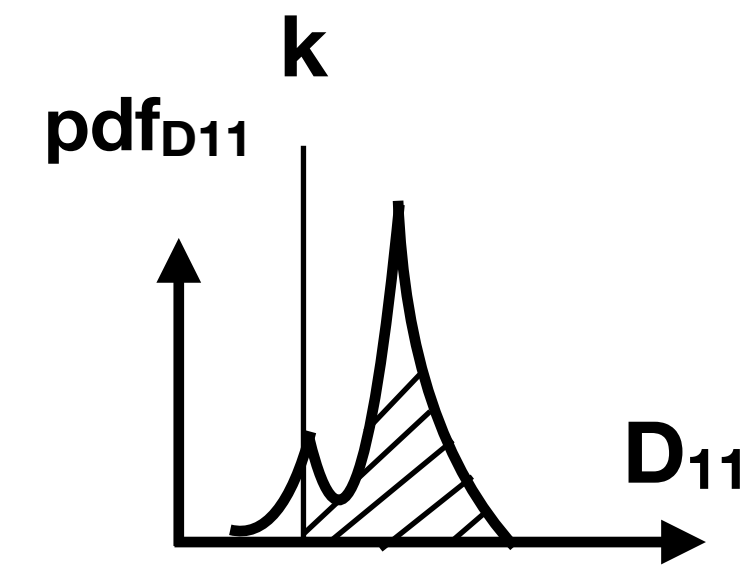
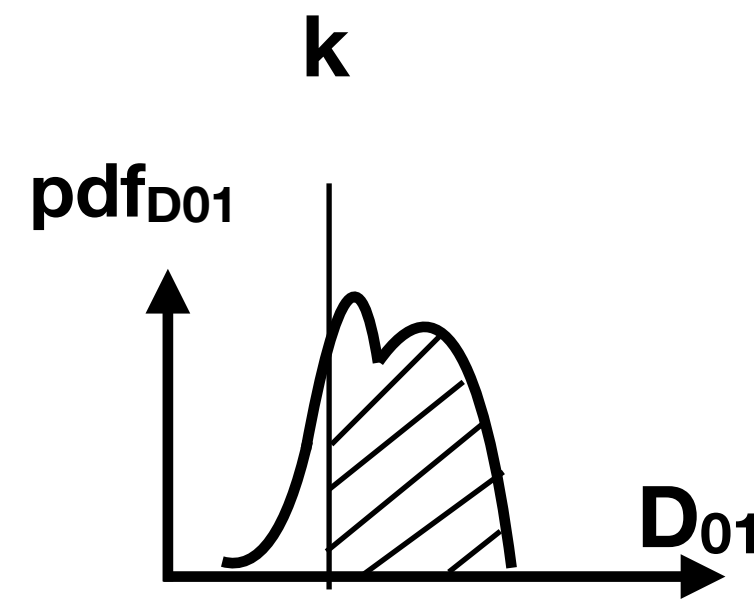
$k$  = isovalue

$D_{xy}$  = Uncertain Data

$\text{pdf}_{D_{xy}}$  = Probability distribution of  $D_{xy}$

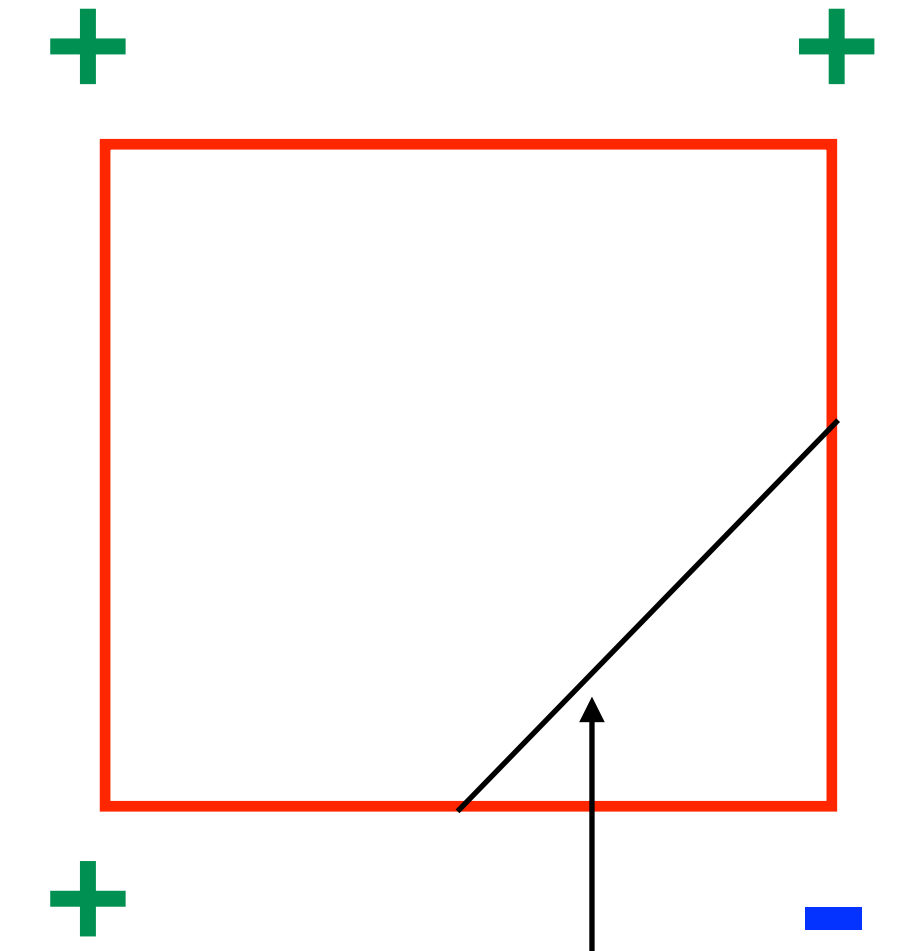


A Distribution Field

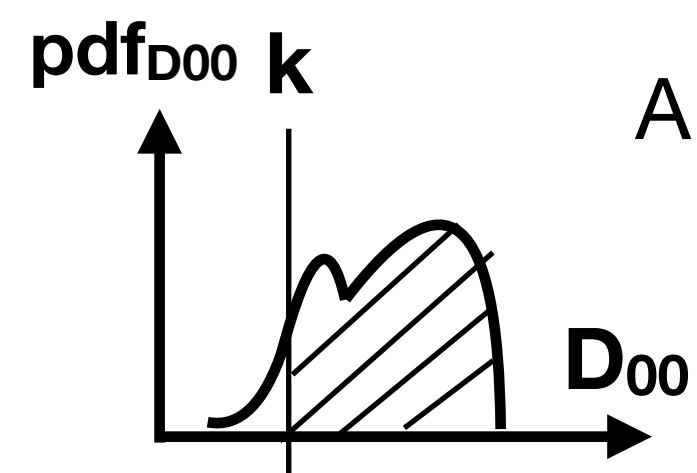


A grid cell

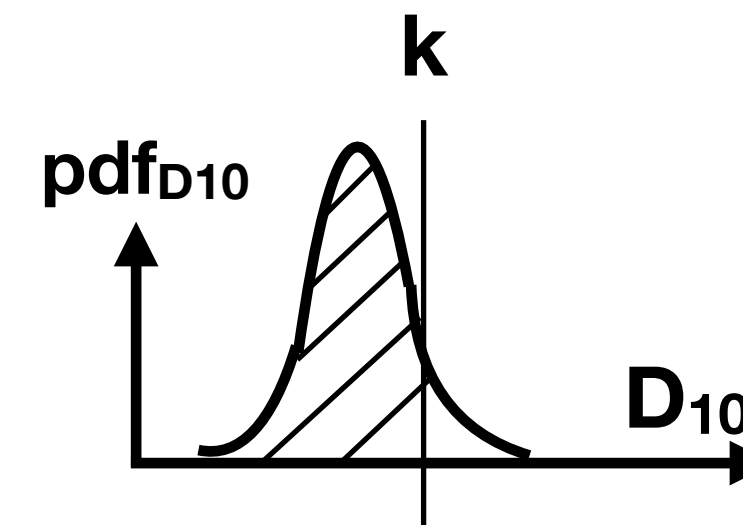
Predict signs



Isocontour



$\Pr(D_{00} > k / +) > 0.5$



$\Pr(D_{10} < k / -) > 0.5$

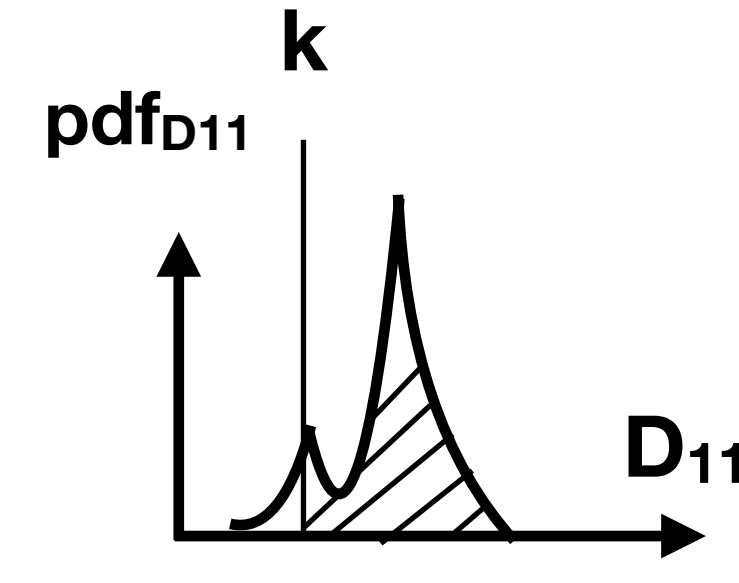
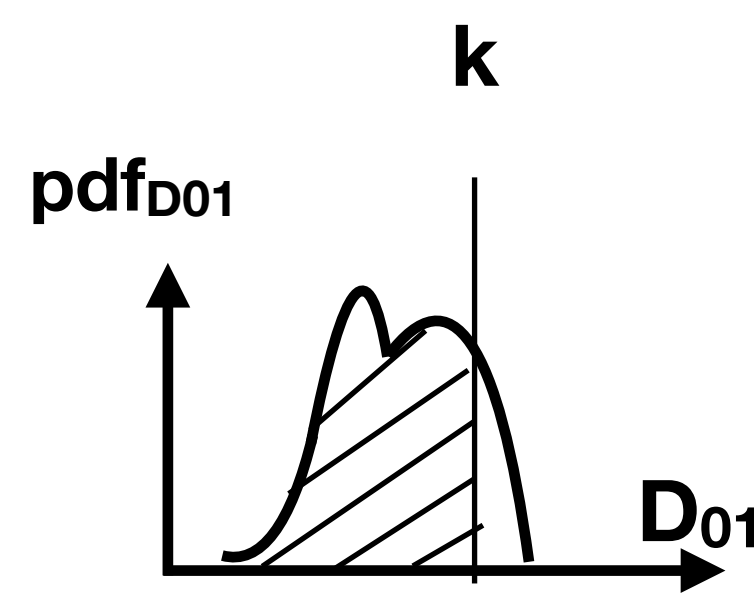
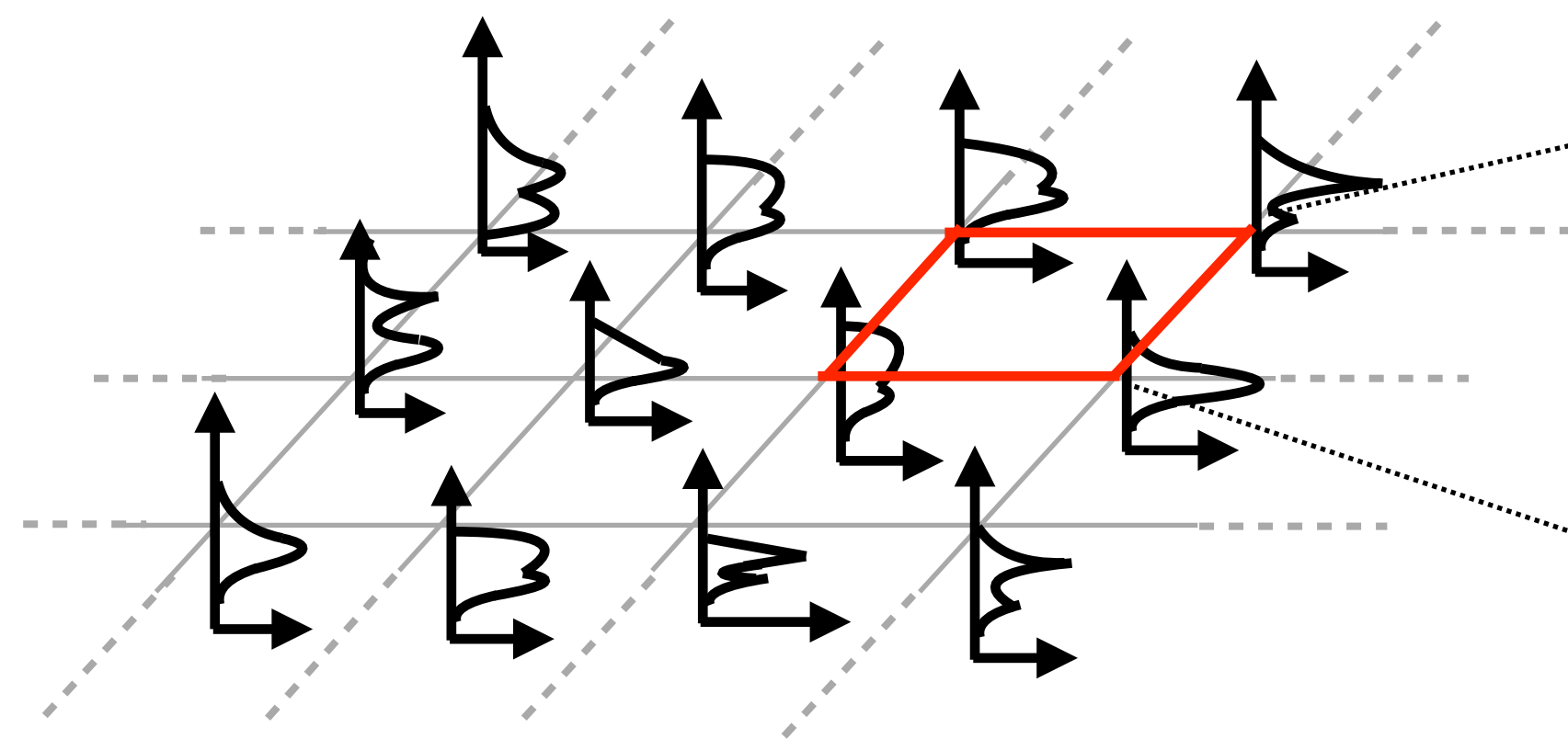
[Athawale and Entezari, 2013;  
Athawale et al., 2016]

# MSA Ambiguous Case: Topological Uncertainty Resolution

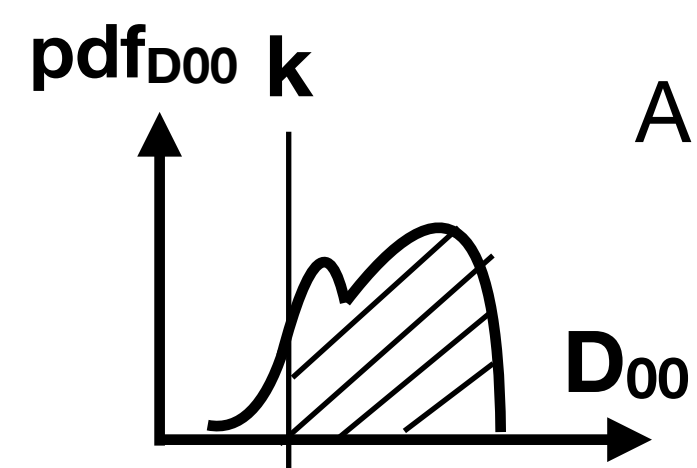
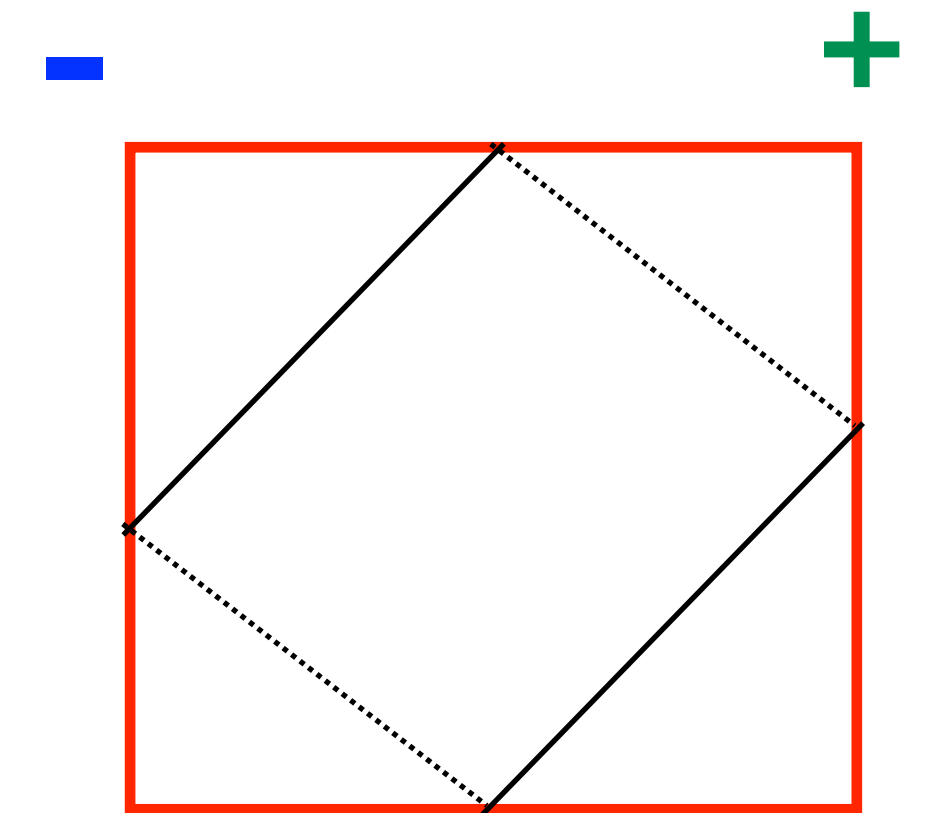
$k$  = isovalue

$D_{xy}$  = Uncertain Data

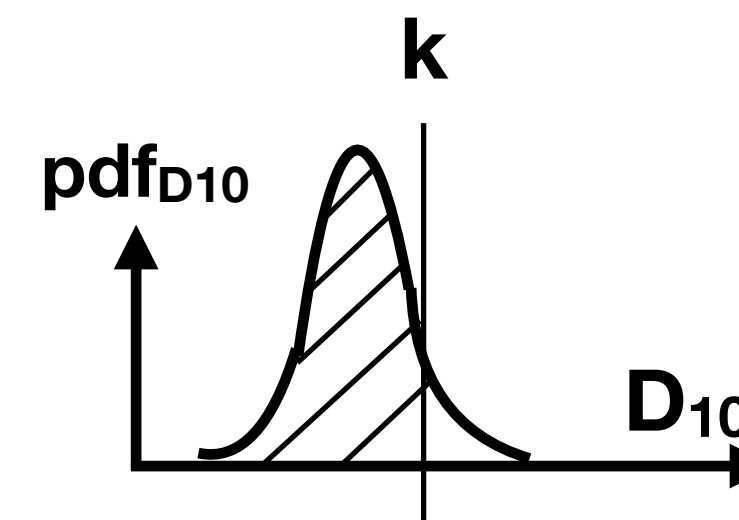
$\text{pdf}_{D_{xy}}$  = Probability distribution of  $D_{xy}$



Predict signs



$\Pr(D_{00} > k / +) > 0.5$



$\Pr(D_{10} < k / -) > 0.5$

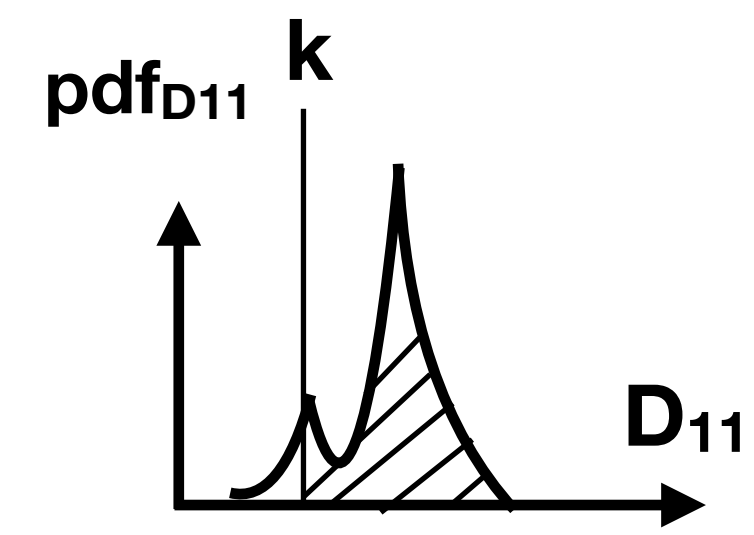
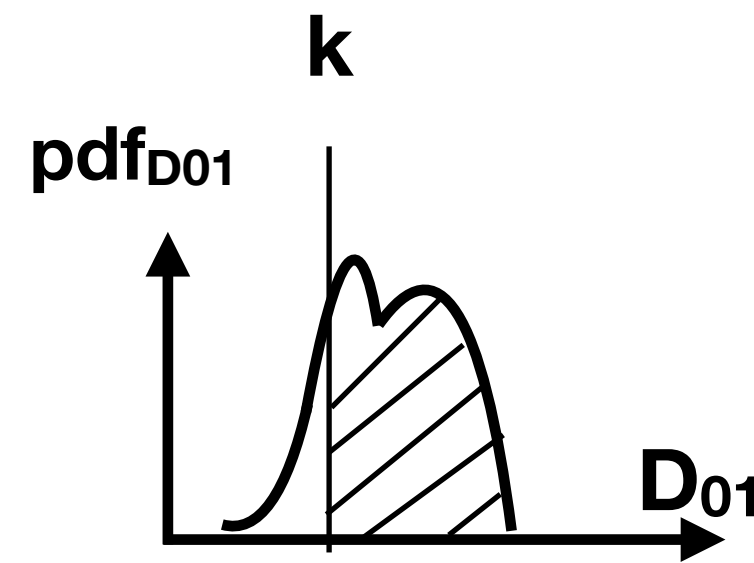
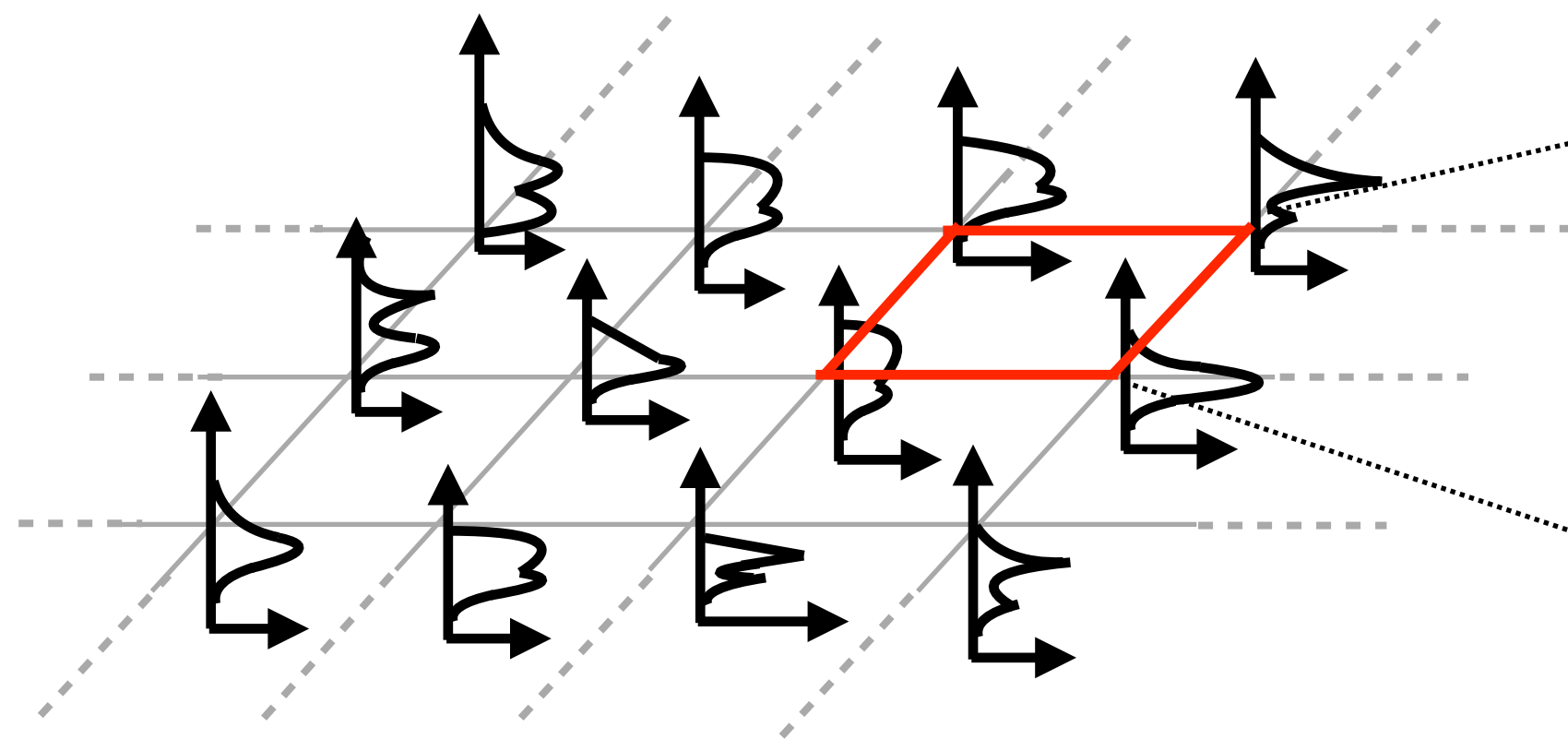
[Athawale and Johnson, 2018]

# MSA: Geometric Uncertainty

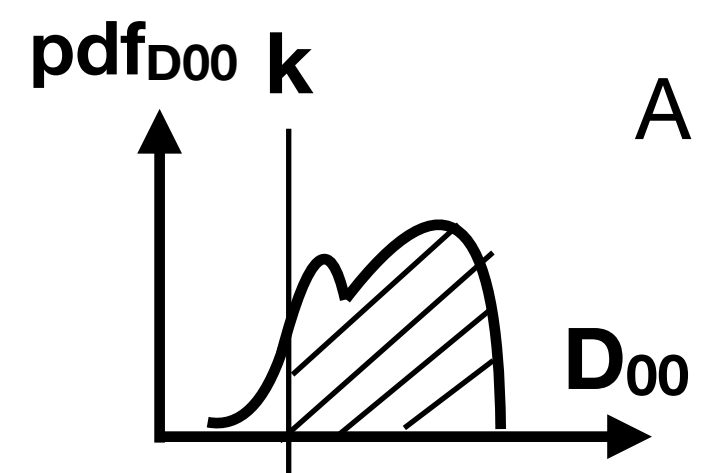
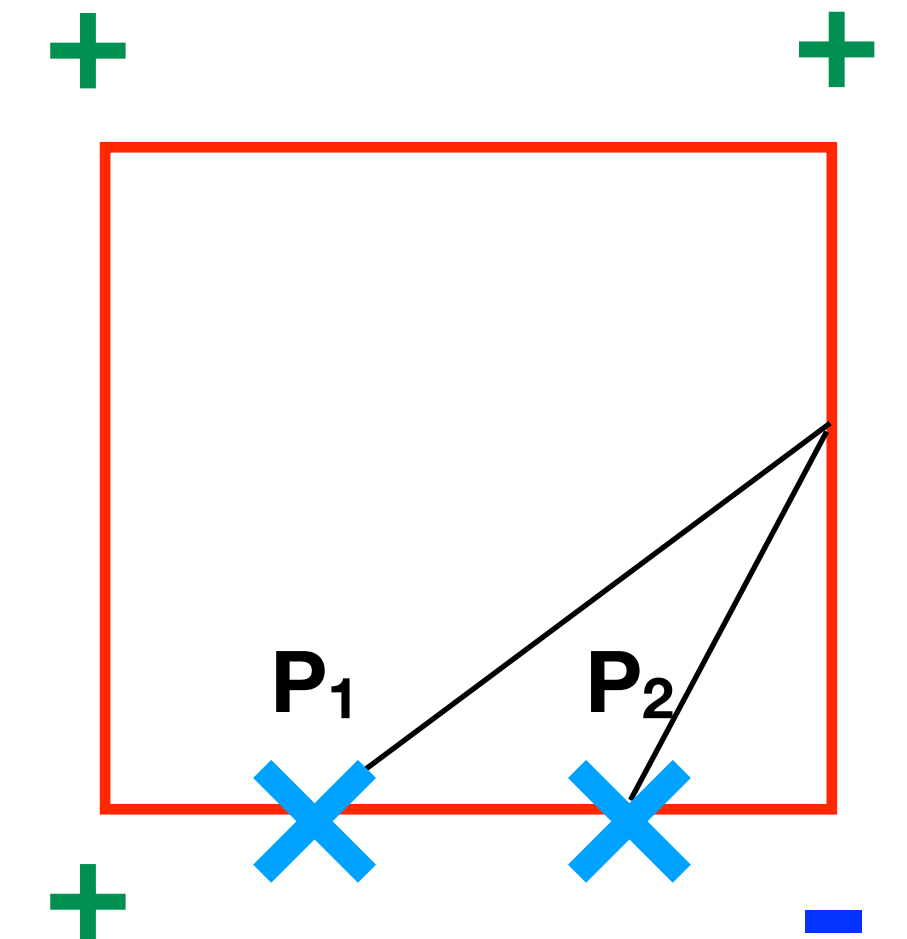
$k$  = isovalue

$D_{xy}$  = Uncertain Data

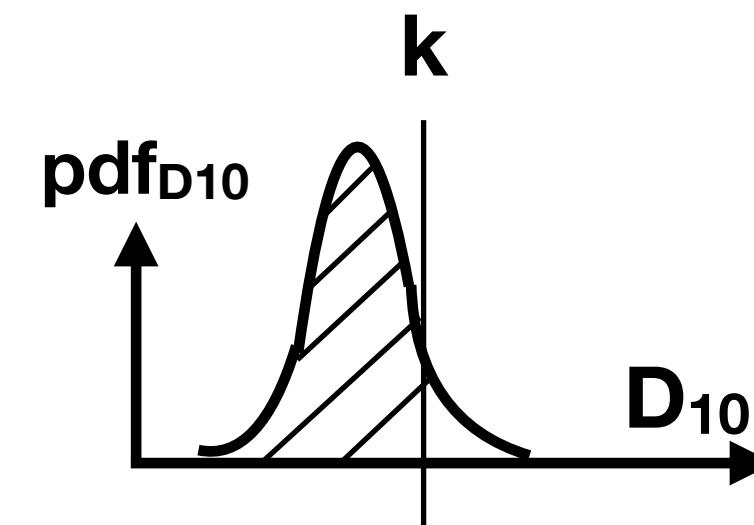
$\text{pdf}_{D_{xy}}$  = Probability distribution of  $D_{xy}$



Predict signs



$\Pr(D_{00} > k / +) > 0.5$



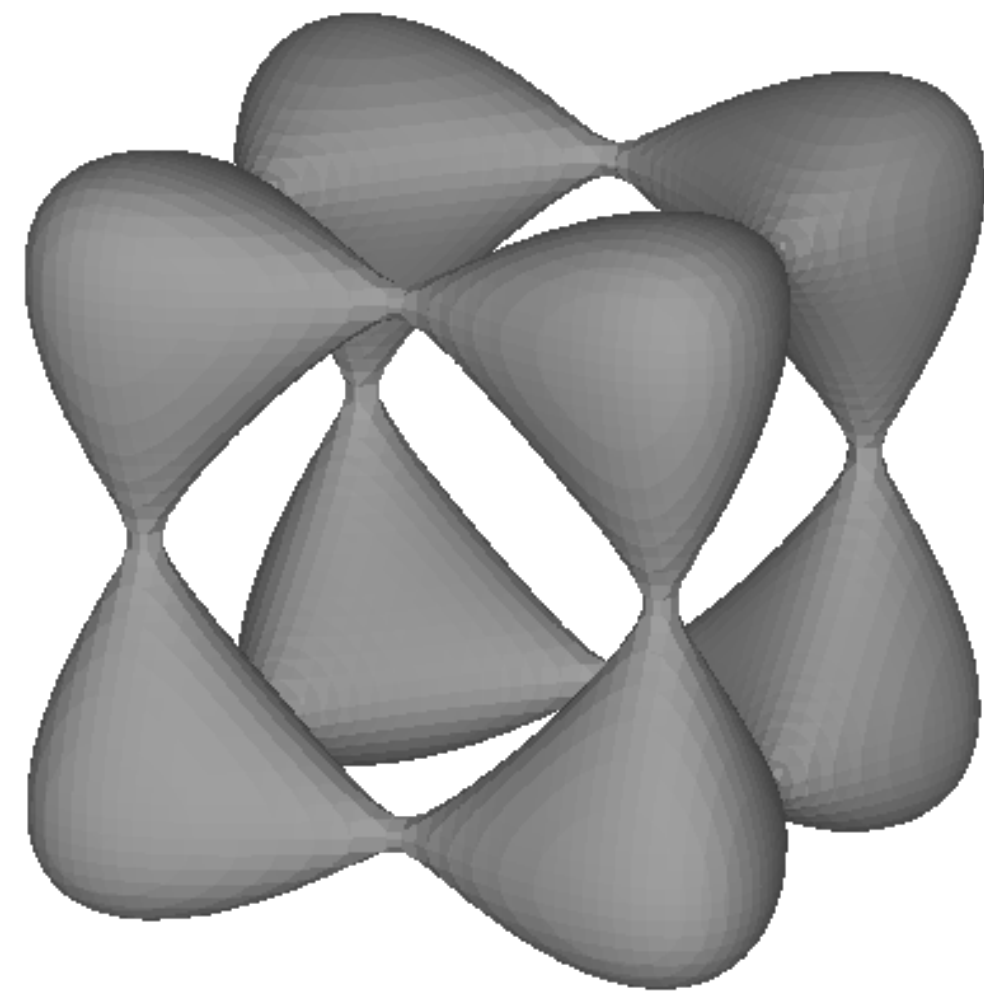
$\Pr(D_{10} < k / -) > 0.5$

[Athawale and Entezari, 2013;  
Athawale et al., 2016]

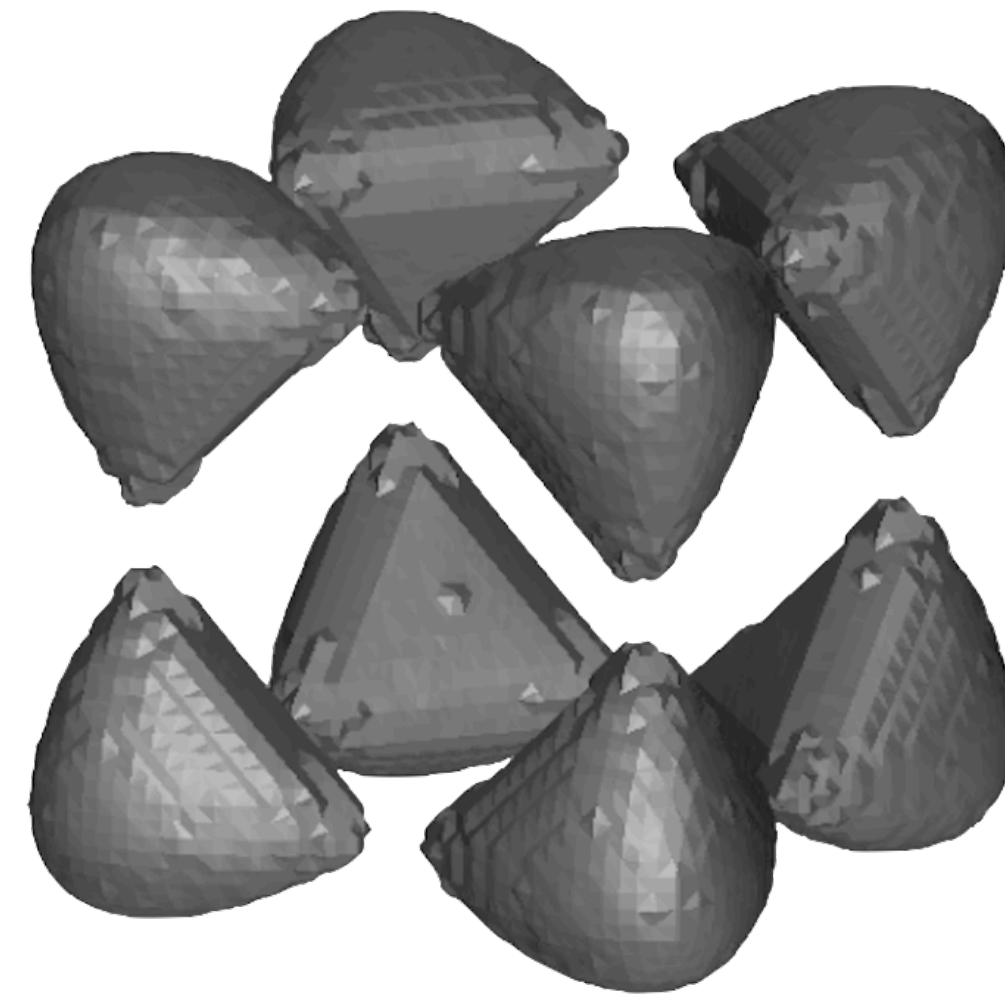
# Results: Visualization of Uncertain Level Sets

# Isosurface Extraction in Uncertain Data

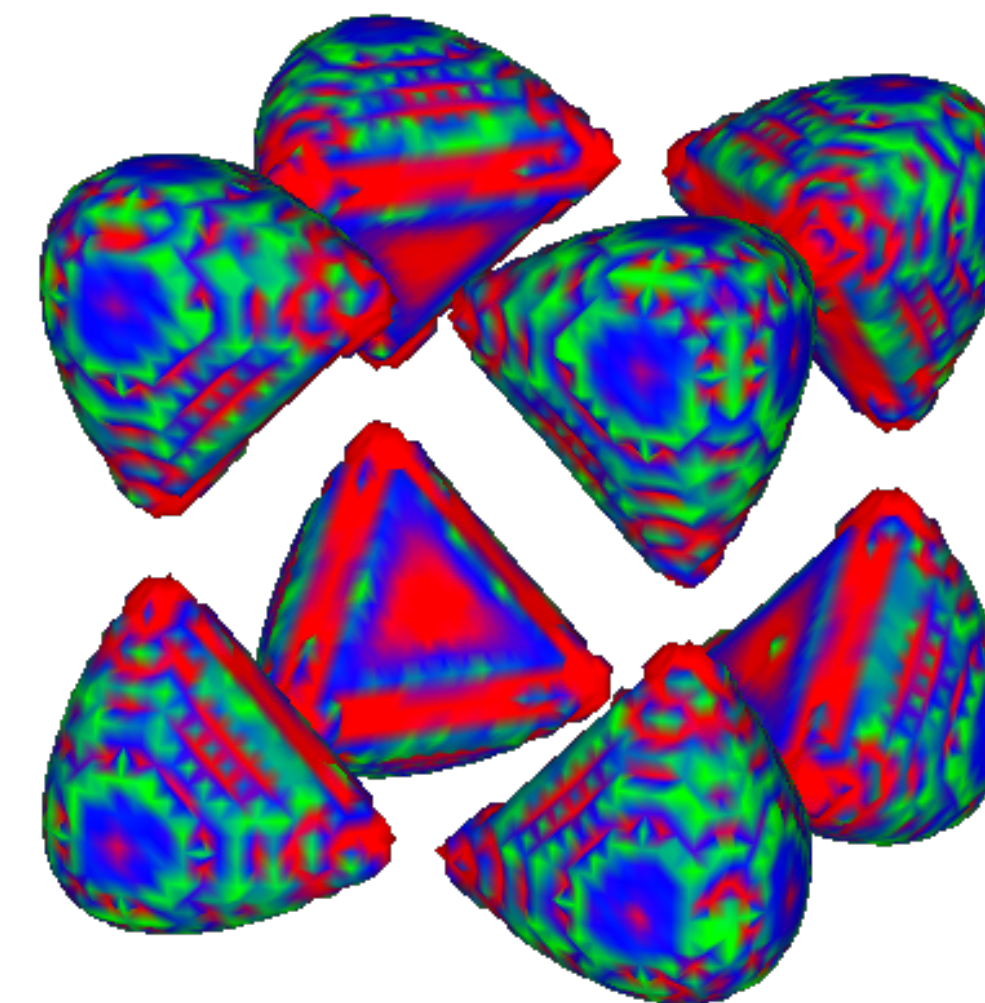
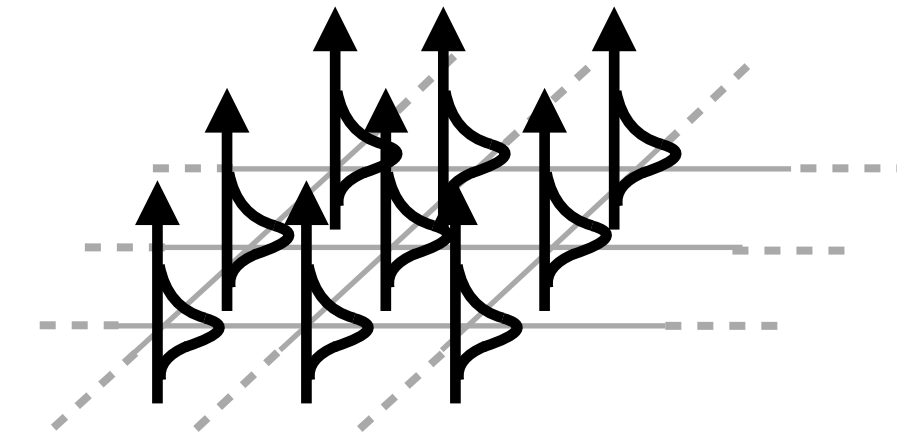
Tangle function (synthetic data)



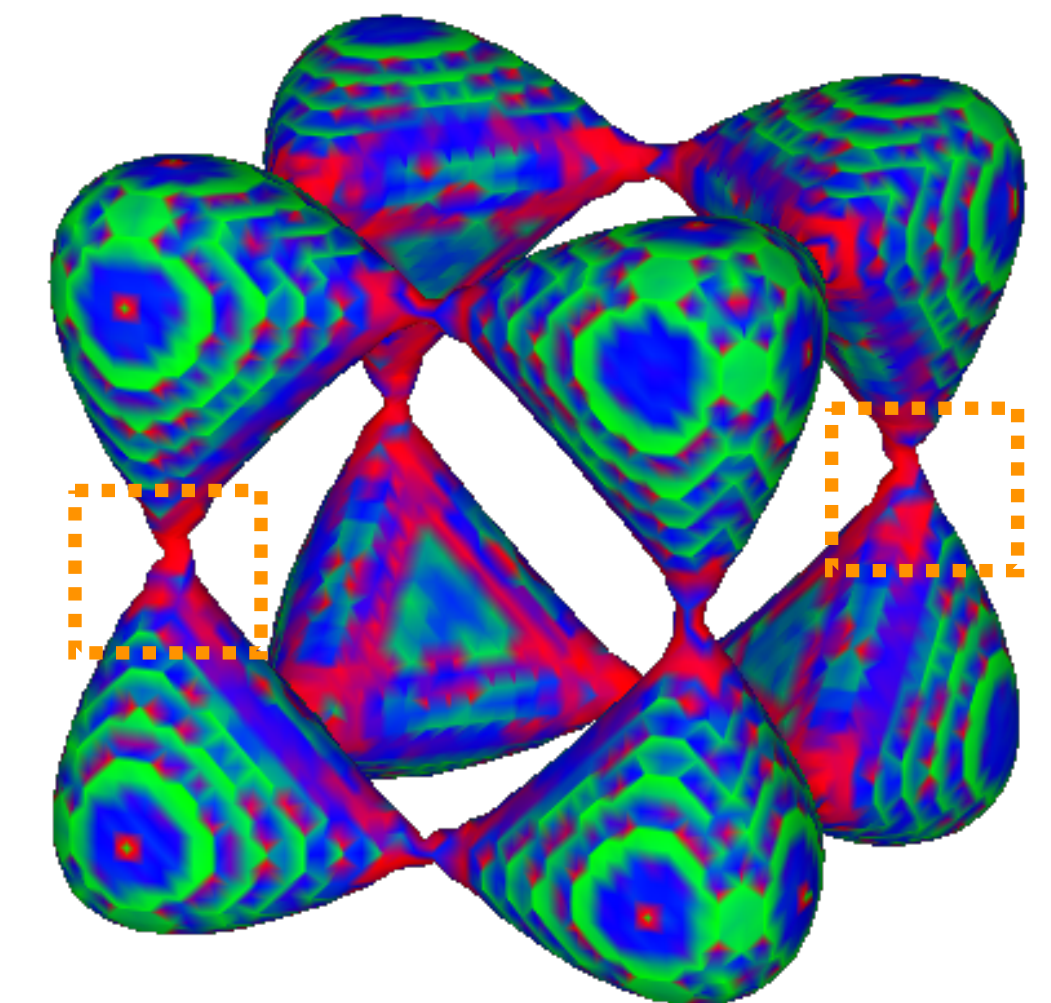
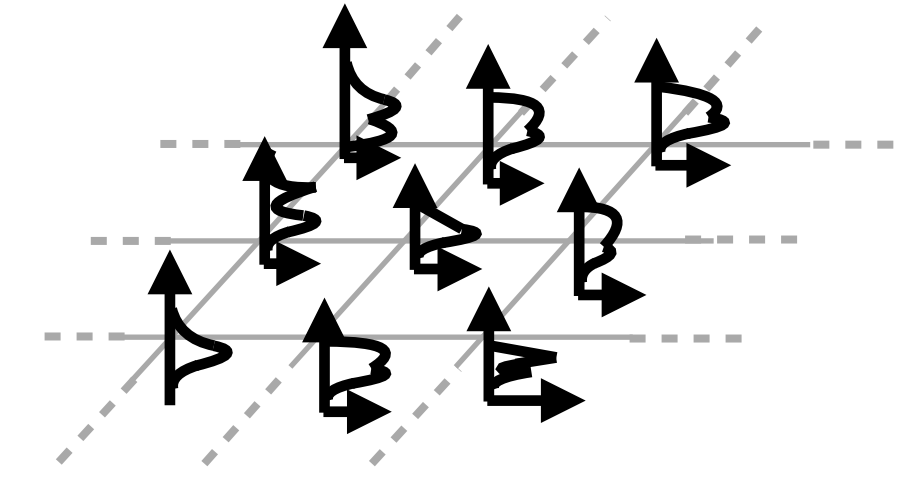
Ground truth



Mean Field



Parametric Distribution  
Field



Nonparametric Distribution  
Field

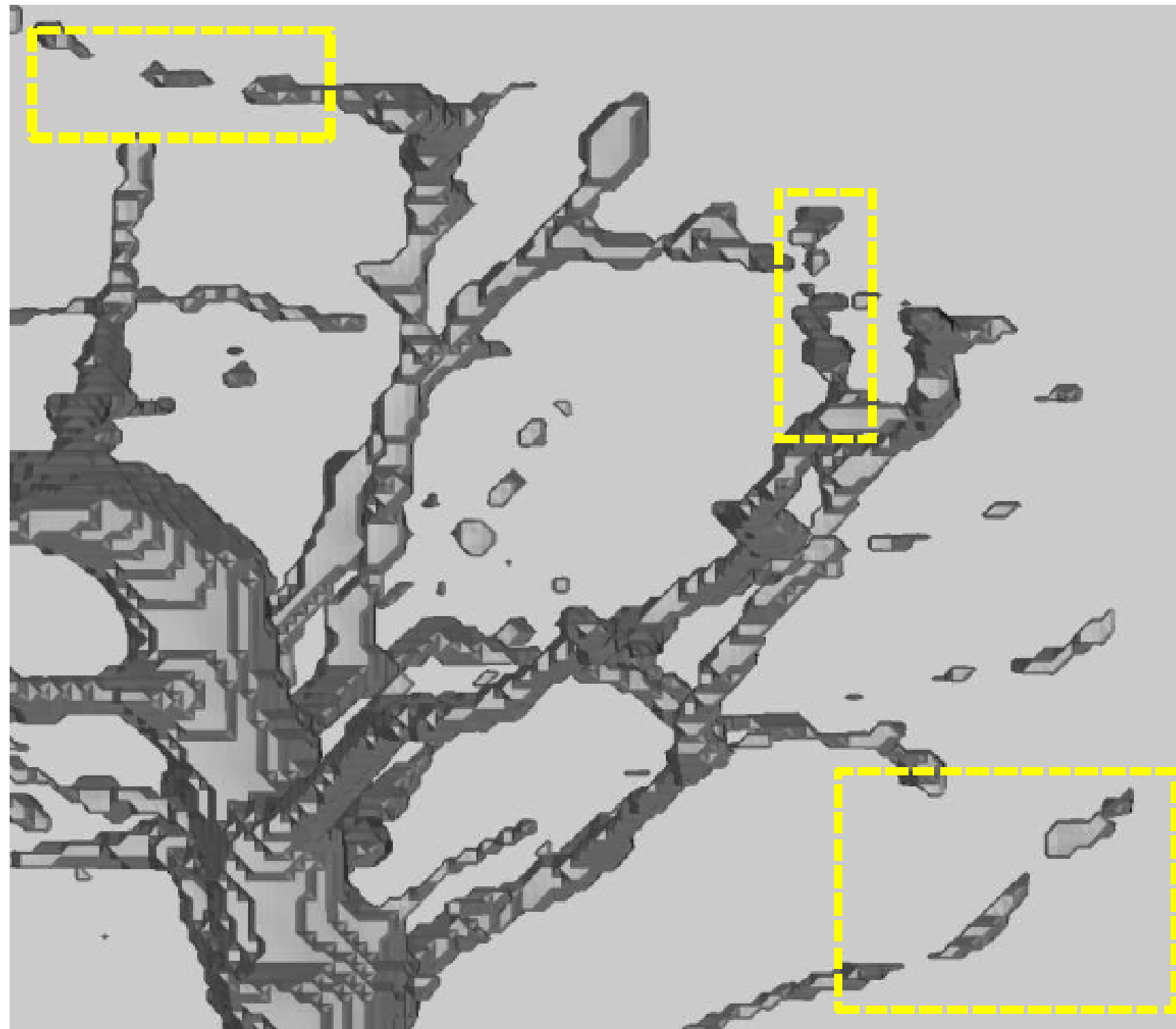
[Athawale and Entezari, 2013;  
Athawale et al., 2016]

(Visualization software: The Geomview,  
Developer: The Geometry Center at the University of Minnesota)

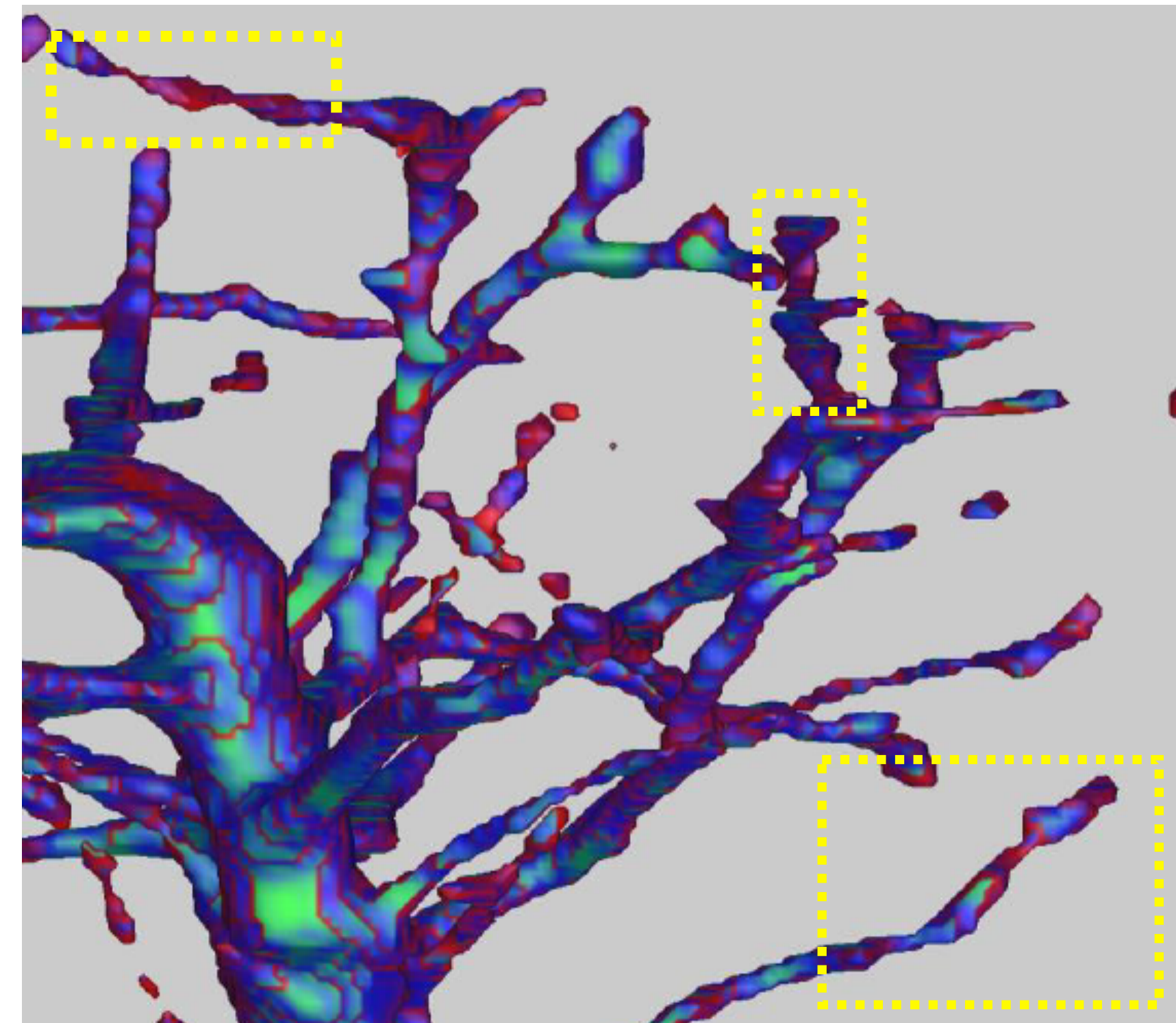


# Isosurface Extraction in Uncertain Data

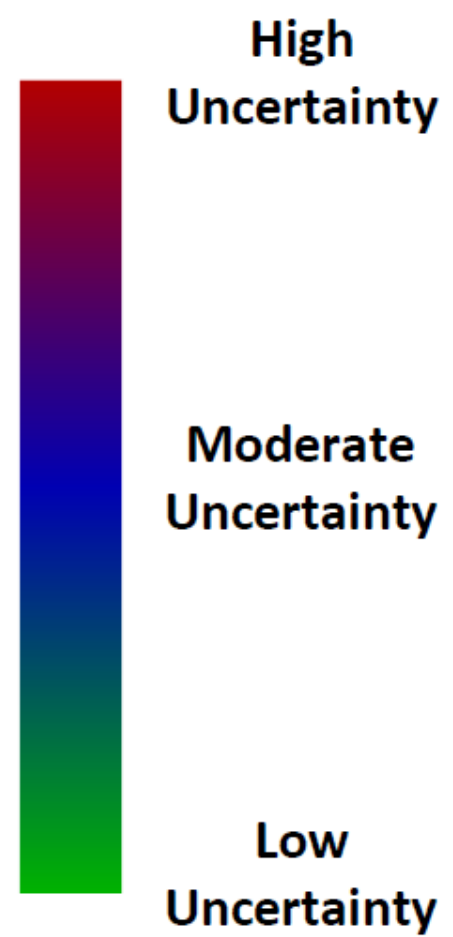
Bonsai tree (real data)



Mean

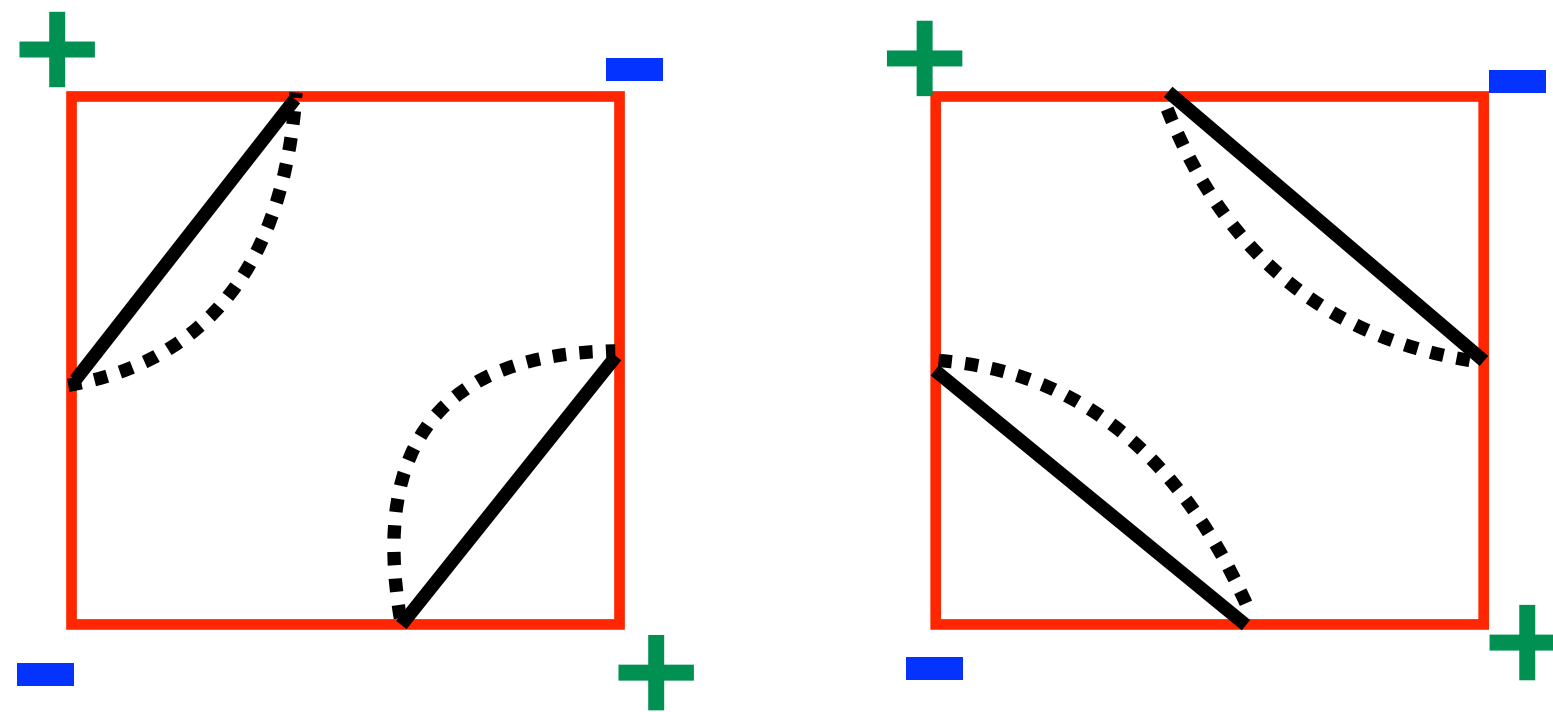


Nonparametric



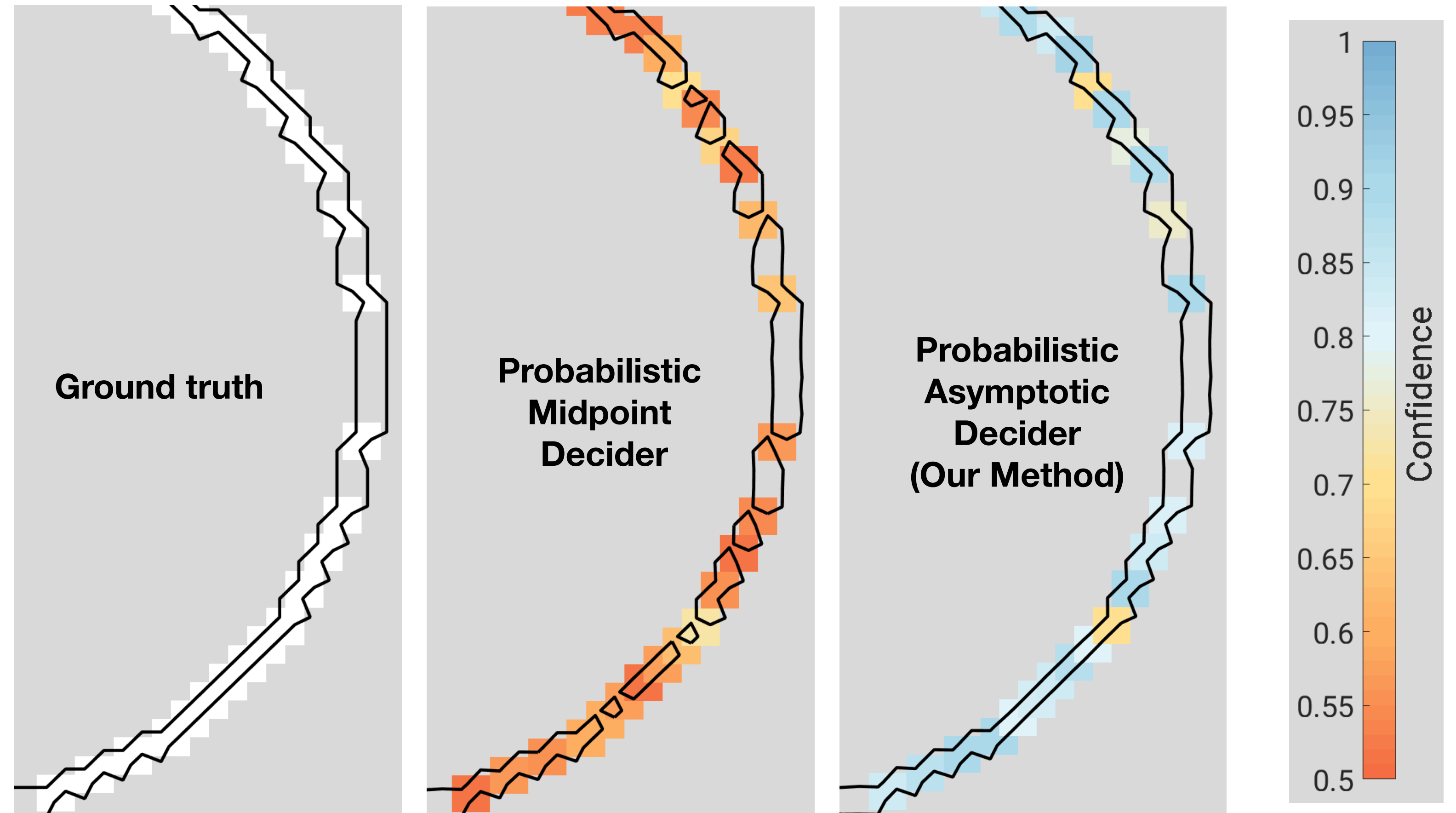
# MSA Ambiguous Case Resolution in Uncertain Data

Concentric circles (synthetic data)

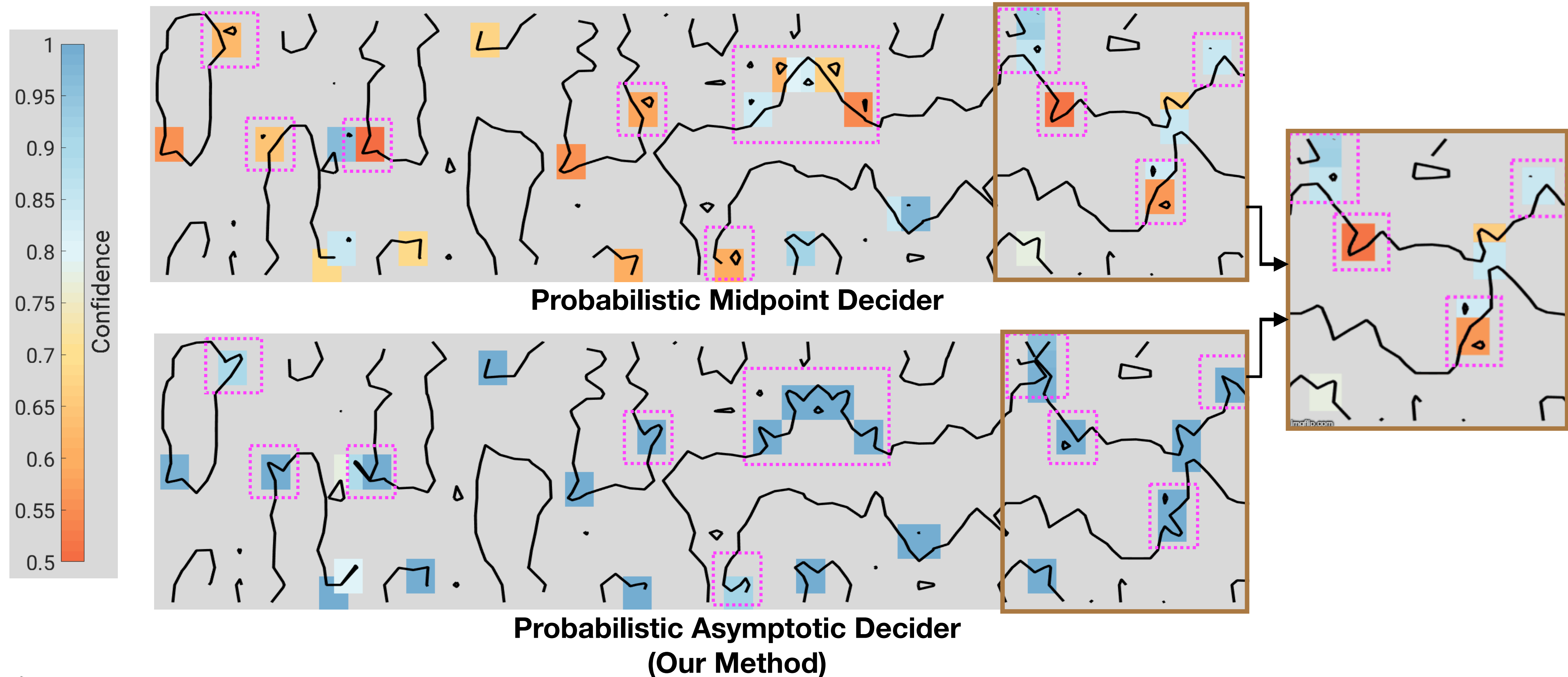


MSA ambiguous case

[Athawale and Johnson, 2018]



# Isocontour Visualizations (Kàrmàn Vortex Street)

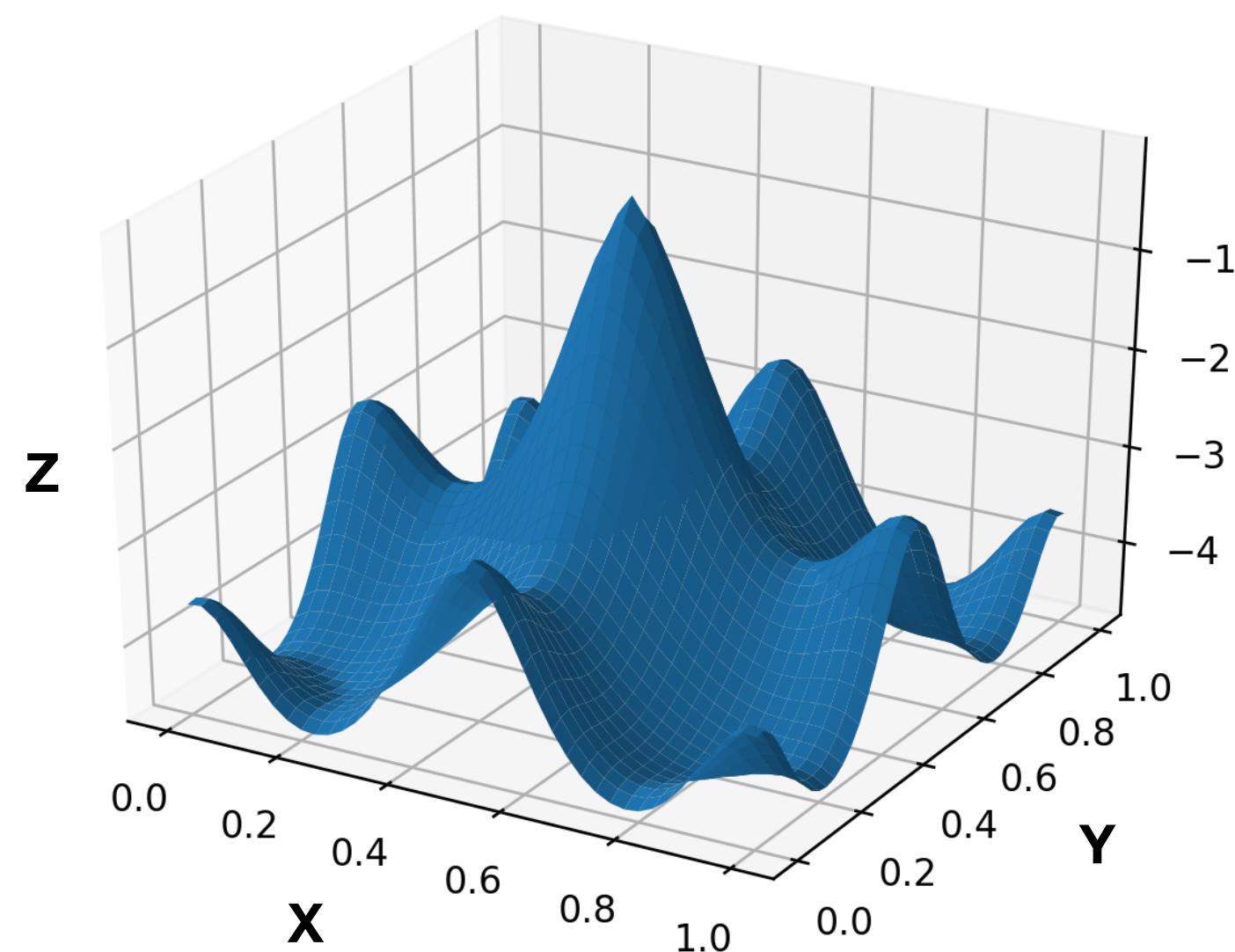


The flow simulation dataset is courtesy of the Gerris project [Popinet, 2003]

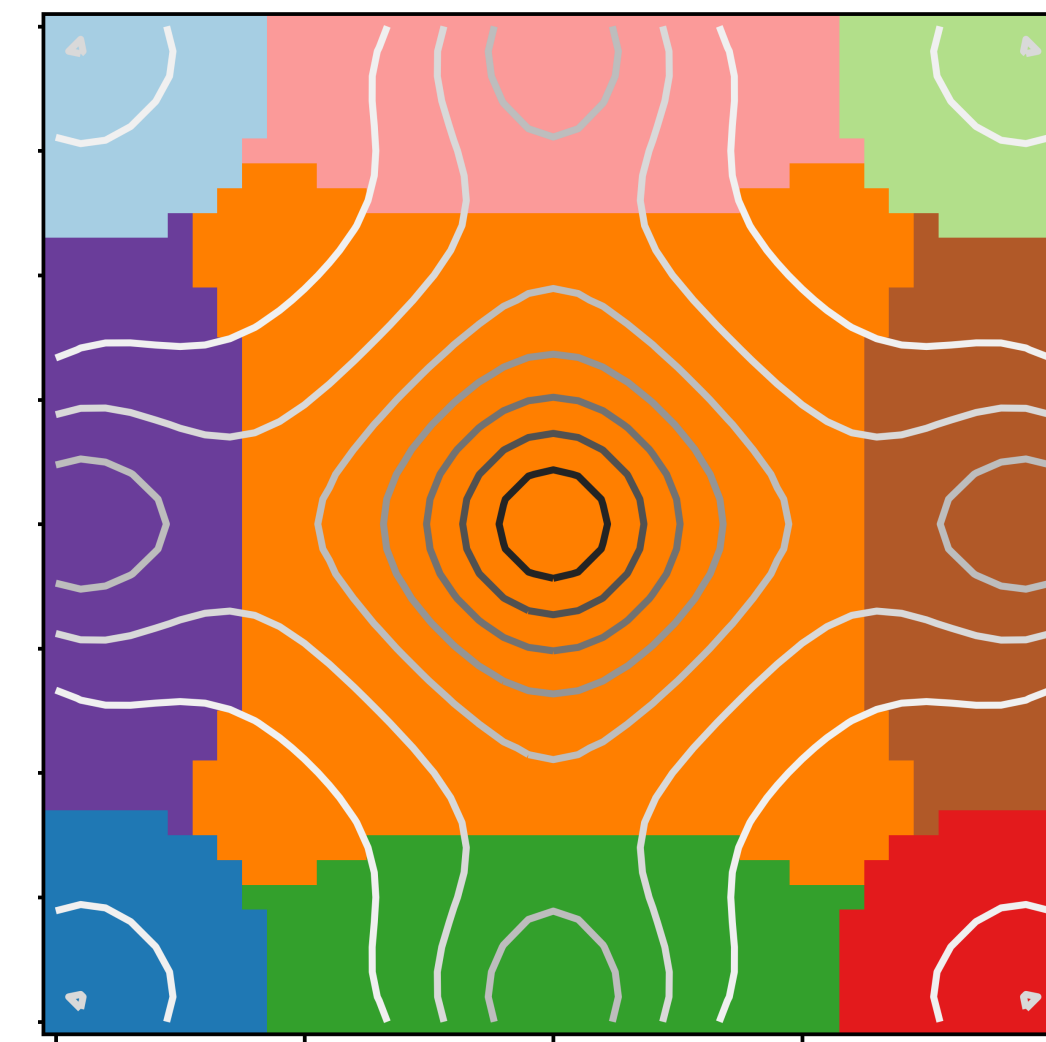


# Morse Complex Visualizations

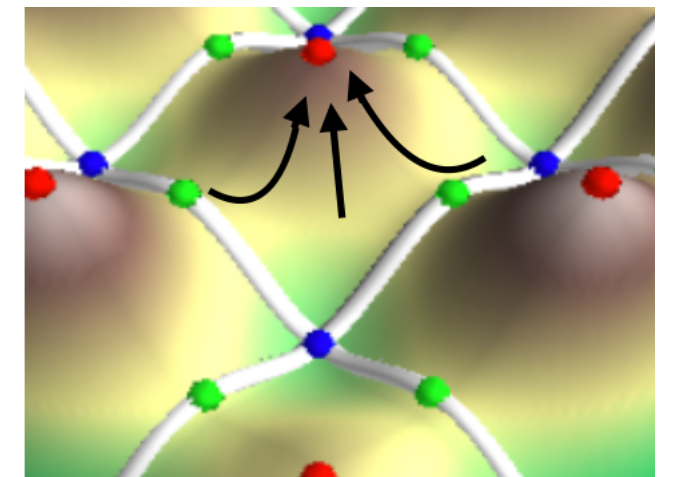
Topological descriptors, which provide an abstract representation of gradient flows of a scalar field



The Ackley function  
[Ackley D. H., 1987]

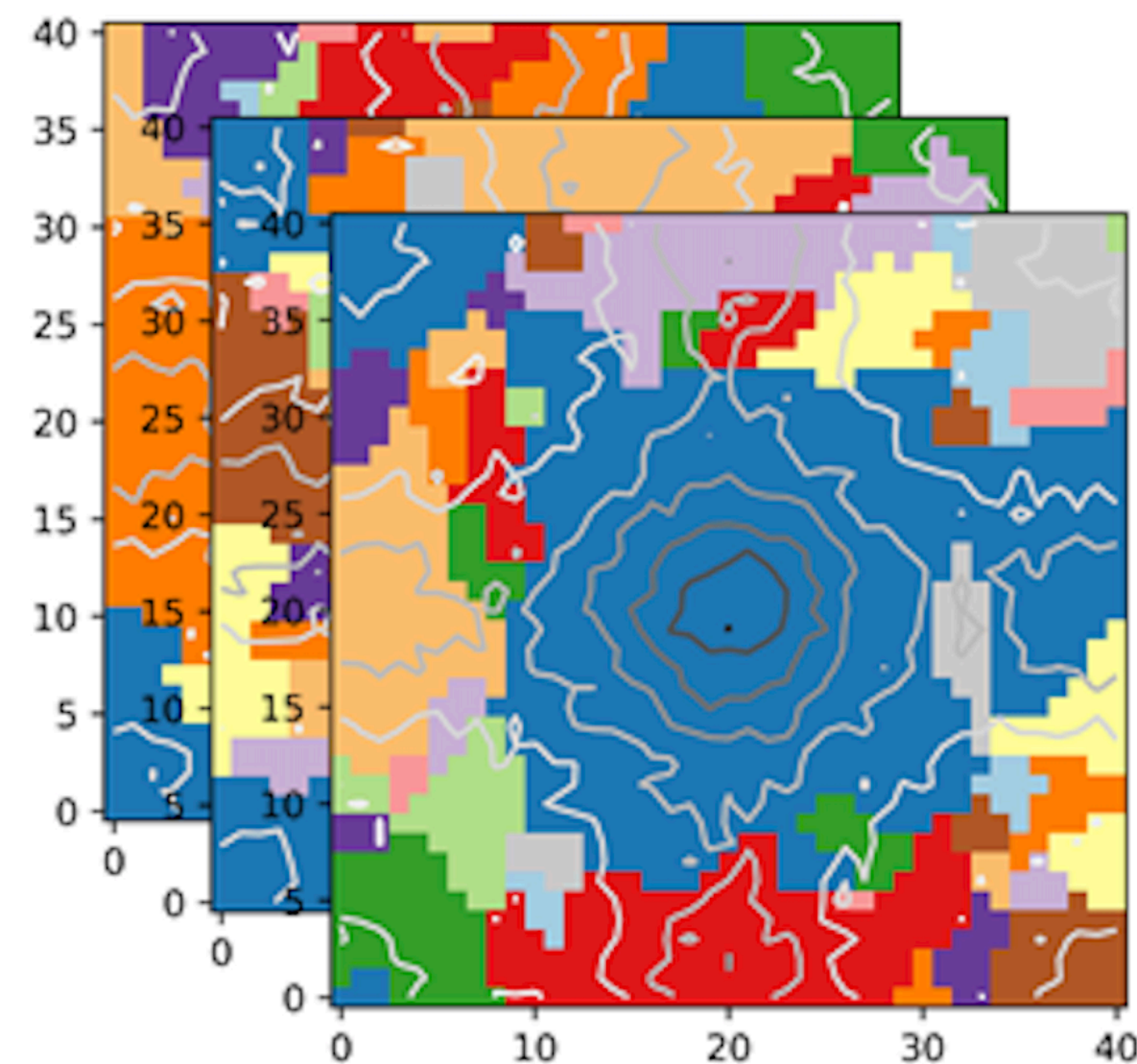


Morse complex visualization  
of the Ackley function



# Uncertainty Visualization of Morse Complexes

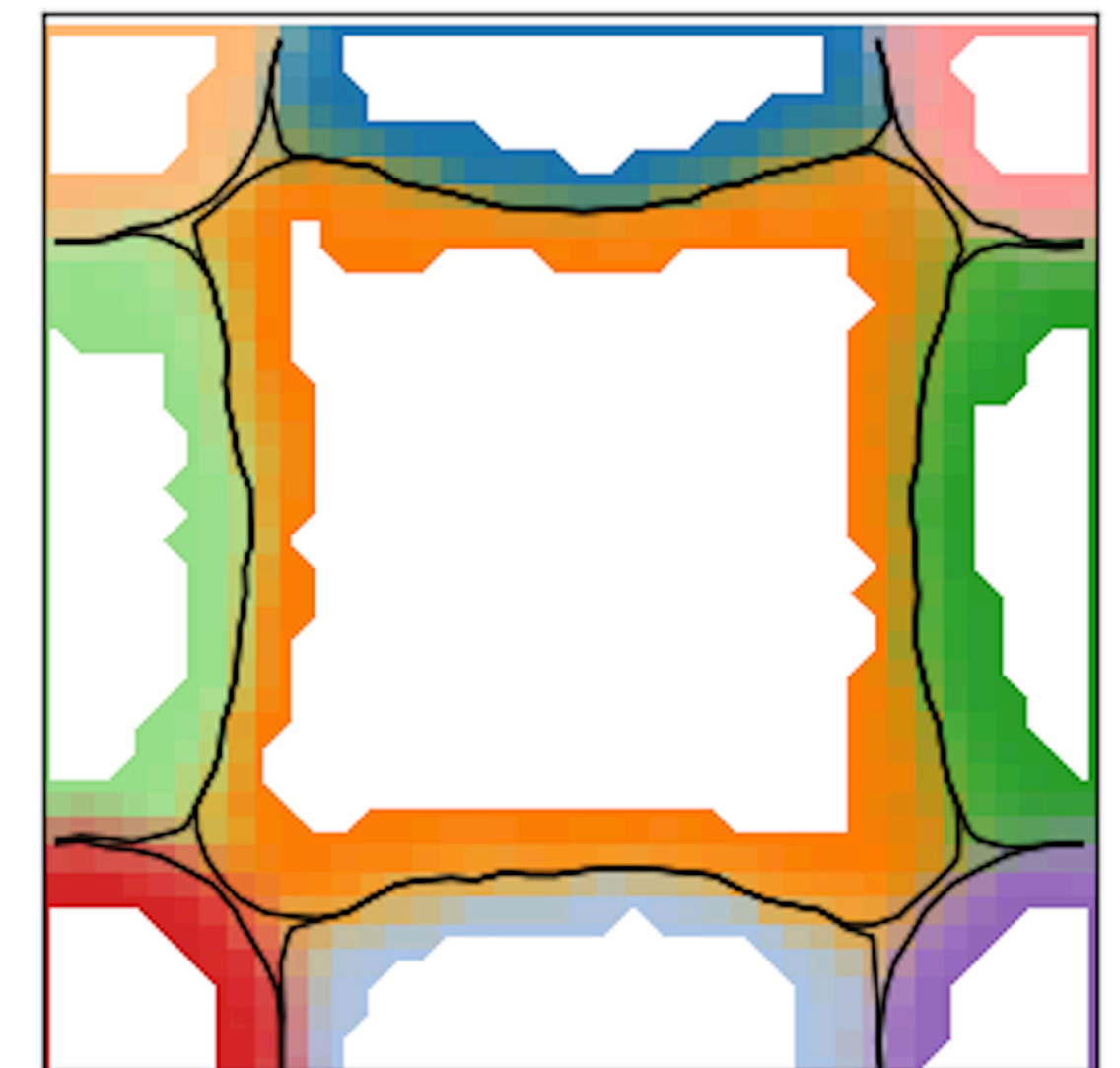
Visualize agreement/certainty and disagreement/uncertainty among abstract Morse complexes for ensembles



**Ensemble of  
Morse Complexes**



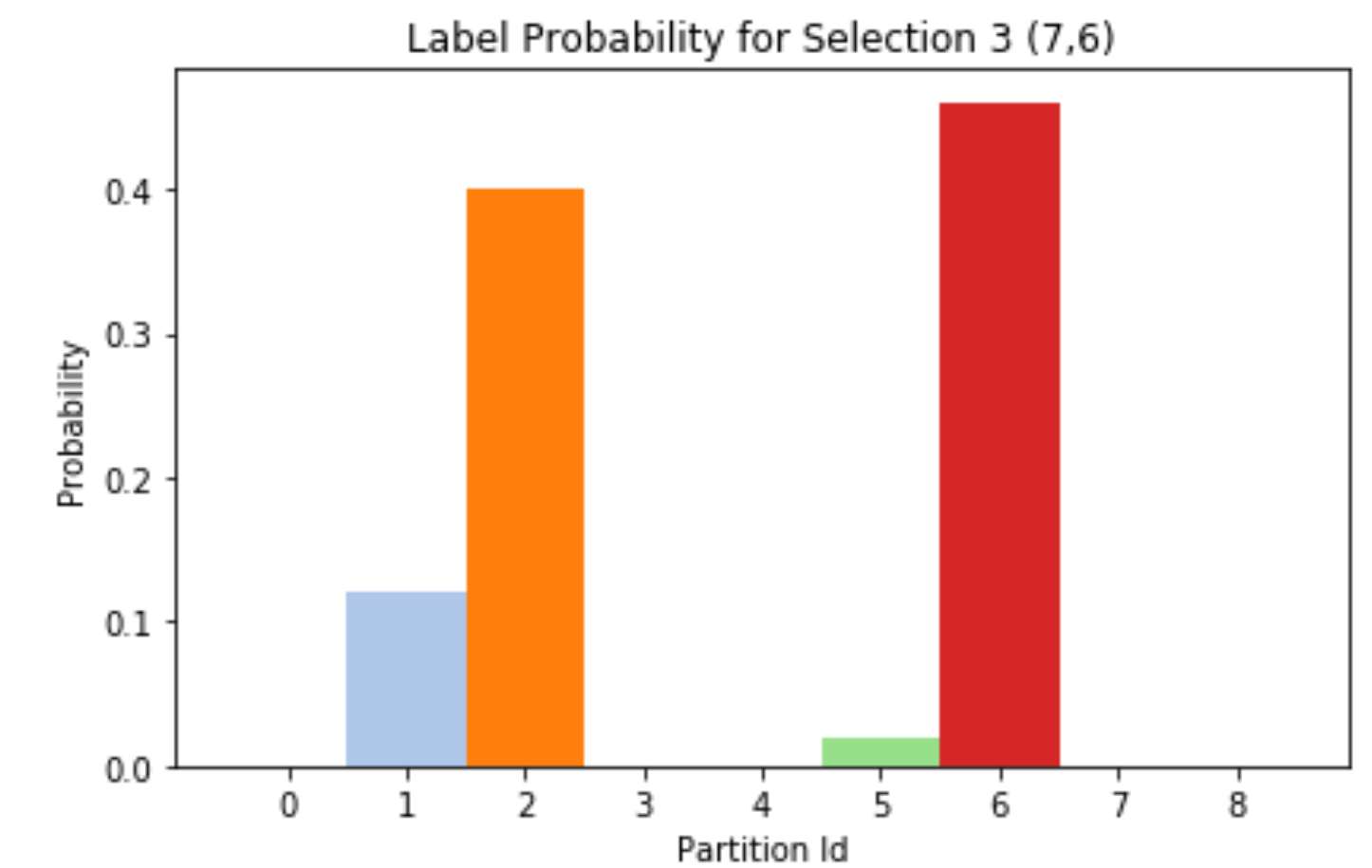
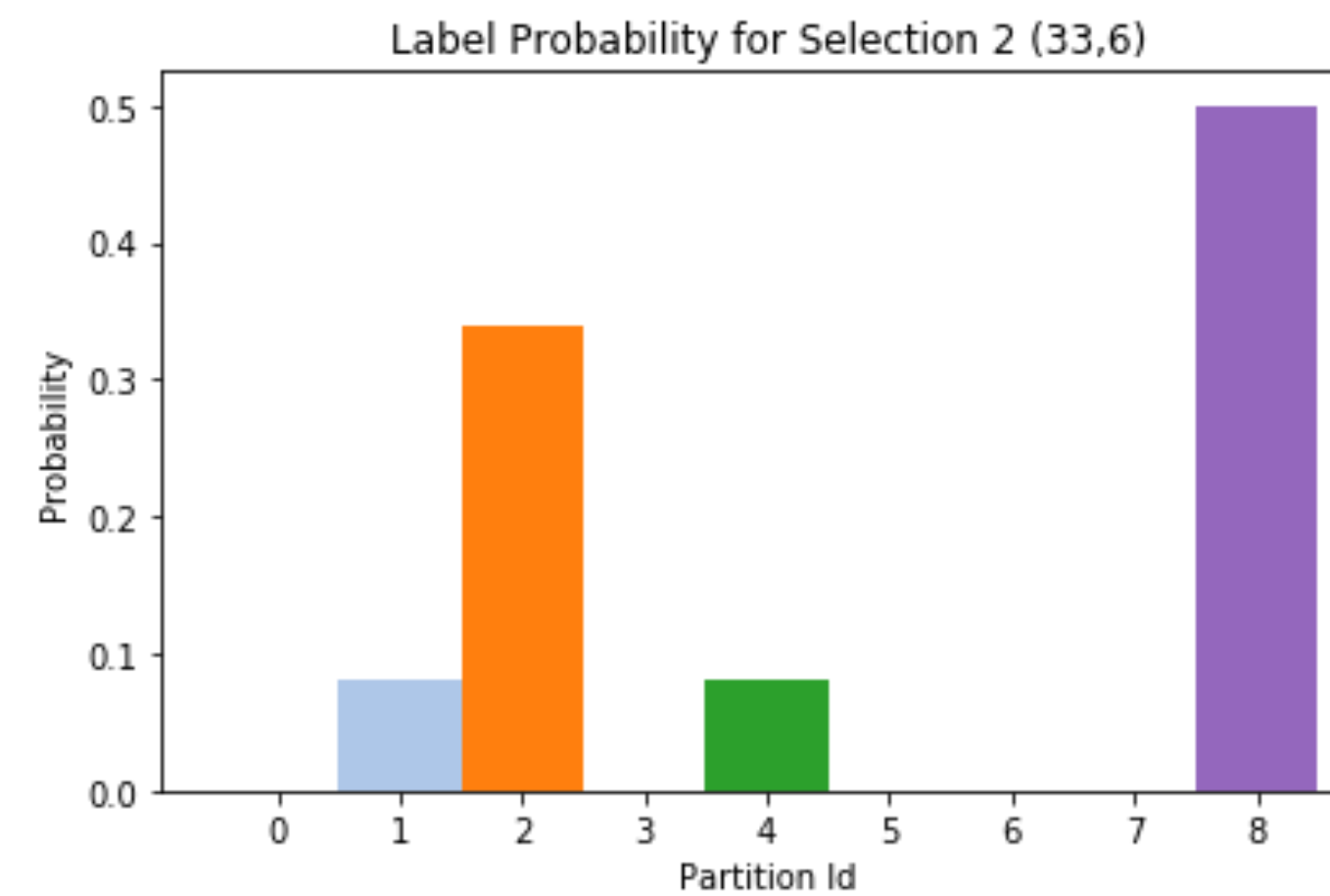
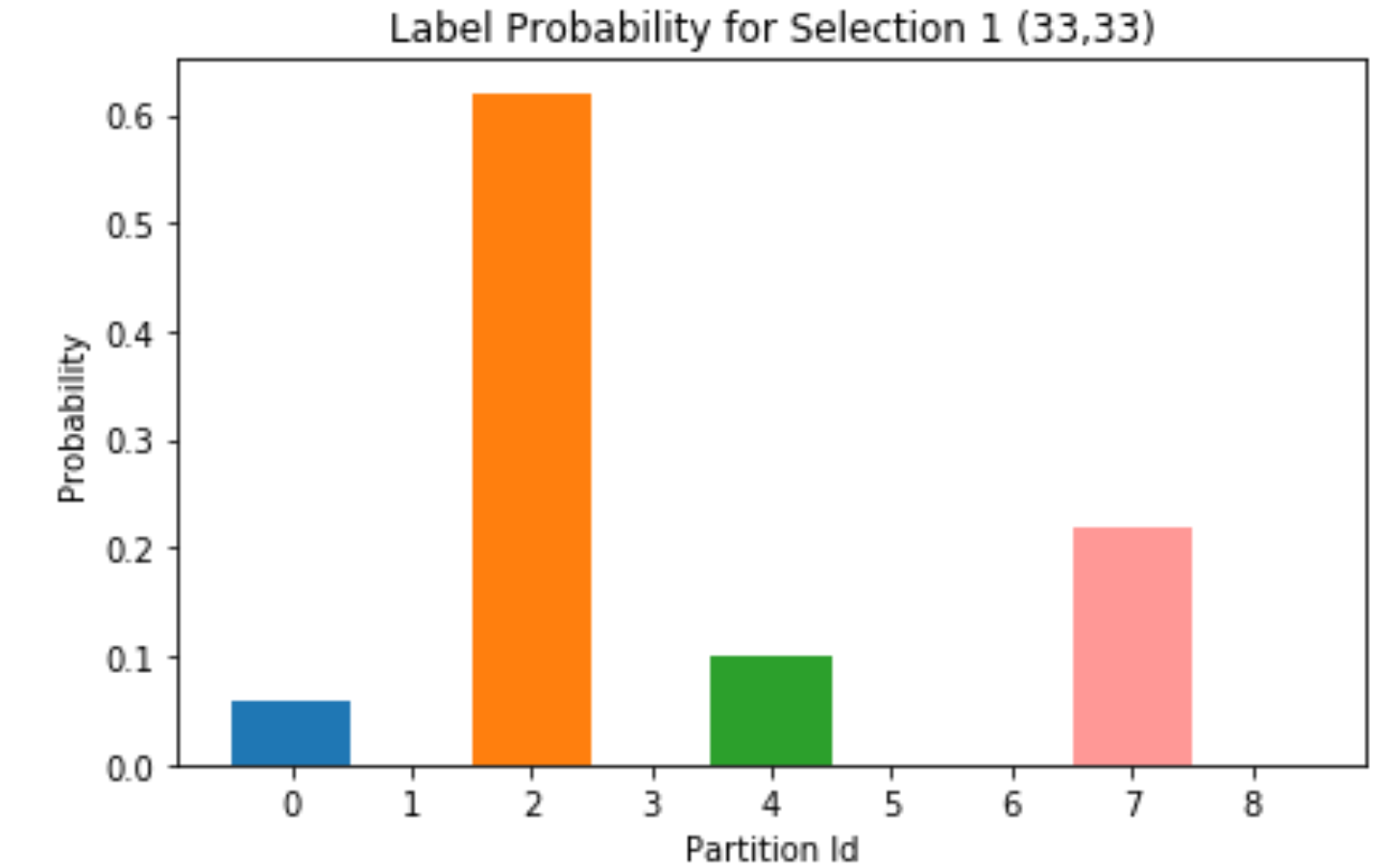
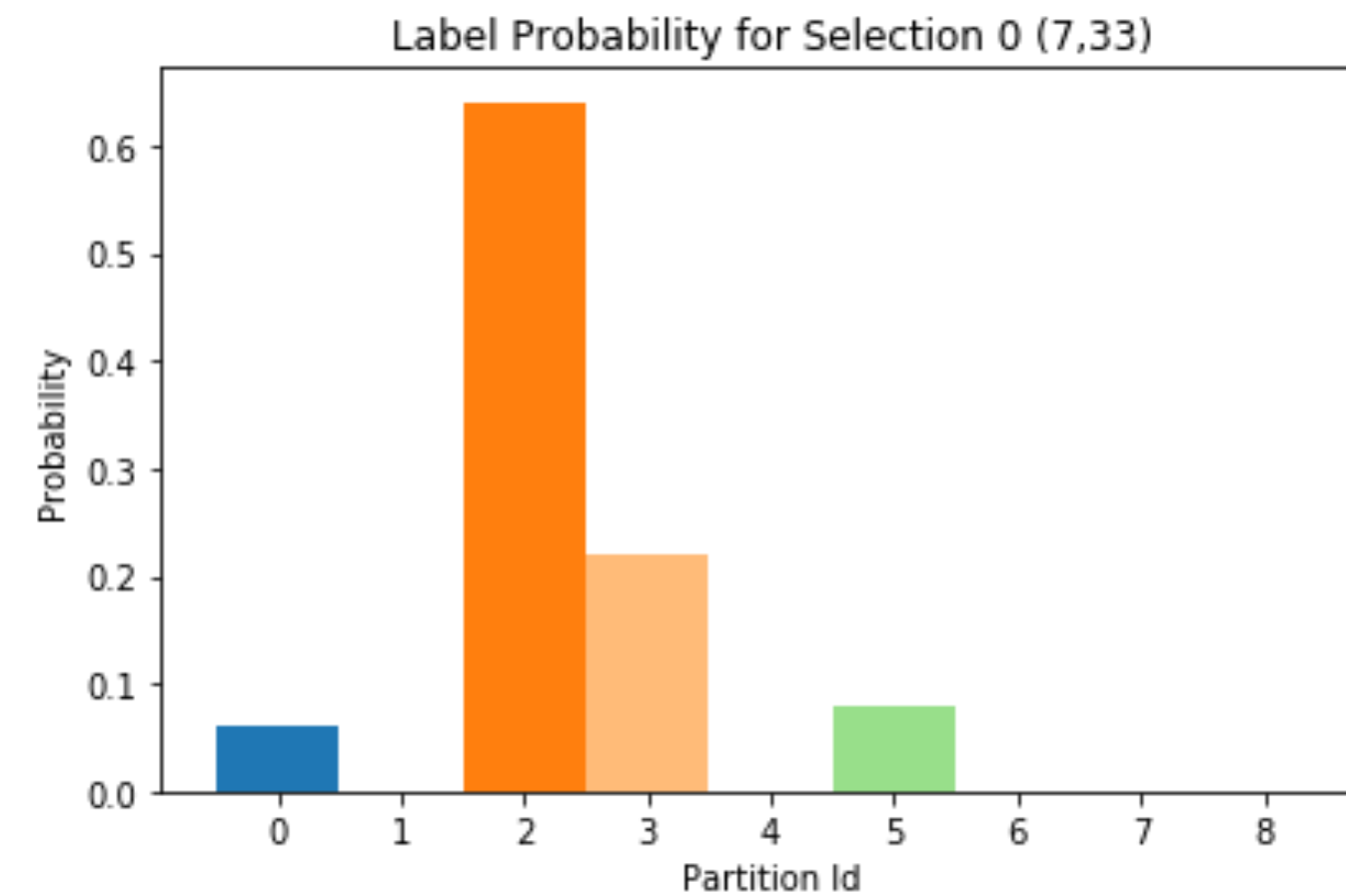
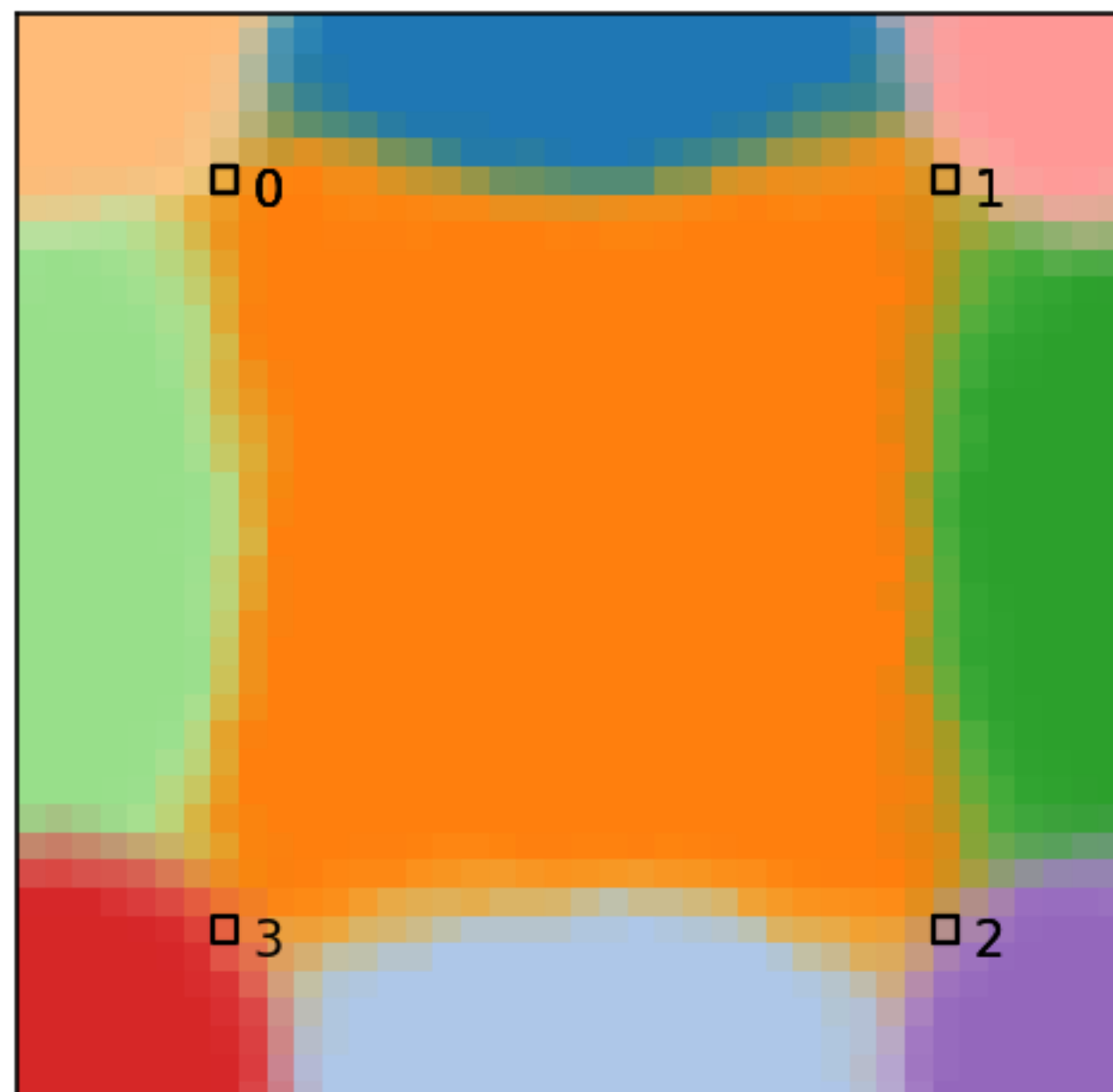
**Agreement Regions**



**Uncertainty Regions**

T. M. Athawale, D. Maljovec, C. R. Johnson, V. Pascucci, and B. Wang; **Uncertainty Visualization of 2D Morse Complex Ensembles using Statistical Summary Maps** (in progress).

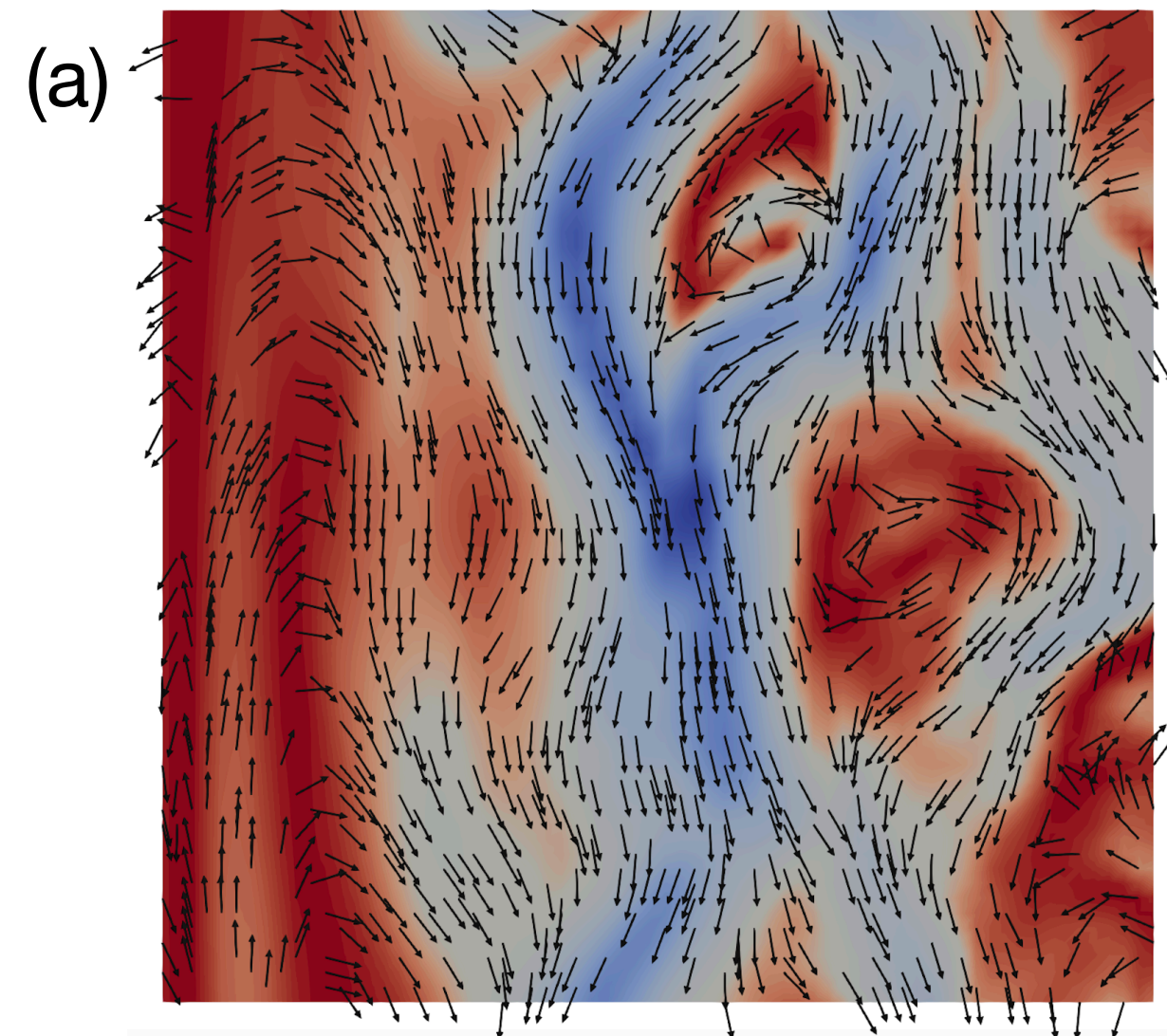
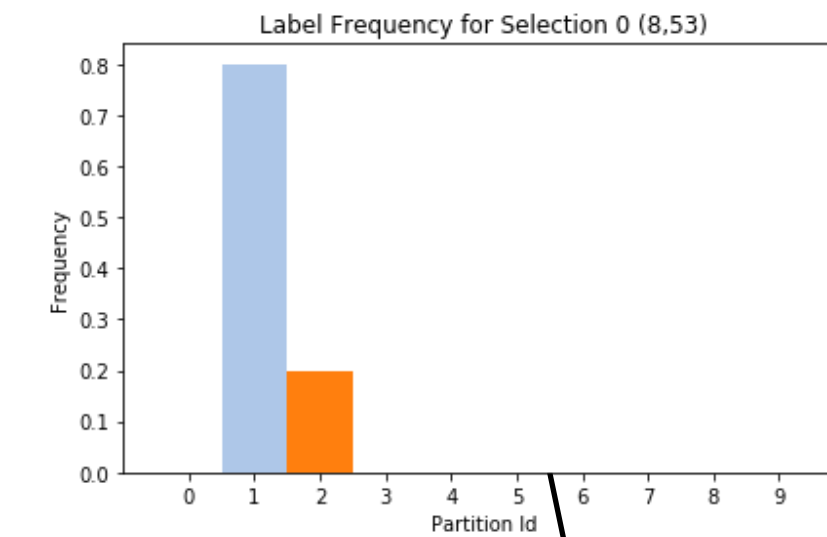
# Interactive PDF Queries for Uncertain Regions



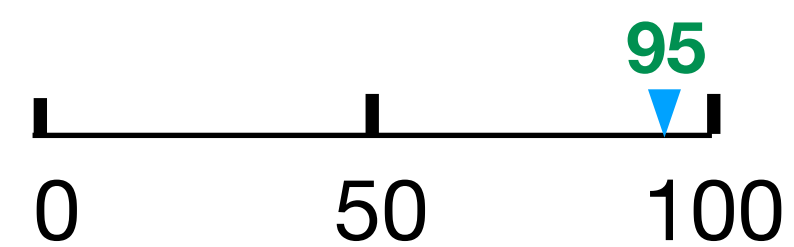
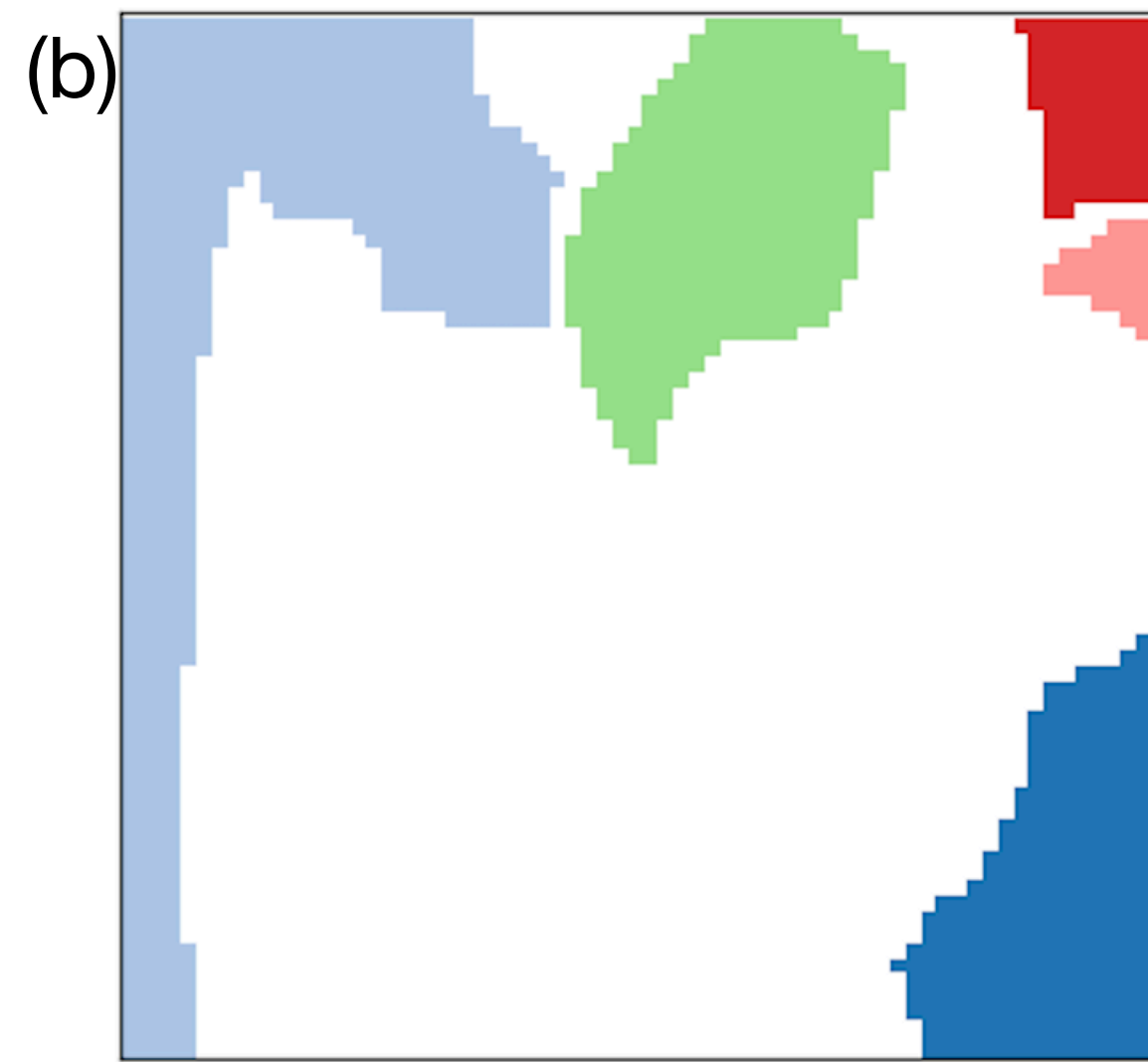
[K. Potter, R. M. Kirby, D. Xiu, and C. R. Johnson; Interactive Visualization of Probability and Cumulative Density Functions; 2011]

# Uncertainty-Aware Morse Complex Visualizations

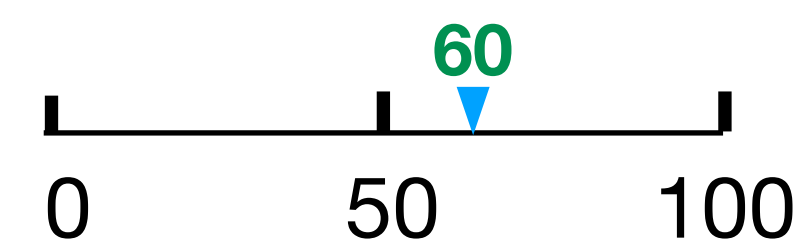
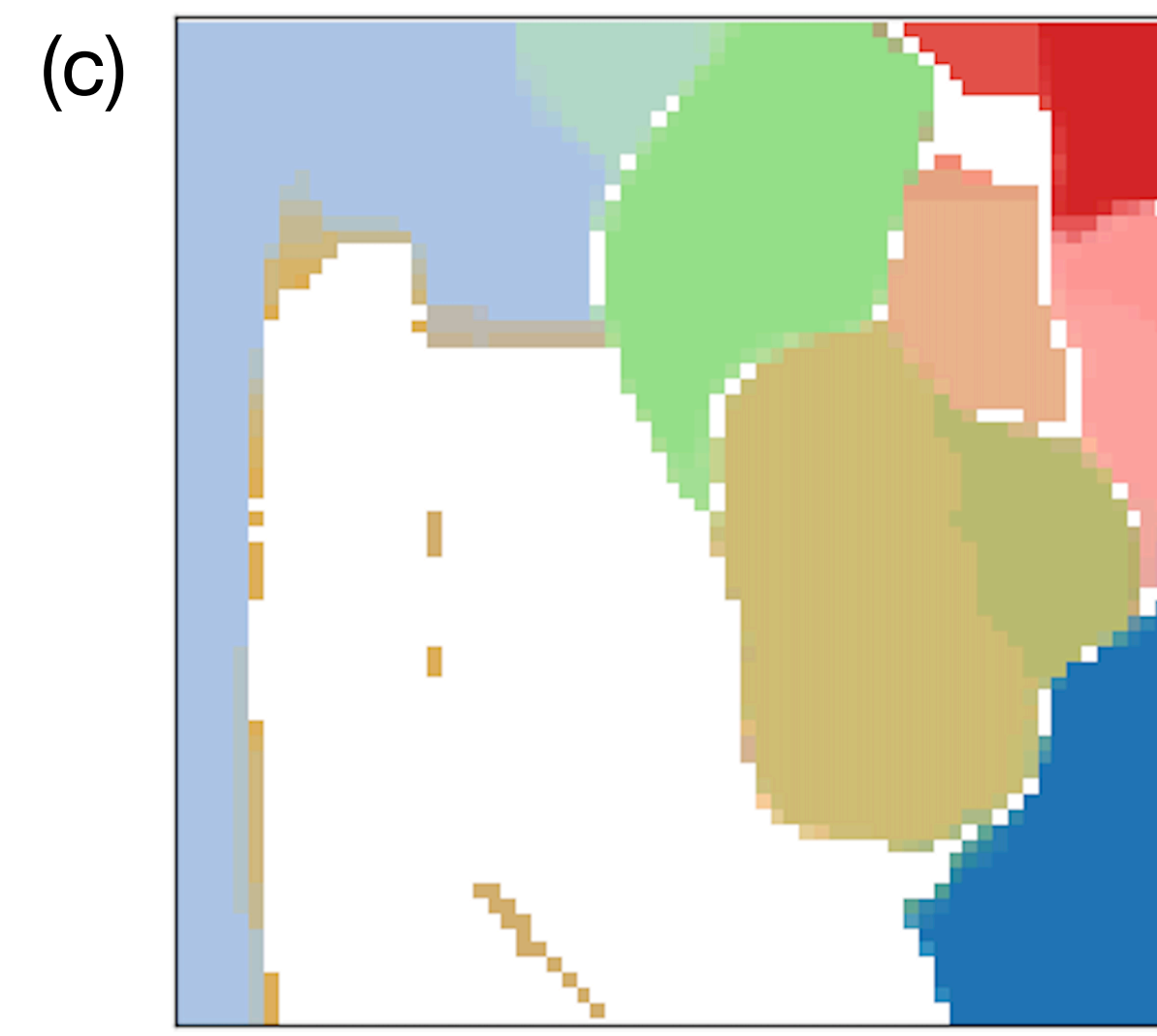
Agreement Level: the minimum percentage of ensemble realizations for which a domain position (x,y) flows to a same cluster. For example, in the rightmost image, the point 0 flows to the blue cluster for at least 50% of realizations (precisely in 80% cases)



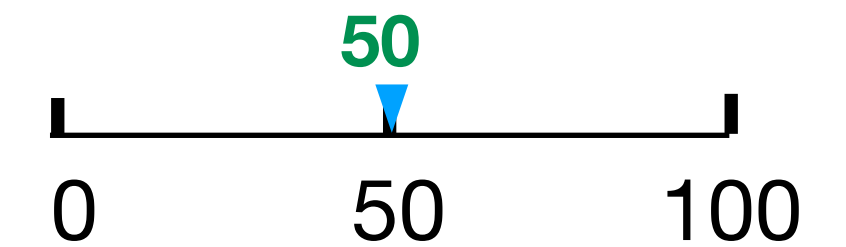
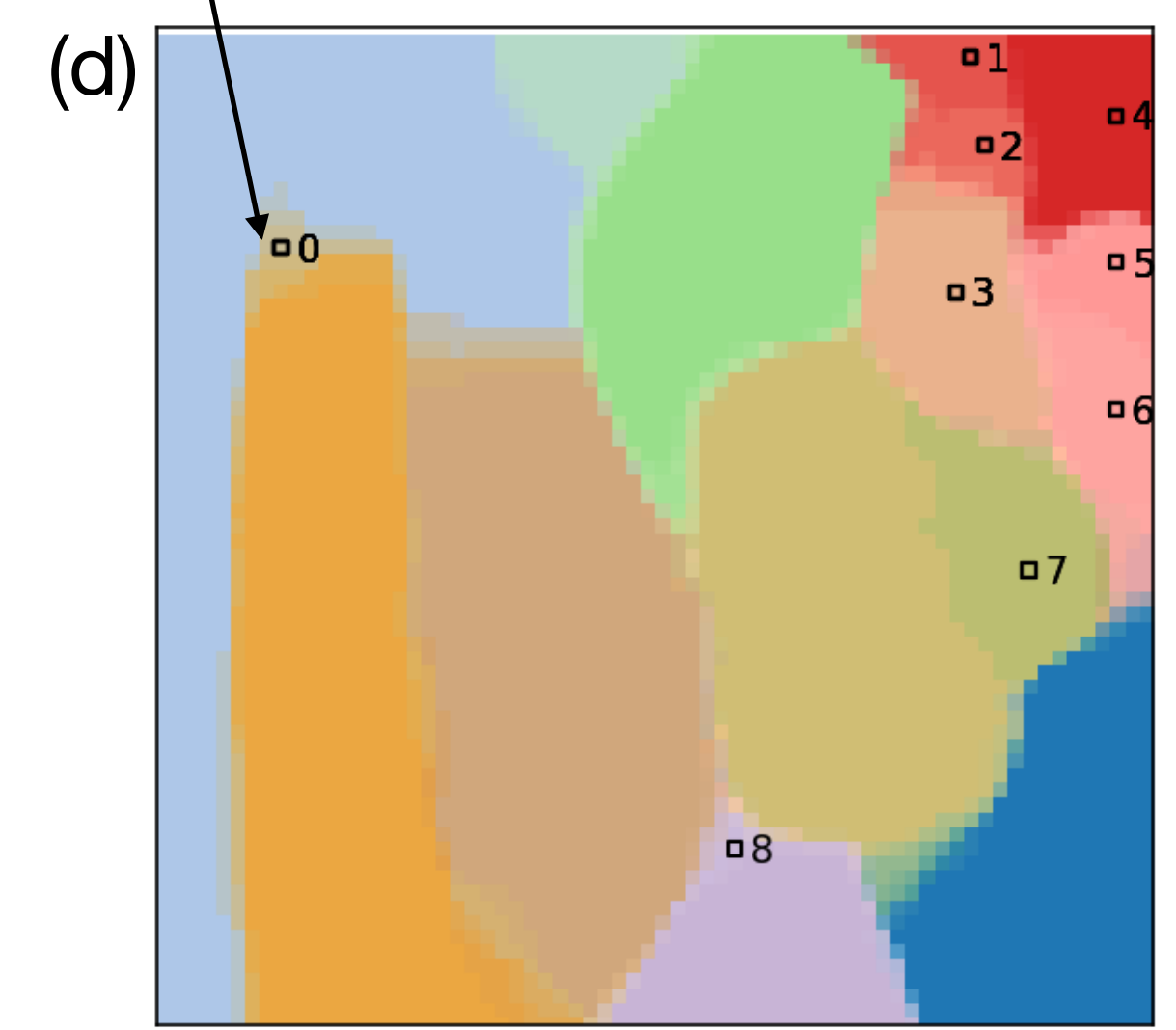
Mean-field



Agreement



Agreement

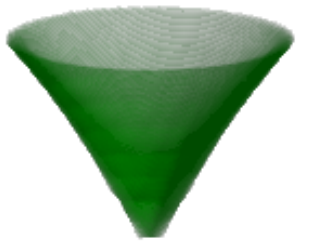
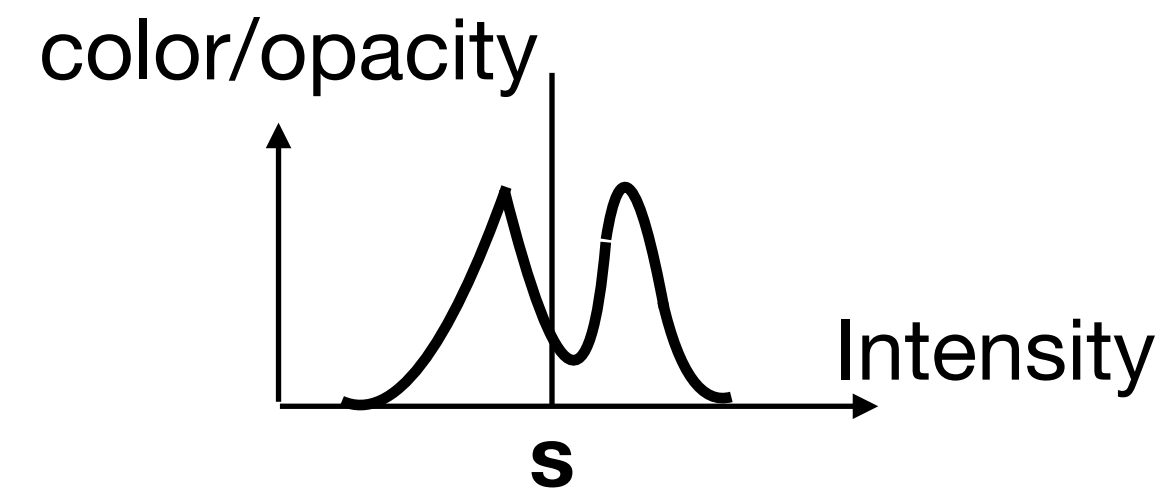
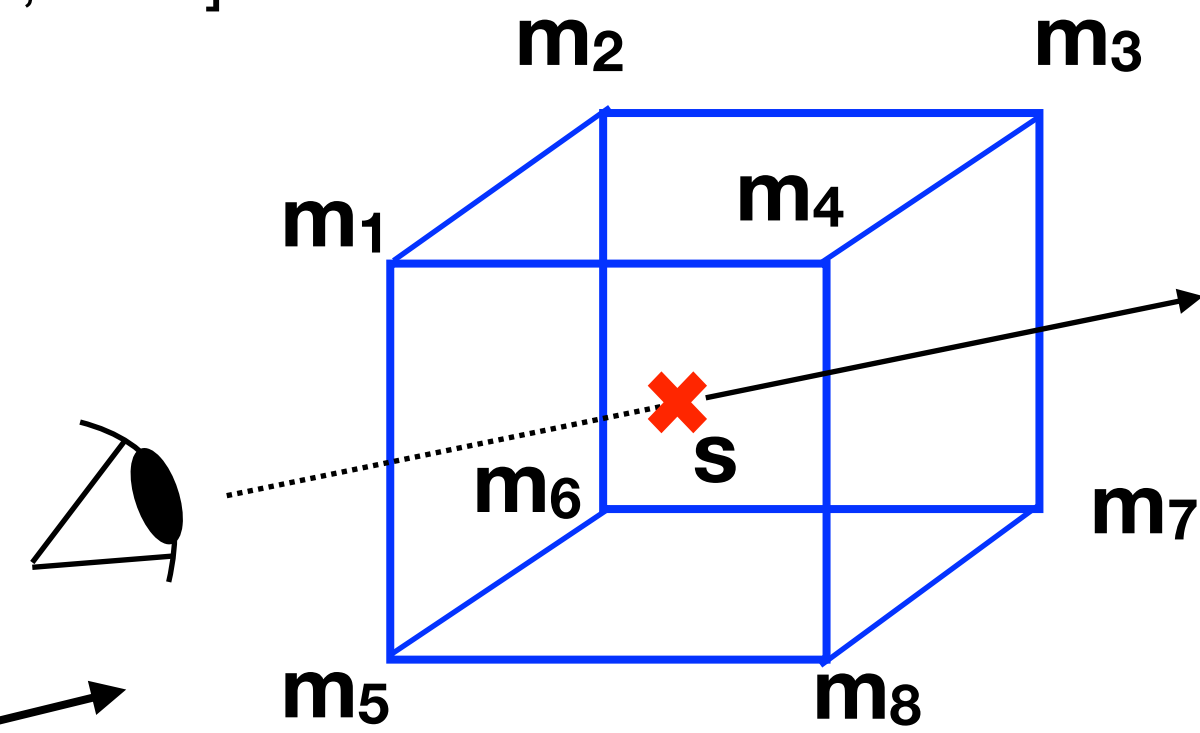


Agreement

# Direct Volume Rendering of Uncertain Data

[Liu et al., 2012; Sakhaee and Entezari, 2017]

The teardrop function [Knoll et al., 2009]



Mean

Reduce

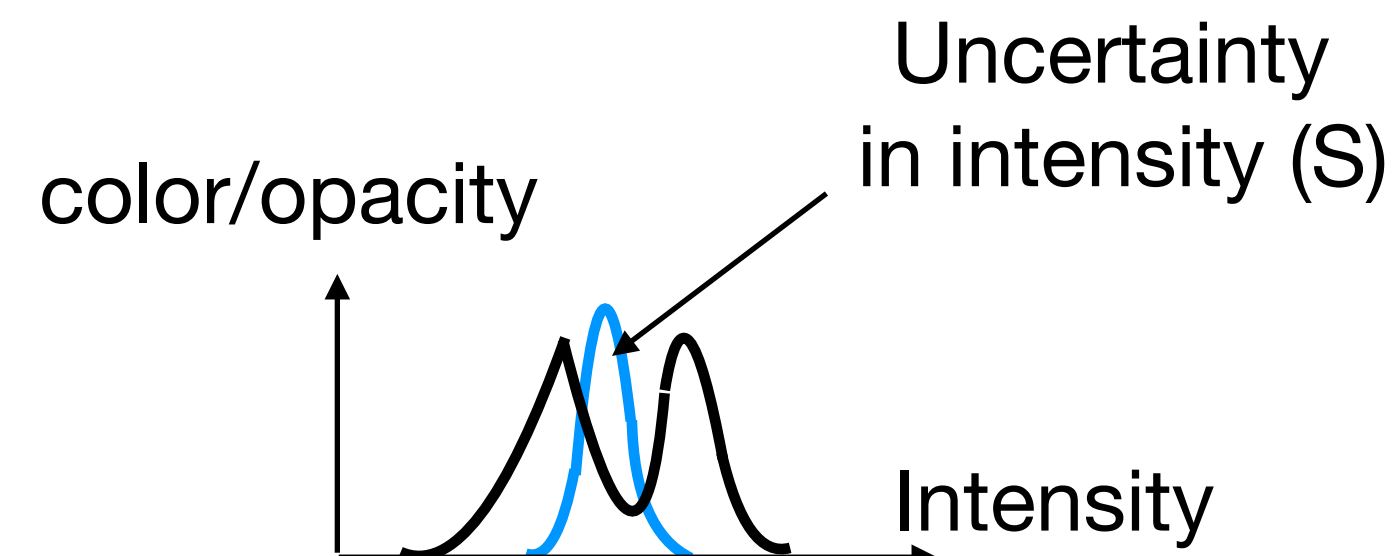
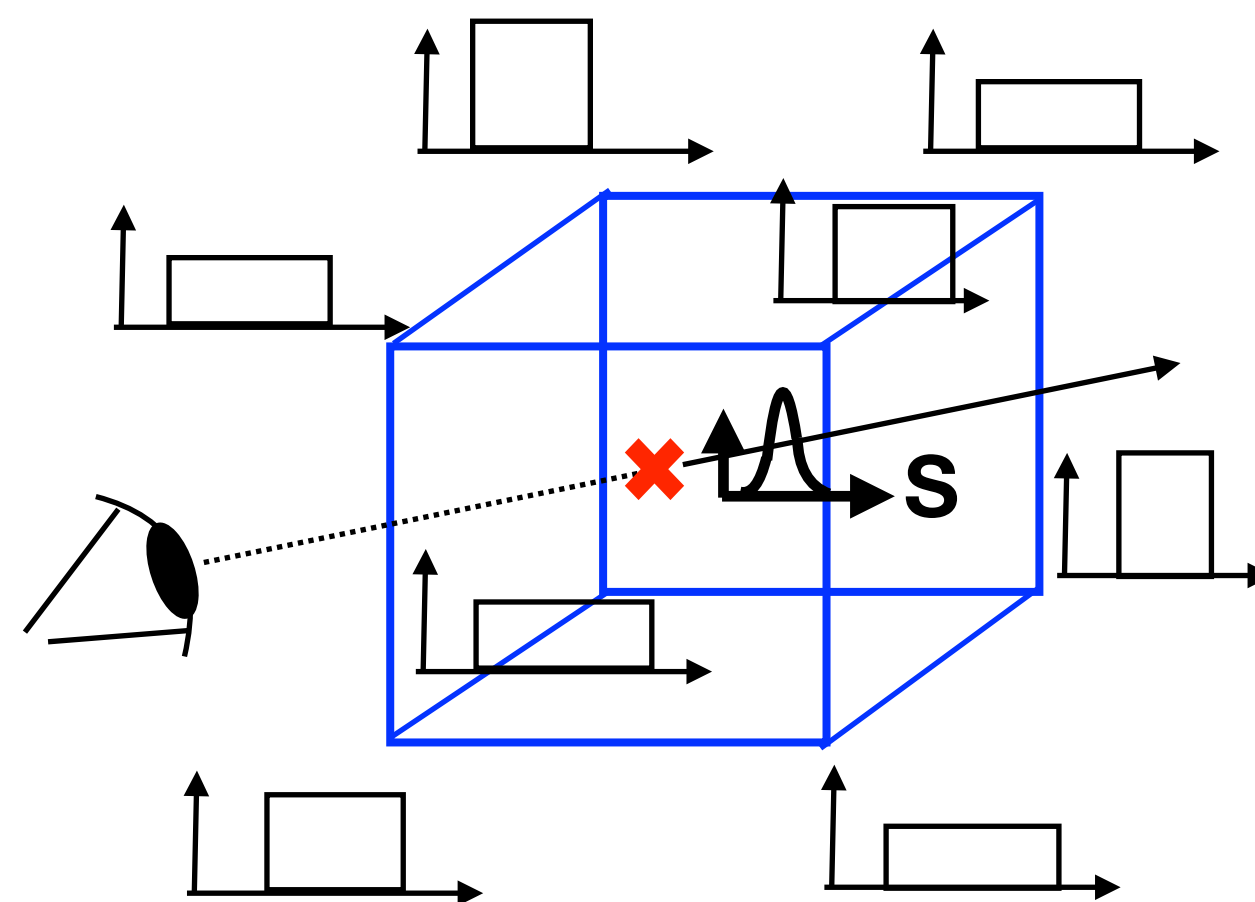
Parametric

Reconstruction

Transfer  
Function  
Classification

Shading

Compositing



# DVR of Uncertain Data (Nonparametric)



**Ground truth**



**Mean**



**Parametric**

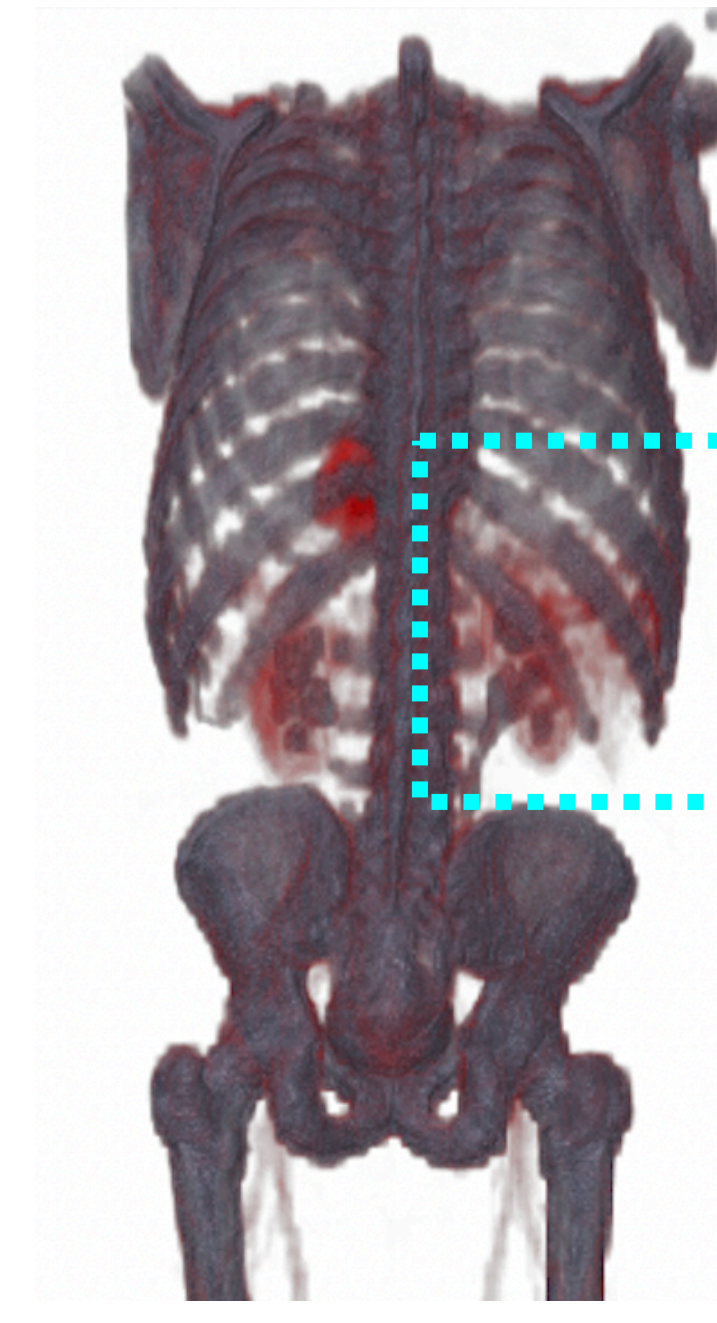


**Nonparametric (New)**

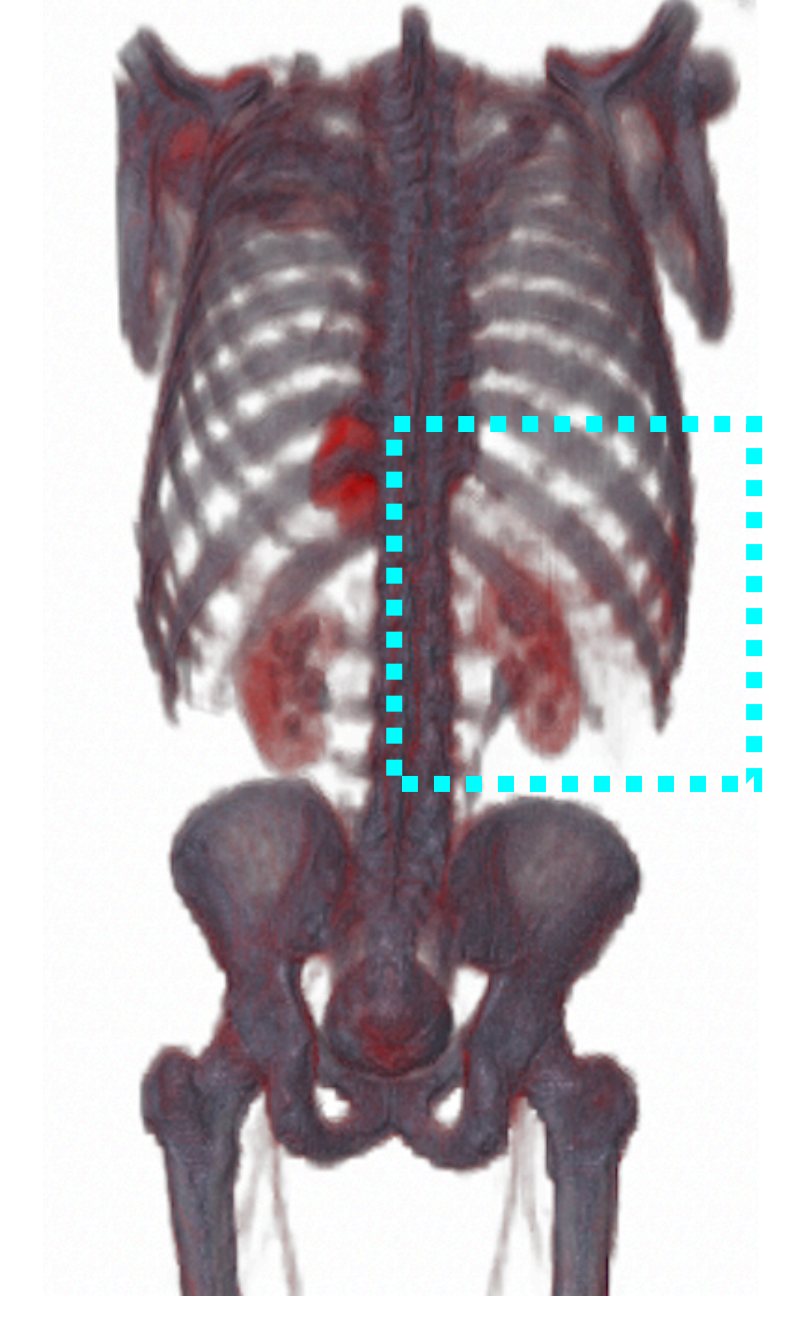
The teardrop function



**Groundtruth**



**Parametric**



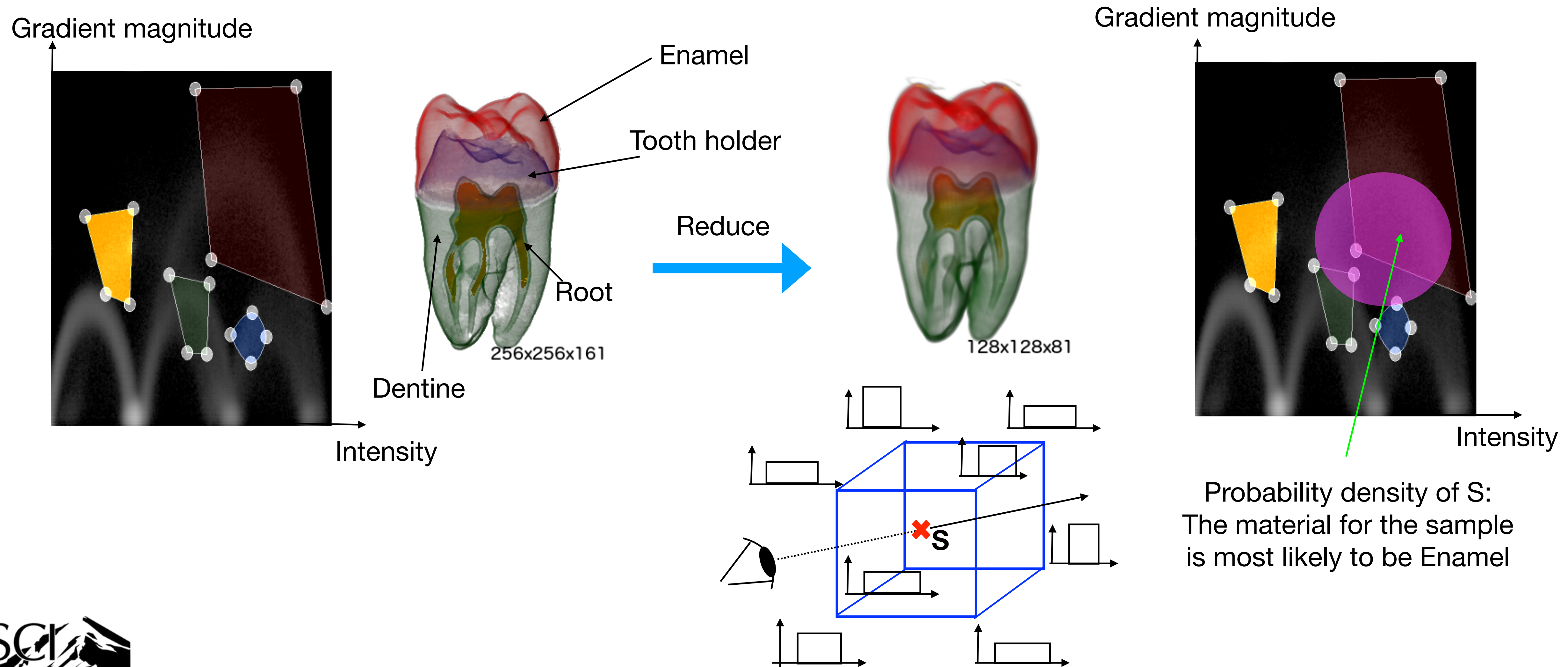
**Nonparametric (New)**

Osirix OBELIX dataset (<http://medvis.org/datasets/>)

T. M. Athawale, B. Ma, E. Sakhaee, L. Zhou, C. R. Johnson, and A. Entezari; **Nonparametric Models for Direct Volume Rendering of Uncertain Data Using Multidimensional Transfer Functions** (in progress)

# DVR of Uncertain Data (2D Transfer Functions)

[Kniss et al., 2002]



# A Statistical Framework for Visualization of Positional Uncertainty in Deep Brain Stimulation Electrodes

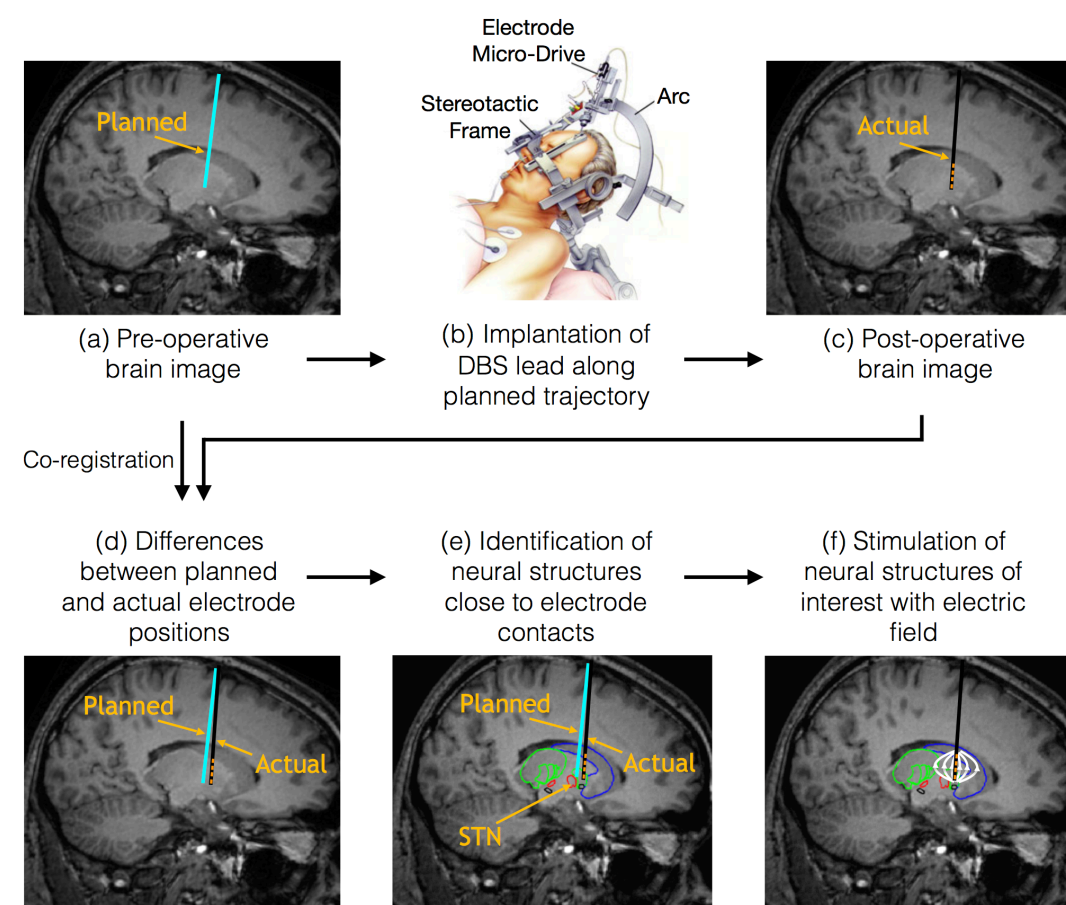
Tushar Athawale<sup>1</sup>, Ph.D. ([tushar.athawale@sci.utah.edu](mailto:tushar.athawale@sci.utah.edu)); Kara Johnson<sup>2</sup>; Chris R. Butson<sup>2</sup>, Ph.D.; and Chris R. Johnson<sup>1</sup>, Ph.D.

<sup>1</sup>Scientific Computing & Imaging (SCI) Institute, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, USA; <sup>2</sup>Department of Biomedical Engineering, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, USA



## Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

- An FDA-approved neurosurgical procedure for treating patients with movement disorders, e.g., Parkinson's and dystonia.

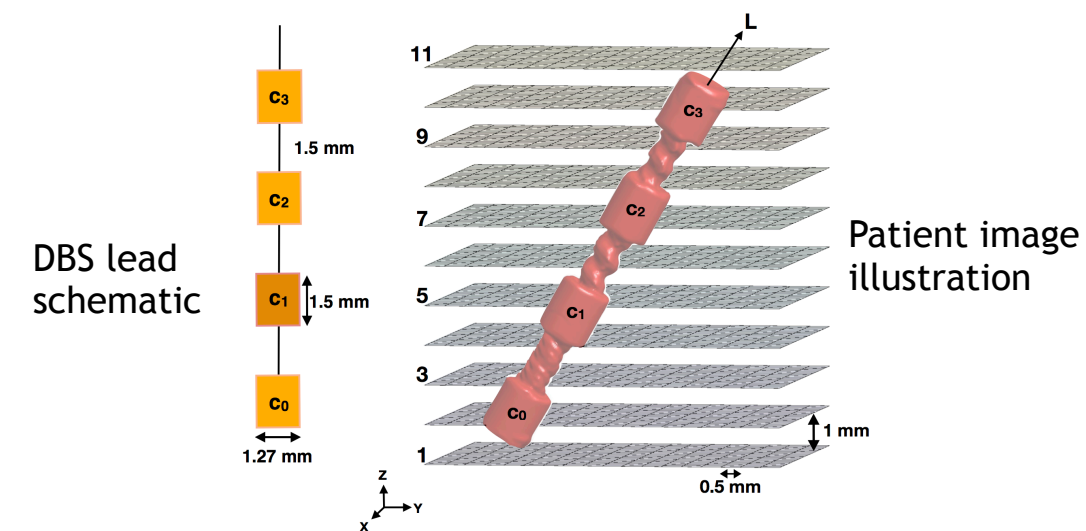


- The effectiveness of DBS depends upon physician's knowledge regarding precise *DBS electrode positions* in the patient brain.
- The role of post-operative DBS imaging:
  - Understand DBS electrode positions in the patient brain.
  - Mitigate the uncertainty in DBS electrode positions arising from mechanical inaccuracies of stereotactic frames [1] and brain shift [2].

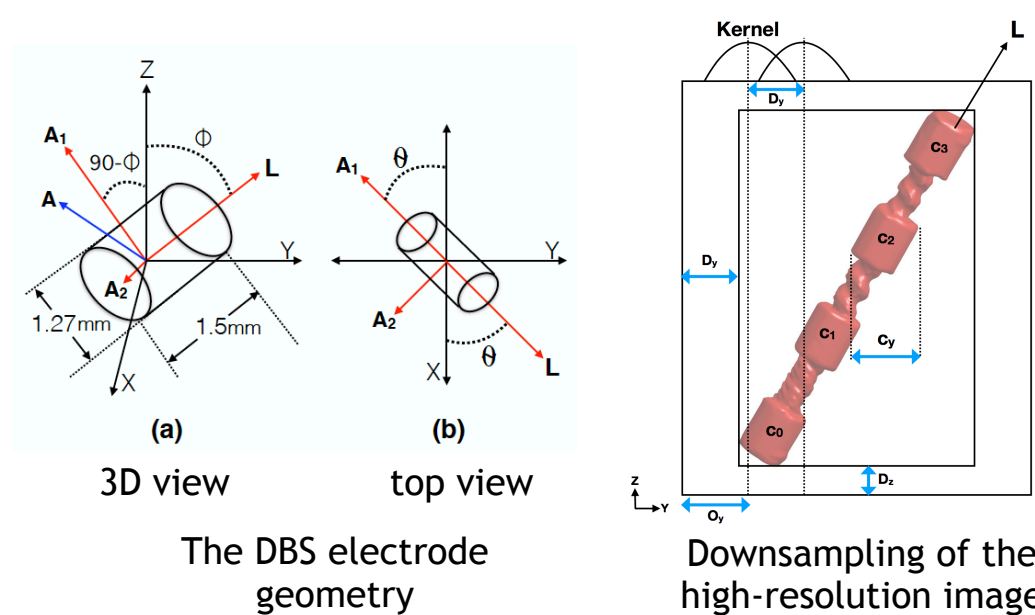
## Problem with Post-Operative DBS imaging

- The finite resolution of post-operative imaging limits our knowledge of exact electrode positions in the patient brain.

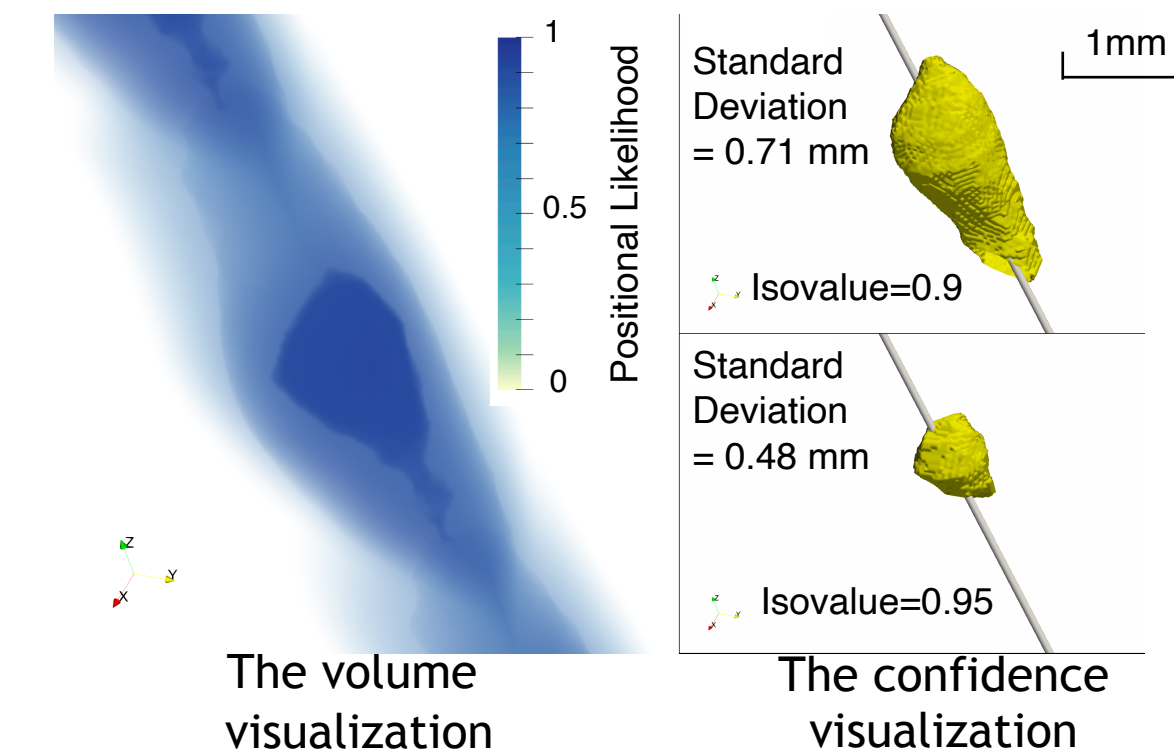
## Post-Operative Imaging Uncertainty



- Given:** A finite-resolution CT scan of implanted DBS electrodes, e.g., the image above captures data on 11 slices.
- Goal:** To quantify the spatial uncertainty in DBS electrodes for their finite-resolution imaging and visualize the quantified spatial uncertainty.
- Approach:** (a) Compute electrode geometry in closed form, (b) Map electrode geometry to a high-resolution electrode image (with electrodes out of patient brain), (c) Draw low-resolution samples from a high-resolution electrode image, (d) Compare low-resolution samples with the patient image [3].



## Electrode-Center Spatial Uncertainty Visualizations



## Conclusion

We show that the uncertainty in DBS electrode positions is significant in post-operative imaging, e.g., 0.49 mm average spatial uncertainty for 0.45x0.45x1 mm<sup>3</sup> resolution. Further, we integrate DBS computational modeling pipeline with our electrode uncertainty visualizations for accurate prediction of patient response to therapy.

## Acknowledgements

This project is supported in part by the National Institute of General Medical Sciences of the National Institutes of Health under grant number P41 GM103545-18.

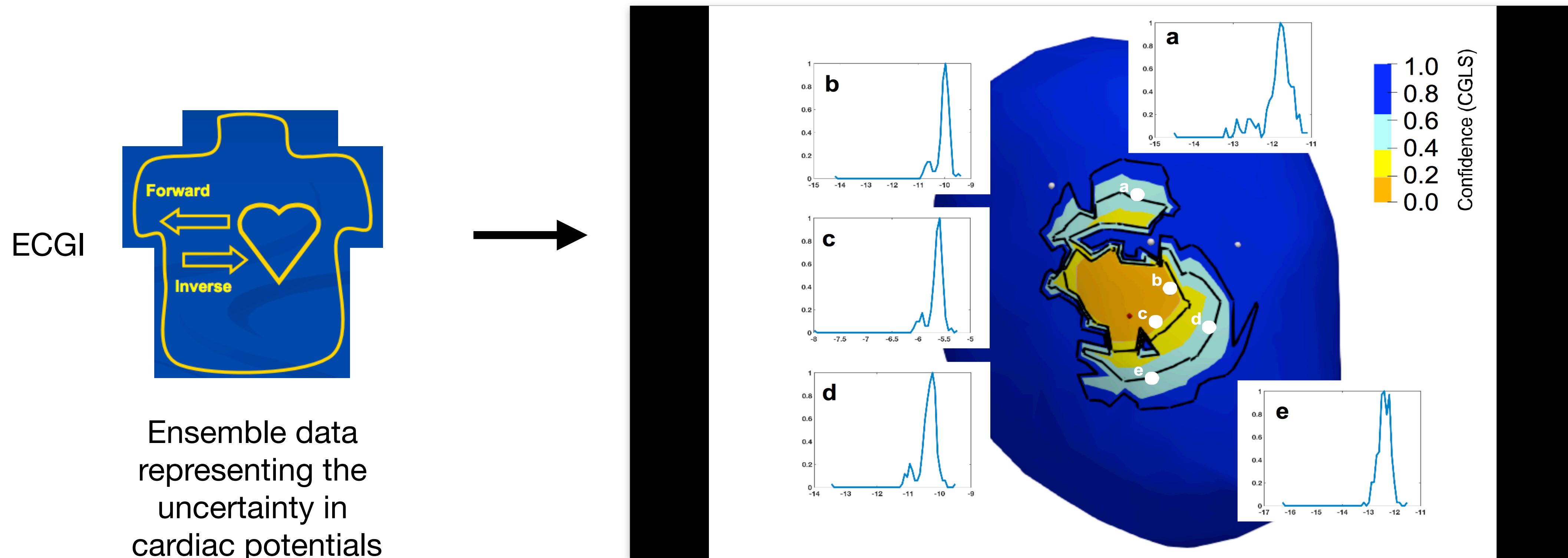
## References

- [1]: Maciunas RJ; Galloway RL, and Latimer JW. The application accuracy of stereotactic frames. *Neurosurgery*, vol. 35, no. 4, pp. 682-694, 1994.
- [2]: Halpern CH., Danish SF, Baltuch GH, and Jaggi JL. Brain shift during deep brain stimulation surgery for Parkinson's disease. *Stereotact Funct Neurosurg*, vol. 86, no. 1, pp. 37-43, 2008.
- [3]: Athawale T, Johnson K, Butson CR, and Johnson CR. A statistical framework for visualization of positional uncertainty in deep brain stimulation electrodes. *Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering: Imaging & Visualization*, vol.7, no. 4, pp. 438-449, 2019.



# Uncertainty Visualization for Domain-Specific Data

Positional uncertainty in sources of arrhythmia for noisy ECG recordings



Positional Likelihood of Sources of Arrhythmia

T. M. Athawale, D. Njeru, J. France, and C. R. Johnson; **Quantifying and Visualizing Uncertainty for Source Localization in Electrocardiographic Imaging** (in progress)

# Conclusions

- Uncertainty visualizations are important for avoiding misleading interpretations regarding the underlying data
  - Level sets
  - Deep brain stimulation imaging
  - Morse complex visualizations
  - Direct volume rendering
  - Electrocardiography imaging
- Statistical methods for uncertainty quantification
  - Monte Carlo vs. Analytical
- Methods for uncertainty visualization
  - Color mapping proportional to the level of confidence/uncertainty
  - Interactive probability distribution queries
  - Derive uncertainty volumes and visualize them using isosurfaces/direct volume rendering

# Future Work

- Visualization algorithms, e.g., topological analysis, for uncertain input data
- Uncertainty visualization for domain-specific data
- Machine learning and uncertain data
- Value of uncertainty visualizations (are they informative or confusing to a user?)

# Publications

- T. M. Athawale and C. R. Johnson; **Probabilistic Asymptotic Decider for Topological Ambiguity Resolution in Level-Set Extraction for Uncertain 2D Data**, *IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics (TVCG), Special Issue on IEEE VIS Conf*, vol.25, no. 1, pp. 1163-1172, Jan. 2019.
- T. M. Athawale, K. A. Johnson, C. R. Butson, and C. R. Johnson; **A Statistical Framework for Visualization of Positional Uncertainty in Deep Brain Stimulation Electrodes.**, *Computer Methods in Biomechanics and Biomedical Engineering: Imaging & Visualization*, pp. 1-12, Oct. 2018.
- T. M. Athawale, E. Sakhaee, and, A. Entezari; **Isosurface Visualization of Data with Nonparametric Models for Uncertainty**, *IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics (TVCG), Special Issue on IEEE VIS Conf*, vol.22, no.1, pp.777-786, Jan. 2016.
- T. M. Athawale and A. Entezari.; **Uncertainty Quantification in Linear Interpolation for Isosurface Extraction**, *IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics (TVCG), Special Issue on IEEE VIS Conf*, vol.19, no.12, pp.2723-2732, Dec. 2013.

# Thanks to SCI Collaborators!



Dr. Chris Johnson  
(advisor)



Dr. Chris Butson  
(DBS project)



Dr. Bei Wang  
(Morse complex project)



Dr. Valerio Pascucci  
(Morse complex project)



Dr. Sarang Joshi  
(Statistical analysis &  
Funding proposals)



Kara Johnson  
(DBS project)



Dr. Dan Maljovec  
(Morse complex project)



Dr. Liang Zhou  
(Direct volume rendering  
project)



Dr. Feng Wang  
(VIS research  
team member)



Mengjiao Han  
(VIS research  
team member)

# Thank you for your attention!

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